STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, BIHAR

Scheme of Teaching and Examinations for

VIth SEMESTER DIPLOMA IN ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING/ ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING.

(Effective from Session 2020-21 Batch)

THEORY

Sr. No.	SUBJECT	SUBJECT CODE	TEACHI NG SCHEME Periods per	Hours of	Teacher's Assessment (TA) Marks	Class Test (CT) Marks B	EXAMINAT SCHEMI End Semester Exam.		Pass Mark	Pass Marks	Credits
			Week	Exam.	A		(ESE) Marks C	(A+B+C)	ESE	in the Subject	
1.	Entrepreneurship and start –ups	2000601	3	3	10	20	70	100 28 40			
2.	Building Electrification	2020602	4	3	10	20	70	100	28	40	4
3.	Utilization of Electrical Energy	2020603	4	3	10	20	70	100	28	40	4
4.	Open Elective -I	2020604	3	3	10	20	70	100	28	3	
	Network Theory(2020604A)					Di	saster Manago	agement(2015604B)			
5.	Open Elective -II / COE		3	3	10	20	70	100 20 20			2
	Indian Constitution (2000605A)			Project N	Managemen	t (2015605B)		Artificial Intelligence (Advance) (2000605B)			
	Internet of Things (Advance) (2000)	0605C)	Drone Tec. (2000605D		Advance)		3D Printing	D Printing & Design (Advance) (2000605E)			E)
	Industrial Automation (Advance)	(2000605F)	Electric Ve	ehicles (A	dvance) (20	000605G)	Robotics (A	Robotics (Advance) (2000605H)			
	Total: -		17				350	500			16

PRACTICAL

			TEACHING SCHEME			EXAMINA SCHEM			
Sr. No.	SUBJECT	SUBJECT CODE	Periods per Week	Hours	Practica	Practical		Pass Marks	Cuadita
				of Exam.	Internal (PA)	External (ESE)	Marks	in the Subject	Credits
6.	Elective Lab / COE Lab		4	3	20	30	50	20	2
	Building Electrification Laborate	ory (2020608	BA)	Artificia (200060	al Intelligence (A 18B)	dvance) Lab	Internet of (20006080	Things (Adv a	ance) Lab
	Drone Technology (Advance) L	ab (2000608	D)	3D Prin (200060	ting & Design (A 08E)	Advance) Lab	Industrial Lab (2000	Automation (608F)	Advance)
	Electric Vehicles (Advance) Lab	(2000608G)	Robotic	s (Advance) Lab	o (2000608H)			
	Total: -		04				50		02

TERM WORK

			1121(1)	IWOKK				
Sr. No.	SUBJECT	SUBJECT CODE	TEACHING SCHEME			NATION- HEME		
			Periods per Week	Marks of Internal (PA)	Marks of External (ESE)	Total Marks	Pass Marks in the Subject	Credits
7.	Seminar	2020609	4	15	35	50	20	2
8.	Major Project	2020610	6	30	70	100	40	3
9.	Term Work		2	20	30	50 20		1
	Course Under Moocs /NPTEL/ Others TW (2020611)	Artificial Intellig TW (200		Internet of Things (20006	,	Drone Te	chnology (Adva (2000611D)	nce) TW
	3D Printing & Design (Advance) TW (2000611E)	Industrial A (Advance) TV		Electric Vehicles (20006	` '	Robotics (A	Advance) TW (2	2000611H)
	Total: -		12			200		06
Total	Periods per week Each of duration	on One Hour 33	·		Total M	arks = 750		24

ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND START - UPS

		Theory		No of Period in on	e session	ı: 42	Credits
Subject Code	No.	of Periods Per W	eek/	Full Marks	:	100	
2000601	L	Т	P/S	ESE	:	70	03
200001	03	_	_	TA	:	10	- 03
				СТ	:	20	

Course Objectives:

The main aims of the course are to familiarize students with various concepts used in understanding processes involved in entrepreneurship and business formation and development.

- To acquire Entrepreneurial spirit and resourcefulness.
- To familiarize with various uses of human resource for earning dignified means of living.
- To understand the concept and process of entrepreneurship its contribution and role in the growth and development of individual and the nation.
- To acquire entrepreneurial quality, competency, and motivation.
- To learn the process and skills of creation and management of entrepreneurial venture.

CONTENTS: THEORY

Unit	Name of Topics	Hrs.
Unit-I	 Introduction to Entrepreneurship and Start – Ups Definitions, Traits of an entrepreneur, Entrepreneurship, Motivation Types of Business Structures, Similarities and differences between entrepreneurs and managers. 	06
Unit-II	Business Ideas and their implementation • Discovering ideas and visualizing the business • Activity map • Business Plan	06
Unit-III	 Idea to Start-up Market Analysis – Identifying the target market, Competition evaluation and Strategy Development, Marketing and accounting, Risk analysis 	10
Unit-IV	Management • Company's Organization Structure, • Recruitment and management of talent. • Financial organization and management	08
Unit-V	Financing and Protection of Ideas • Financing methods available for start-ups in India • Communication of Ideas to potential investors – Investor Pitch • Patenting and Licenses	08
Unit-VI	Exit strategies for entrepreneurs, bankruptcy, and succession and harvesting strategy.	04
	Total	42 hrs.

References:

- 1. The Startup Owner's Manual: The Step-by-Step Guide for Building a Great Company, Steve Blank and Bob Dorf, K & S Ranch ISBN 978- 0984999392
- 2. The Lean Startup: How Today's Entrepreneurs Use Continuous Innovation to Create Radically Successful Businesses, Eric Ries, Penguin UK ISBN 978-0670921607
- 3. Demand: Creating What People Love Before They Know They Want It Adrian J. Slywotsky with Karl Weber, Headline Book Publishing ISBN 978- 0755388974
- 4. The Innovator's Dilemma: The Revolutionary Book That Will Change the Way You Do Business, Clayton M. Christensen, Harvard business ISBN: 978-142219602
- 5. Entrepreneurship and Start-ups, Ekta Sharma, FPH

SUGGESTED SOFTWARE/LEARNING WEBSITES:

- a. https://www.fundable.com/learn/resources/guides/startup
- b. https://corporatefinanceinstitute.com/resources/knowledge/finance/corporatestructure/
- c. https://www.finder.com/small-business-finance-tips
- d. https://www.profitbooks.net/funding-options-to-raise-startup-capital-for-your-business/

Course outcomes:

Upon completion of the course, the student will be able to :

- CO: 1 Understand the dynamic role of entrepreneurship and small businesses
- CO: 2 Organize and Manage a Small Business
- CO: 3 Plan the Financial strategy and Control
- CO: 4 Operate forms of Ownership for Small Business
- CO: 5 Make Strategic Marketing Planning
- CO: 6 Launch new Product or Service Development
- CO: 7 Conceive business Plan

BUILDING ELECTRIFICATION

(ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING GROUP)

Subject Code	Theory			No of Period in one sess	ion : 5	6	Credits
2000602	No. o	f Periods Per W	eek	Full Marks	:	100	04
200002	L	T	P/S	ESE	:	70	
	04	_		TA	:	10	
	_	_	_	CT	:	20	

Course Objectives:

The aim of this course is to help the student to attain the following industry identified competency through various teaching learning experiences:

- Recognize the different conductor systems used in residential and light commercial wiring in accordance with the codes and authorities for installation.
- Design electrical installation systems in building complexes.

CONTENTS: THEORY

Unit	Name of Topics	Hrs.
Unit-II	Wiring Tools and Accessories Various tools required for wiring- screwdrivers, pliers, Try square, saws, hacksaw, chisel, hammers, mallet, punch, hand drill machine, portable drilling machine, files, plumb bob, line thread, electricians' knife, test lamp, tester and their BIS specifications, application, care & maintenance of tools. Classification of electrical accessories- controlling, holding, safety, outlet BIS symbols of following electrical accessories. Switch – Their types according to construction such as surface switch, flush switch, and pull switch, rotary switch, knife switch, pendent switch, Main-switch (ICDP, ICTP). Their types according to working such as single pole, double pole, two-way, two-way center off, intermediate, series parallel switch Holders- Their types such as bayonet cap lamp holder, pendent holder, batten lamp holder, angle holder, bracket holder, tube light holder, screw type Edison and goliath Edison lamp holder, swivel lamp holder. Socket outlets and plugs- two pin, three-pin, multi pin sockets, two-pin and three- pin plug. Others- Iron connector, adaptor, and ceiling rose, distribution box, neutral link, bus-bar chamber. Wooden/ mica boards, Moulded / MS Concealed boxes of different sizes. Modular accessories. Electrical Wires and Underground Cables Conductors: - wire, cable, bus bar, stranded conductor, cable, armoured cable, flexible cable, solid conductor, PVC wires, CTS wire, LC wire, FR (Fire retardant) wire, Size of wire according to BIS. Tools used for measurement of wire size, Wire jointing methods. Classification of cables, low tension, high tension, and extra high-tension cables, solid, oil filled	Hrs. 12
	Classification of cables, low tension, high tension, and extra high-tension cables, solid, oil filled and gas filled type Cable insulation materials –vulcanized rubber (VIR), polyvinyl chloride (PVC), cross linked polythene (XLPE), impregnated paper, Selection of suitable cable size and type from standard data Cable jointing methods Cable laying methods. Factors determining selection of electric cables	14
Unit-III	Wiring Methods and wiring layout Factors determining the selection of wiring methods. Classification of wiring methods. PVC casing-capping wiring- wiring rules according to IS: 732-1983 Conduit wiring- Types of conduits, comparison between Metal and PVC conduit, types of conduit wiring (Surface/Concealed). Conduit wiring accessories, BIS rules for Metal and PVC conduit wiring.	06

Unit-IV Residential Building Electrification Domestic Dwellings/Residential Buildings: reading of Civil Engineering building drawing, Interpretation of electrical installation plan and electrical diagrams, electrical symbols as per 1S: 732. Electrical installation for residential building as per part I section 9 of NEC-2011 Difference between residential and industrial load, rules/requirements related to lighting load followed in electrical installations, Positioning of equipment. Lighting and power circuitis: Light and fan circuit, Power circuit Wiring and circuit Schematic diagram according to IS: 2042(Part-I)-1962: multiline and single line representation Load assessment: Selection of size of conductor, Selection of rating of main switch and protective switch gear. Design and drawing, estimation and costing of a residential installation having maximum 5 KW load; Sequence to be followed for preparing estimate; Calculation of length of wire and other materials, labour cost Testing of wiring installation as per IS: 732-1982: Insulation resistance - between earth and conductors, between conductors, polarity test of single pole switches. Testing of earth continuity path. Residential building Service Connection- types Underground and overhead. Calculation of Material required for service connection Unit-V Protection of Electrical Installation Fuse in electric circuit: fuse element, fuse current rating, minimum fusing current, cut-off current, fusing factor, Fuse material Types of fuses – Re-wirable, cartridge fuses (HRC and LRC), Fuse material Selection of fuse. Miniature circuit Breaker (MCB)-Construction, Principle rating and uses, Earth Leakage cer (ELCB)-Construction, Principle rating and uses. System and equipment earthing and its requirements, Earth, earth electrode, earth current, earth terminal, earthing wire, earthing lead, fault current, leakage current, Measurement of earth resistance using earth tester, Methods of reducing earth resistance, Methods of earthing, modern methods of earthing, modern m		Comparison of various wiring systems. General BIS rules for domestic installations. Design, working and drawing of following electrical circuits: Simple light and fan circuits, Stair case wiring, Go-down wiring circuit, Bedroom lighting circuit, Corridor lighting circuit, Series parallel circuit, Master switch control circuit, Different lighting circuit using - Intermediate switch, Call bell circuit using bell
Unit-V Protection of Electrical Installation Fuse in electric circuit: fuse element, fuse current rating, minimum fusing current, cut-off current, fusing factor, Fuse material Types of fuses —Re-wirable, cartridge fuses (HRC and LRC), Fuse material Selection of fuse. Miniature circuit Breaker (MCB)-Construction, Principle rating and uses, Earth Leakage ker (ELCB)-Construction, Principle rating and uses. System and equipment earthing and its requirements, Earth, earth electrode, earth current, earth terminal, earthing wire, earthing lead, fault current, leakage current, Measurement of earth resistance using earth tester, Methods of reducing earth resistance, Methods of earthing as per IS 3043: 1987 and their procedure- Driven pipe, pipe and plate earthing, modern methods of earthing, Unit-VI Illumination in Residential Installation Concept of Luminous flux, Luminous intensity, Lumen, Illumination or illuminance, Lux, Space-height ratio, utilization factor, depreciation factor, luminous efficiency- values for different luminaries. Laws of Illumination-Inverse Square Law, Cosine Law, illumination received directly underneath, horizontal screen and screen moved horizontally at certain distance	10	Domestic Dwellings/Residential Buildings: reading of Civil Engineering building drawing, Interpretation of electrical installation plan and electrical diagrams, electrical symbols as per IS: 732. Electrical installation for residential building as per part I section 9 of NEC-2011 Difference between residential and industrial load, rules/requirements related to lighting load followed in electrical installations, Positioning of equipment. Lighting and power circuits: Light and fan circuit, Power circuit Wiring and circuit Schematic diagram according to IS: 2042(Part-I)-1962: multiline and single line representation Load assessment: Selection of size of conductor, Selection of rating of main switch and protective switch gear. Design and drawing, estimation and costing of a residential installation having maximum 5 KW load; Sequence to be followed for preparing estimate; Calculation of length of wire and other materials, labour cost Testing of wiring installation as per IS: 732-1982: Insulation resistance - between earth and conductors, between conductors, polarity test of single pole switches. Testing of earth continuity path. Residential building Service Connection- types Underground and overhead.
Unit-VI Illumination in Residential Installation Concept of Luminous flux, Luminous intensity, Lumen, Illumination or illuminance, Lux, Space-height ratio, utilization factor, depreciation factor, luminous efficiency- values for different luminaries. Laws of Illumination-Inverse Square Law, Cosine Law, illumination received directly underneath, horizontal screen and screen moved horizontally at certain distance	08	Vnit-V Protection of Electrical Installation Fuse in electric circuit: fuse element, fuse current rating, minimum fusing current, cut-off current, fusing factor, Fuse material Types of fuses –Re-wirable, cartridge fuses (HRC and LRC), Fuse material Selection of fuse. Miniature circuit Breaker (MCB)-Construction, Principle rating and uses, Earth Leakage ker (ELCB)-Construction, Principle rating and uses. System and equipment earthing and its requirements, Earth, earth electrode, earth current, earth terminal, earthing wire, earthing lead, fault current, leakage current, Measurement of earth resistance using earth tester, Methods of reducing earth resistance, Methods of earthing as per IS 3043: 1987 and their procedure- Driven pipe, pipe and plate earthing,
of different types of light sources, Lux level required for different places asper SP 72:2010.	06	Unit-VI Illumination in Residential Installation Concept of Luminous flux, Luminous intensity, Lumen, Illumination or illuminance, Lux, Space-height ratio, utilization factor, depreciation factor, luminous efficiency- values for different luminaries. Laws of Illumination-Inverse Square Law, Cosine Law, illumination received directly underneath, horizontal screen and screen moved horizontally at certain distance Factors affecting the illumination. Different types of lighting arrangements, Luminous flux of different types of light sources, Lux level required for different places asper

References:

- 1. Raina, K.B. and S.K.Bhattacharya, Electrical Design Estimating and Costing, New Age International Ltd., New Delhi, ISBN 978-81-224-0363-3
- Allagappan, N. S. Ekambarram, Electrical Estimating and Costing, New Delhi, ISBN-13: 9780074624784
- 3. Singh, Surjit, Electrical Estimating and Costing, Dhanpat Rai and Co. New Delhi, ISBN: 1234567150995
- 4. Gupta, J B: A Course in Electrical Installation Estimating and Costing, S K Kataria and Sons, New Delhi, ISBN:978-93-5014-279-0
- 5. Bureau of Indian Standard, IS: 732-1989, Code of practice for electrical wiringinstallation
- 6. Bureau of Indian Standard, SP 30 National Electrical Code 2010
- 7. Bureau of Indian Standard, SP 72 National Lighting Codes 2010

E-REFERENCES: -

- http://nptel.ac.in/courses/108108076/1, assessed on 18th January2016
- http://www.electrical4u.com, assessed on 18th January2016
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=A9KSGAnjo2U, assessed on 18th January2016
- http://www.electricaltechnology.org/2015/09, assessed on 30 Jan2016
- www.slideshare.net/bawaparam/made-by-paramassesed on 30Jan2016
- www.electricaltechnology.org/2013/09/electrical-wiring.html assessed on 16 March2016.

Course outcomes:

The theory, practical experiences and relevant soft skills associated with this course are to be taught and implemented, so that the student demonstrates the following industry oriented COs associated with the above mentioned competency:

- CO 1 : Select accessories, wires, cables and wiring systems for electrification.
- CO 2 : Design electrical wiring installation system for residential unit.
- CO 3 : Design proper illumination scheme for residential unit.
- CO 4: Prepare wiring layouts on wiring board.
- CO 5: Locate and diagnose faults in electrical wiring installation.
- CO 6: Do proper earthing for building electrification.

UTILIZATION OF ELECTRICAL ENERGY

(ELECTRICALENGINEERINGGROUP)

Subject Code		Theory					Credits
2020603	No.	of Periods Per W	eek	Full Marks	:	100	04
2020003	L	Т	P/S	ESE	:	70	
	04	_	_	TA	:	10	
	_	_	_	СТ	:	20	

CONTENTS: THEORY

	Name of the Topic	Hours	Mark
Unit-01	Illumination: 1.1 Definitions of Terms Used in Illumination: Light, Luminous Flux, Luminous Intensity, Lumen, Candle Power, Illumination, Lux or Meter Candle, Mean Horizontal Candle Power (MHCP), Mean Spherical Candle Power (MSCP), Mean Hemi-spherical Candle Power (MHSCP), Reduction Factor, Lamp Efficiency, Specific Consumption, Glare, Space-Height Ratio, Utilization Factor, Maintenance Factor, Depreciation Factor, Waste Light Factor, Absorption Factor, Reflection Factor, Solid Angle. 1.2 Laws of Illumination:Law of Inverse SquaresLambert's Cosine Law. (No Numerical) 1.3 Sources of Light: Construction, Working and Applications of Following LamIncandescent Lamps. Halogen Lamps. Low Pressure Mercury Vapour Lamps (Fluorescent Tube).High Pressure Mercury Vapour Lamps.\Sodium Vapour Lamps. Compact Fluorescent Lamps (C.F.L.)MetalHalide Lamps LED LampsNeon Signs. 1.4 — Basic Principles of Light Control. 1.5 — Types of Lighting Schemes. Direct, Semi-direct, Semi-indirect, Indirect, General Lighting. 1.6 — Design of Lighting Scheme: Objectives of Lighting Scheme. Factors to be considered While Designing the LightingScheme. (SimpleNumericals) 1.7 - Factory Lighting: - General Requirements - Types of Installations: General Lighting, Local	Hours 14	Mark
	1.7 - Factory Lighting: - General Requirements		

11min 02			4.0
Unit-02	Electric Heating and Welding: Electric Heating:	16	10
	2.1.1 – Advantages of Electric Heating.		
	2.1.2 – Modes of Transfer of Heat:		
	- Conduction, Convection and Radiation.		
	2.1.3 – Classification of Electric Heating Methods:		
	2.1.4 – Resistance Heating:(Construction & Operation)		
	- Direct Resistance Heating: Salt Bath Furnace.		
	- Indirect Resistance Heating: Resistance		
	Ovens, Requirements		
	of Heating Element Material, Causes of Failure of Heating Elements, Methods of		
	Temperature Control.		
	- Applications of Resistance Heating.		
	2.1.5 – Arc Heating: (Construction & Operation)		
	- Direct Arc Furnace:		
	- Indirect Arc Furnace.		
	- Applications of Arc Heating.		
	2.1.6 – Induction Heating: (Construction & Operation)		
	- Core Type Induction		
	Furnaces: Ajax Wyatt		
	Furnace.		
	- Coreless Induction Furnace.		
	 Applications of Induction Heating. (Simple 		
	Numericals on Melting Furnaces)		
	2.1.7 – Dielectric Heating:		10
	 Principle of Dielectric Heating. 		10
	 Advantages of Dielectric Heating 		
	 Limitations of Dielectric Heating. 		
	 Applications of Dielectric Heating. 		
	(Simple Numericals on Dielectric Heating)		
	Electric Welding:		
	2.1 – Methods of Electric Welding: Electric Arc Welding, Resistance		
	Welding.		
	2.2.2 – Resistance Welding:		
	- Principle of Resistance Welding.		
	- Advantages of Resistance Welding.		
	-Types of Resistance Welding-(Only List)		
	2.2.3 – Spot Welding Machine.		
	2.2.4 – Electric Arc Welding:		
	- Formation and Characteristics of Electric Arc.		
	- Effect of Arc Length.		
	- Arc Blow.		
	2.2.5 – Polarity in DC Welding:		
	2.2.6 – Electrodes for Metal Arc Welding:		
	2.2.7 – V-I Characteristics of Arc Welding DC Machines.		
Unit-03	Elevators:		
	3.1 Types of electric elevators		
	3.2 Size and shape of elevator car		
	3.3 Speed of elevators		
	3.4 Location of elevator machine	08	08
	3.5 Types of elevator machines, elevator motors		
	3.6 Power transmission gears braking		
	3.7 Safety in elevators		
	3.8 Bombay lift act.		
	5.0 Bollipay littact.		

Unit-04	Electric Drives:		
	4.1 – Introduction:	16	18
	- What is drive?	10	10
	- Drives – Mechanical Drive and Electric Drive.		
	4.2 – Advantages and Disadvantages of Electric Drive.		
	4.3 – Factors Governing Selection of Electric Motors.		
	4.4 - Nature of Electric Supply: 3 φ & 1φ AC and DC.		
	4.5 - Type of Drive: Group Drive & Individual Drive.		
	4.6 - Nature of Load: Nature of the Mechanical Load, Matching of the Speed		
	Torque Characteristics of the Motor with that of the Load, and Starting		
	Conditions of the Load.		
	4.7 - Electrical Characteristics:		
	(Only DC Series, Three Phase and Single Phase Induction Motors are to be dealt)		
	- Running Characteristics: Three Typical Speed Torque Characteristics –		
	Inverse,		
	Constant Speed and Drooping.		
	- Starting Characteristics: Starting Torque only. (No Starters).		
	- Speed Control: Suitability to Economic and Efficient Speed		
	Control Methods (Above and Below Normal Speed).		
	- Braking Characteristics: Plugging, Rheostatic Braking and		
	Regenerative		
	Braking, as Applied to DC Series and Three Phase Induction Motor.		
	4.8 - Mechanical Features:		
	- Type of Enclosure as per IS		
	- Type of Bearings		
	- Type of Transmission for Drive		
	- NoiseLevel.		
	4.9 -Size of Motor:		
	- Load Conditions – Continuous Loads, Short Time Loads, Intermittent		
	Loads, Continuous Operation with Short Time Loads and Continuous		
	Operation with Intermittent Loads.		
	DutyCycles.Standard Ratings for Motors as per ISS.		
	- Estimation of Rating of a Motor. (Simple Numericals on Estimating		
	Size of Continuously Rated Motor)		
	- Load Equalisation. (No Calculations)		
	4.10-Cost:		
Unit-05			
Offic-05	Economic Aspects of Utilising Electrical Energy: 6.1 — Economic Aspects of Utilising Electrical Energy.		
	1 0		
	and Running Charges. 6.3 — Formulation of Electrical Tariffs.		
		10	10
	Commercial and Industrial Consumers.		
	6.5 – Power Factor Improvement: Causes of Low Power Factor,		
	Disadvantages of Low Power		
	Factor, Power Factor Improvement by using Static Capacitors, Location of Capacitors for		
	Power Factor Improvement, Most Economical Power Factor. Automatic Power Factor		
	Controller (Derivation and Simple Numerical)		
	6.6 – Energy Conservation: Importance and need of		
	Energy Conservation, Measures for Energy Conservation in (i) Electric Drives (ii) Electric		
	Traction (iii) Flectric Heating (iv) Refrigeration and Air Conditioning (v) Illumination.		70
	Total	64	70

Text / Reference Books:		
Titles of the Book	Name of Authors	Name of the Publisher
Art & Science of Utilisation of Electrical Energy	H. Partab	Dhanpat Rai & Sons
Utilisation of Electric Power & Electric Traction.	J. B. Gupta	S. K. Kataria & Sons
Utilisation of Electric Power & Electric Traction.	G. C. Garg	Khanna Publishers
Electric Traction	J. Upadhyay S. N. Mahendra	Allied Publisher Ltd.
Fundamentals of Electrical Drives	G. K. Dubey	Narosa Publishing House.
Generation & utilization of Electrical Energy	S. Shivnagaraju, M. Balasubba Reddy, D. Srilatha	Pearson Publications
Utilization of Electrical Energy	E. Openshaw Taylor	Orient Longman Pvt. Ltd.
Utilization of Electrical Energy	Rajiv Ranjan	FoundationPublishing

NETWORK THEORY (ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING GROUP)

Subject Code		Theory			Credits		
2020604A	No.	No. of Periods Per Week			:	100	03
202000474	L	Т	P/S	ESE	:	70	
	03	_	_	TA	:	10	
	_	_	_	СТ	:	20	

	CONTENTS: THEORY	
	Name of the Topic	Hours
	BASIC CIRCUIT ELEMENTS & WAVEFORMS:	[07]
Unit-01	01.01 Circuit Components	
	01.02 Standard Input Signals	
	01.03 Sinusoidal Signals	
Unit-02	MESH AND NODE ANALYSIS:	[09]
	02.01 Kirchoff's Laws.	
	02.02 Source Transformation.	
	02.03 Mesh & Node analysis.	
	02.04 Magnetic coupling.	
Unit-03	FOURIER SIERIES:	[06]
	03.01 All forms of Fourier Series including trigonometry, Exponential etc.	
	03.02 Fourier Transform.	
Unit-04	LAPLACE TRANSFORM & THEIR APPLICATION:	[07]
	04.01 Introduction.	
	04.02 Laplace Transformation.	
	04.03 Application of Laplace Transform in the solution of Linear Differential Equation.	
	04.04 Inverse Laplace Transform.	
Unit-05	RESONANCE:	[03]
	05.01 Series Resonance.	
	05.02 Parallel Resonance	
Unit-06	TWO-PORT NETWORK:	[12]
	06.01 Introduction.	
	06.02 Open Circuit Impedance Parameters.	
	06.03 Short Circuit Admittance.	
	06.04 Two Port Symmetry.	
Jnit-07	PASSIVE NETWORK SYNTHESIS:	[10]
	07.01 Introduction.	
	07.02 Positive real function.	
	07.03 Two Terminal R-L Network.	
	07.04 Two Terminal R-C Network.	
Jnit-08	INTRODUCTION OF FIRST ORDER & SECOND ORDER SYSTEMS WITH EXAMPLES:	[06]

Books Recommended: -

1.	Network & system	-	D. Roy Choudhury
2.	Network & system	-	G.K. Mittal
3.	Network & system	-	Vulkenberg
4.	Network & system	-	Dacsur & Kuo
5.	Network Theory	-	R.N. Pathak

Disaster Management

		Theory		No of Period in one	Credits		
Subject Code	No.	of Periods Per V	Veek	Full Marks	:	100	
2015604B	L	T	P/S	ESE	:	70	03
20130041	03	_	_	TA	:	10	0.5
				CT	:	20	

Course Objectives:

Following are the objectives of this course:

- To learn about various types of natural and man-made disasters.
- To know pre and post disaster management for some of the disasters.
- To know about various information and organizations in disaster management in India.
- To get exposed to technological tools and their role in disaster management.

CONTENTS: THEORY

Unit	Name of Topics	Hrs
Unit-I	 Understanding Disaster: Understanding the Concepts and definitions of Disaster, Hazard, Vulnerability, Risk, Capacity — Disaster and Development, and disaster management. 	06
Unit-II	 Types, Trends, Causes, Consequences and Control of Disasters: Geological Disasters (earthquakes, landslides, tsunami); Hydro- Meteorological Disasters (floods, cyclones, lightning, thunder-storms, hail storms, avalanches, droughts, cold and heat waves) Biological Disasters (epidemics, pest attacks, forest fire); 	10
	Technological Disasters (chemical, industrial, radiological, nuclear) and Manmade Disasters (building collapse, rural and urban fire, road and rail accidents, nuclear, radiological, chemicals and biological disasters) Global Disaster Trends – Emerging Risks of Disasters– Climate Change and Urban Disasters.	
Unit-III	 Disaster Management Cycle and Framework: Disaster Management Cycle – Paradigm Shift in Disaster Management. Pre-Disaster – Risk Assessment and Analysis, Risk Mapping, zonation and awareness. During Disaster – Evacuation – Disaster Communication – Search and Rescue – Emergency Operation Centre – Incident Command System – Relief and Rehabilitation Post-disaster – Damage and Needs Assessment, Restoration of Critical Infrastructure– Early Recovery – Reconstruction and Redevelopment. 	10
Unit-IV	 Disaster Management in India: Disaster Profile of India – Mega Disasters of India and Lessons Learnt. Disaster Management Act 2005. National Policy on Disaster Management, National Guidelines and Plans on Disaster Management. Role of Government (local, state and national), Non-Government and Inter Governmental Agencies 	10
Unit-V	 Applications of Science and Technology for Disaster Management: Geo-informatics in Disaster Management (GIS, GPS and RS). Disaster Communication System (Early Warning and Its Dissemination). S&T Institutions for Disaster Management in India. 	06
	Total	42 hrs.

References:

- 1. Publications of National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA) on Various Templates and Guidelines for Disaster Management
- 2. Bhandani, R.K., An overview on natural & manmade disasters and their reduction, CSIR, NewDelhi
- 3. Srivastava, H.N.,and Gupta G.D., Management of Natural Disasters in developing countries, Daya Publishers, Delhi
- 4. Alexander ,David ,Natural Disasters ,Kluwer Academic London
- 5. Ghosh ,G.K., Disaster Management ,APH Publishing Corporation
- Murthy, D.B.N., Disaster Management: Text & Case Studies, Deep & Deep Pvt. Ltd.

Course outcomes:

After completing this course, student will be able to:

- CO: 1 Acquaint with basic information on various types of disasters
- CO: 2 Know the precautions and awareness regarding various disasters
- CO: 3 Decide first action to be taken under various disasters
- CO: 4 Familiarize with organization in India which are dealing with disasters
- CO: 5 Select IT tools to help in disaster management

INDIAN CONSTITUTION

Subject Code	Theory					Credits	
2000605A	No. of Periods Per Week			Full Marks	:	100	02
2000003A	L	Т	P/S	ESE	:	70	
	03	_	_	TA	:	10	
	_	_	_	CT	:	20	

Course Learning Objectives: At the end of each unit of learning students will be able to...

- To Enable the student to understand the importance of constitution
- To understand the structure of executive, legislature and judiciary

•

- To understand philosophy of fundamental rights and duties
- To understand the autonomous nature of constitutional bodies like Supreme Court and high court, controller and auditor general of India and election commission of India.
- To understand the central and state relation, financial and administrative

CONTENTS: THEORY

Unit	Name of Topics	Hrs.
Unit-I	The Constitution - Introduction	
	 The History of the Making of the Indian Constitution 	
	 Preamble and the Basic Structure, and its interpretation 	08
	 Fundamental Rights and Duties and their interpretation 	
	State Policy Principles	
Unit-II	Union Government	
	• Structure of the Indian Union	
	 President – Role and Power 	10
	 Prime Minister and Council of Ministers 	
	• Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha	
Unit-III	State Government	
	• Governor – Role and Power	
	 Chief Minister and Council of Ministers 	08
	State Secretariat	
Unit-IV	Local Administration	
	District Administration	
	Municipal Corporation	08
	• Zila Panchayat	
Unit-V	Election Commission	
	Role and Functioning	00
	Chief Election Commissioner	08
	State Election Commission	
	Total	42 hrs

References:

- 1. Ethics and Politics of the Indian Constitution Rajeev Bhargava Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2008
- 2. The Constitution of India B.L. Fadia Sahitya Bhawan; New edition(2017)
- 3. Introduction to the Constitution of India DD Basu Lexis Nexis; Twenty-Third 2018edition

Suggested Software/Learning Websites:

- a. https://www.constitution.org/cons/india/const.html
- b. http://www.legislative.gov.in/constitution-of-india
- c. https://www.sci.gov.in/constitution
- d. https://www.toppr.com/guides/civics/the-indian-constitution/the-constitution-of-india/

PROJECT MANAGEMENT

		Theory		No of Period in one	Credits		
Subject Code	No.	of Periods Per V	Veek	Full Marks	:	100	
2015605B	L	T	P/S	ESE	:	70	02
20130031	03	_	_	TA	:	10	02
				CT	:	20	

Course Objectives:

Following are the objectives of this course:

- To develop an understanding of key project management skills and strategies.
- To make them understand the concepts of Project Management for planning and execution of projects.
- To make them understand the feasibility analysis in Project Management and network analysis tools for cost and time estimation.
- To enable them to comprehend the fundamentals of Contract Administration, Costing and Budgeting.
- To make them capable to analyze, apply and appreciate contemporary project management tools and methodologies in Indian context.

CONTENTS: THEORY

Unit	Name of Topics	Hrs.				
Unit-I	Concept of a project:					
	Classification of projects- importance of project management-	05				
	The project life cycle, establishing project priorities (scope- cost-					
	time) project priority matrix- work break down structure.					
Unit-II	Capital budgeting process:	10				
	 Planning, Analysis, Selection, Financing Implementation- Review. Generation and screening of project ideas-market and demand analysis, Demand forecasting techniques. Market planning and marketing research process- Technical analysis 					
Unit-III	Financial estimates and projections:	07				
	 Cost of projects-means of financing- estimates of sales and production, cost of production-working capital requirement and its financing- profitability projected cash flow statement and balance sheet. Break even analysis. 	07				
Unit-IV	Basic techniques in capital budgeting:					
	Non discounting and discounting methods- pay- back period- Accounting					
	rate of return-net present value- Benefit cost ratio- internal rate of return.					
	Project risk. Social cost-benefit analysis and economic rate of return. Non-					
	financial justification of projects.					
Unit-V	Project administration:					
	 Progress payments, expenditure planning, project scheduling and network planning, use of Critical Path Method (CPM), schedule of payments and physical progress, time-cost trade off. 	12				
	Concepts and uses of PERT cost as a function of time, Project Evaluation					
	and Review Techniques, cost mechanisms. Determination of least cost					
	duration. Post project evaluation.					
	Total	42 hrs.				

References:

- 1. Project planning, analysis, selection, implementation and review Prasanna Chandra Tata McGraw Hill
- 2. Project Management the Managerial Process Clifford F. Gray & Erik W. Larson McGraw Hill
- 3. Project management David I Cleland McGraw Hill International Edition, 1999
- 4. Project Management Gopala Krishnan McMillan India Ltd.
- 5. Project Management-Harry-Maylor-Pearson Publication

Course outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- CO 1: Understand the importance of projects and its phases.
- CO 2: Analyze projects from marketing, operational and financial perspectives.
- CO 3: Evaluate projects based on discount and non-discount methods.
- CO 4: Develop network diagrams for planning and execution of a given project.

A) Course Code : 2000605B/2000608B/2000611B

B) Course Title : Artificial Intelligence (Advance)

C) Pre- requisite Course(s) : Artificial Intelligence (Basic)

D) Rationale :

In Artificial Intelligence (Basic) course, students have learned the basics for Artificial Intelligence problem solving techniques, data analytics and articulates the different dimensions of these areas. This Artificial Intelligence (Advance) course offers the students the comprehension of Machine learning which is a subset of artificial intelligence in the field of computer. The course also exposes students to Tens or flow a Python-based open source library for numerical computation used in machine learning and developing neural networks. After completing the course students will be able to implement various techniques used in machine learning and neural networks using open source tools.

E) Course Outcomes (COs): After the completion of the course, teachers are expected to ensurethe accomplishment of following course outcomes by the learners. For this, the learners are expected to perform various activities related to three learning domains (Cognitive, Psychomotor and Affective) in classroom/laboratory/workshop/field/ industry.

After completion of the course, the students will be able to-

- **CO-1** Elaborate the use of Machine learning in Artificial Intelligence.
- **CO-2** Implement various supervised and unsupervised learning models and methods.
- **CO-3** Illustrate Artificial neural networks and its applications.
- **CO-4** Implement various Neural network models and Learning Methods.
- **CO-5** Solve machine learning and artificial neural network problems using Tens or flow.

F) Suggested Course Articulation Matrix (CAM):

Course Outcomes (COs)		Programme Specific Outcomes* (PSOs)							
	PO-1 Basic and Discipline Specific Knowledge	PO-2 Problem Analysis	PO-3 Design/De velopment of Solutions	PO-4 Engineering Tools	PO-5 Engineering Practices for Society, Sustainability and Environment	PO-6 Project Managemen t	PO-7 Life Long Learning	PSO-1	PSO-2
CO-1	•	2	2	-	-	-	1		
CO-2	3	3	3	3	-	-	2		
CO-3	•	3	3	3	-	-	2		
CO-4	3	1	3	3	-	-	2		
CO-5	3	3	3	3	-	-	2		

Legend: High (3), Medium (2), Low (1) and No mapping (-)

^{*:} PSOs will be developed by respective programme coordinator at institute level. As per latest NBA guidelines, formulating PSOs is optional

G) Teaching & Learning Scheme:

В	oard	Course	Course	Course	Course	Course	Course	Course	Course	Course	Course		Course	Course	Course		Course	Course				heme of Stud Hours/Week)	/	
	of tudy	Code	Title	Instru	room action CI)	Lab Instruction (LI)	Notional Hours (TW+ SL)	Total Hours (CI+LI+TW+SL)	Total Credit (C)															
				L	Т	` ,	,	,	(-)															
		2000605 B/20006 08B/200 0611B	Artificial intelligence (Advance)	03	-	04	02	09	05															

Legend:

CI: Classroom Instruction (Includes different instructional/implementation strategies i.e. Lecture (L), Tutorial (T), Case method, Demonstrations, Video demonstration, Problem based learning etc. to deliver theoretical concepts)

LI: Laboratory Instruction (Includes experiments/practical performances/ problem-based experiences in laboratory, workshop, field or other locations using different instructional/Implementation strategies)

Notional Hours: Hours of engagement by learners, other than the contact hours for ensuring learning.

TW: Term Work (includes assignments, seminars, micro projects, industrial visits, any other student activities etc.)

SL: Self Learning, MOOCS, spoken tutorials, online educational resources etc.

C: Credits = (1 x Cl hours) + (0.5 x Ll hours) + (0.5 x Notional hours)

Note: TW and SL have to be planned by the teacher and performed by the learner under the continuous guidance and feedback of teacher to ensure outcome of learning.

H) Assessment Scheme:

			Assessment Scheme (Marks)						
			Theory Assessment (TA)		Term Work & Self-Learning Assessment (TWA)		Lab Assessment (LA)		VA+LA)
Board of Stud y	of Stud	Cours e Title	Progressive Theory Assessment (PTA)	End Theory Assessment (ETA)	Internal	External	Progressive Lab Assessment (PLA)	End Laboratory Assessment (ELA)	Total Marks (TA+TWA+LA)
	2000605 B/20006		30	70	20	30	20	30	200
	08B/200 0611B	e (Advance)							

Legend:

PTA: Progressive Theory Assessment in class room (includes class test, mid-term test and quiz using online/offline modes)

PLA: Progressive Laboratory Assessment (includes process and product assessment using rating Scales and rubrics)

TWA: Term work & Self Learning Assessment (Includes assessment related to student performance in assignments, seminars, micro projects, industrial visits, self-learning, any other student activities etc.

Note:

- Separate passing is must for progressive and end semester assessment for both theory and practical.
- ETA & ELA are to be carried out at the end of the term/ semester.
- Term Work is to be done by the students under the guidance of internal faculty but its assessment will be done **internally (40%)** as well as **externally (60%)**. Assessment related to planning and execution of Term Work activities like assignment, micro project, seminar and self-learning is to be done by internal faculty (Internal Assessment) whereas assessment of output/product/ presentation related to these activities will be carried out by external faculty/expert (External Assessment). However, criteria of internal as well as external assessment may vary as per the requirement of respective course. For valid and reliable assessment, the internal faculty should prepare checklist & rubrics for these activities.
- (Course Curriculum Detailing: This course curriculum detailing depicts learning outcomes at course level and session level and their attainment by the students through Classroom Instruction (CI), Laboratory Instruction (LI), Term Work (TW) and Self Learning (SL). Students are expected to demonstrate the

attainment of Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs) leading to attainment of Course Outcomes (COs) upon the completion of the course. While curriculum detailing, NEP 2020 related reforms like Green skills, Sustainability, Multidisciplinary aspects, Society connect, Indian Knowledge System (IKS) and others must be integrated appropriately.

J) Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Units:

Major Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevant	
		Cos Number (s)	
TSO 1a. Describe the basic terminology of Machine learning	Unit – 1: Introduction to machine learning	CO-1	
TSO 1b. Explain the concept of dataset and ways	Concept of Machine Learning, Define		
to handle them	Learning, Learn the Network, Evaluate the		
TSO 1c. illustrate the process of dataset division TSO 1d. Explain process involved in machine	Network, datasets and ways to handle them, Feature sets, Dataset division: test, train and		
learning	validation sets, cross validation. Applications		
learning	of Machine Learning, processes involved in		
	Machine Learning		
TSO 2a. Identify the category or class of a particular dataset using KNN	Unit 2: Supervised and unsupervised learning	CO-2	
algorithm	Supervised learning:		
TSO 2b. Use Linear regression for predictive	Introduction to Supervised Learning, K-		
analysis	Nearest Neighbor, Linear Regression, Logistic		
TSO 2c. Predict the categorical dependent	Regression, Support Vector Machine (SVM),		
variable using Logistic Regression	Evaluation Measures: confusion matrix,		
TSO 2d. Use SVM for classification problems in	precision, precision and recall, ROC-Curve		
Machine Learning	(Receiver Operating Characteristic curve)		
TSO 2e. determine the performance of the			
classification models	Unsupervised learning:		
TSO 2f. evaluate the performance of the	Introduction to Unsupervised Learning,		
classification model using ROC-	Introduction to clustering, Types of		
CUIVE	Clustering and Divisive slucturing Partitional		
TSO 2g Explain characteristics of Unsupervised learning.	Clustering and Divisive clustering; Partitional Clustering - K-means clustering. Expectation-		
TSO 2h. Explain different clustering methods	Maximization (EM) Algorithm		
TSO 2i. Implement K-means clustering	Waxiiiizadon (EW) Algoridiiii		
algorithm to group the unlabeled			
dataset			
TSO 3a. Explain Structure and working of Biological	Unit 3: Introduction to neural networks	CO-3	
Neural Network.			
TSO 3b. differentiate between Artificial Neural	Structure and working of Biological Neural		
Network and Biological Neural Network	Network, Fundamentals of Artificial Neural		
TSO 3c. State key historical points in development o			
ANN	Artificial Neural Networks, History of neural		
TSO 3d. Explain the architecture of an artificial	network research, characteristics of neural		
neural network	networks terminology.		
TSO 4a. Use neuron McCulloch – Pitts model in	Unit 4: Neural networks models and Learning	CO-4	
designing logical operations	Methods		
TSO 4b. Apply Rosenblatt's Perceptron to solve			
linear classification problems	Models of neuron McCulloch – Pitts model,		

Major Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevant Cos Number (s)
TSO 4c. Implement Adaptive Linear Neuron (Adaline) training algorithm in neural network TSO 4d. Use Backpropagation neural training algorithm TSO 4e. Use ART (Adaptive Resonance Theory) learning model TSO 4f: Implement Bidirectional Associative Memory (BAM) model in Artificial Neural Network	learning laws, Topology of neural network architecture, Multilayer Neural Networks, Learning Methods, Backpropagation, Counter propagation, Adaptive Resonance Theory (ART), Associative memories, BAM.	
TSO 5a. Illustrate the features of Tens or flow TSO 5b. Manipulate tensors TSO 5c. Explain features of Tens or Board visualization TSO 5d Explain the concept and features of Tens or flow playground	features of TensorFlow, Tensor Data structure- Rank, shape, type, one dimension and two-dimension tensor, Tensor handling and manipulations, Tensor board visualization- symbols Tensors, Variables, Automatic differentiation, Graphs and tf.function, modules layers and models, training loops, features of Tens or flow playground- data ,the ration of train and test data, features, hidden layers, Epoch, learning rate, activation function, regularization, problem type	CO-5

Note: One major TSO may require more than one Theory session/Period.

K) Suggested Laboratory (Practical) Session Outcomes (LSOs) and List of Practical: (2000608B)

Practical/Lab SessionOutcomes (LSOs)	S. No.	Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s)
LSO 1.1 Implement data classification algorithms	1	Write a program to implement k-Nearest Neighbour algorithm to classify the iris data set. Print both correct and wrong predictions. Python ML library classes can be used for this problem.	CO-2
LSO 2.1 Implement Machine learning algorithms LSO 2.2 Evaluate the performance of classification model	2	(a) Implement SVM for Iris Dataset- download the dataset from (https://gist.github.com/netj/8836201) (b) Find confusion matrix and evaluation matrix for SVM Hint: SVM model can be constructed using sklearn command, import pandas as pd from sklearn.svm import SVC from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix from sklearn.metrics import classification_report from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score 1. Read the csv Iris dataset file 2. Condition the data 3. Condition the training and Testing data 4. Construct the Linear model 5. Test the model with Linear kernel 6. Prepare confusion matrix 7. prepare Classification Report	CO-2

Practical/Lab SessionOutcomes (LSOs)	S. No.	Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s)
LSO 3.1 Perform clustering operations using k-means algorithm	3	a) Explore k-means algorithm for the small sample dataset.	CO-2
		b) Explore k-means algorithm for Iris Dataset	
LSO 4.1 Perform clustering operations using EM algorithm	4	Apply EM algorithm to cluster a set of data stored in a .CSV file. Use the same data set for clustering using k-Means algorithm. Compare the results of these two algorithms and comment on the quality of clustering. You can add Python ML library classes/API in the program.	CO-2
LSO 5.1 Build artificial neural network LSO 5.2 Test artificial neural network	5	Build an Artificial Neural Network by implementing the Backpropagation algorithm and test the same using appropriate data sets.	CO-4
LSO 6.1 Detect features or business intelligence in the input data using perceptron	6	Implement the perceptron algorithm from scratch in python.	CO-4
LSO 7.1 Use Tensors for given problems	7	Write a programme to implement two dimension and three-dimension Tensor.	CO5
LSO 8.1 Use basic features for tensor handling and manipulations	8	Write a programme to add and multiply two 4x4 matrix, you can Import "tens or flow" and "numpy".	CO5
LSO 9.1 Test artificial intelligence (AI) algorithms through the use of Google's TensorFlow machine learning libraries.	9	Solve a classification problem on the Tens or flow playground. Hint: refer https://www.educba.com/tensorflow-playground/	CO5
LSO 10.1 Implement artificial intelligence (AI) algorithms through the use of Google's TensorFlow machine learning libraries LSO 10.2 perform predictive analysis using linear regression	10	Implement algorithm for linear regression in tens or flow	CO5, CO2

- L) Suggested Term Work and Self Learning (2000611B): Some sample suggested assignments, micro project and other activities are mentioned here for reference.
 - **a. Assignments**: Questions/Problems/Numerical/Exercises to be provided by the course teacher in line with the targeted COs.

b. Micro Projects:

Use python programming for the solutions of Microproject problems

- 1. (a) Create a Bar plot to get the frequency of the three species of the Iris data.
 - (b) Create a Pie plot to get the frequency of the three species of the Iris data.
 - (c) Write a Python program to create a graph to find relationship between the sepal length and width.
- 2. (a) Write a Python program to split the iris dataset into its attributes (X) and labels (y). The X variable contains the first four columns (i.e. attributes) and y contains the labels of the dataset.
 - (b) Write a Python program using Scikit-learn to split the iris dataset into 70% train data and 30% test data. Out of total 150 records, the training set will contain 120 records and the test set contains 30 of those records. Print both datasets.
- 3. Conduct performance analysis of Classification Algorithms (any 2) on a specific dataset.

M) Suggested Course Evaluation Matrix: The course teacher has to decide and use appropriate assessment strategy and its weightage in theory, laboratory and Term Work for ensuring CO attainment. The response/performance of the student in each of these designed activities is to be assessed to calculate CO attainment.

	Course Evaluation Matrix											
	Theory Assess	sment (TA)**	Term Work	Assessment	(TWA)	Lab Assessment (LA)#						
COs	Progressive End Theory Theory Assessment Assessme (PTA) nt(ETA)			rk & Self-Lea Assessment	U	Progressive Lab	End Laboratory Assessment (ELA)					
	Class/Mid Sem Test	iii(LIA)	1 10018		Other Activities*	(PLA)						
CO-1	20%	15%	30%	20%	30%							
CO-2	10%	25%	20%	20%	20%	30%	33%					
CO-3	30%	25%	30%	20%	20%							
CO-4	20%	20%	20%	20%	30%	30%	33%					
CO-5	20%	15%	10% 20%			40%	34%					
Total	30	70	20 20 10			20	30					
Marks				50								

Legend:

* : Other Activities include self-learning, seminar, visits, surveys, product development, software development etc.

** : Mentioned under point- (N) # : Mentioned under point- (O)

Note:

• The percentage given are approximate

- In case of Micro Projects and End Laboratory Assessment (ELA), the achieved marks will be equally divided in all those COs mapped with total experiments.
- For CO attainment calculation indirect assessment tools like course exit survey need to be used which comprises of questions related to achievement of each COs.

N) Suggested Specification Table for End Semester Theory Assessment: Specification table represents the reflection of sample representation of assessment of cognitive domain of full course.

Unit Title and Number	Total Relevant		Total		ETA (Marks)			
	Classroom Instruction (CI) Hours	COs Number (s)	Marks	Remember (R)	Understanding (U)	Application & above (A)		
Unit-1.0. Introduction to machine learning	7	CO1	11	5	4	2		
Unit-2.0. Supervised and unsupervised learning	10	CO2	18	5	6	7		
Unit-3.0. Introduction to neural networks	10	CO3	17	5	7	5		
Unit-4.0.Neural networks models and Learning Methods	8	CO4	14	3	3	8		
Unit-5.0. Tensor flow	10	CO5	10	2	6	2		
Total Marks	45		70	20	26	24		

Note: Similar table can also be used to design class/mid-term/ internal question paper for progressive assessment.

O) Suggested Assessment Table for Laboratory (Practical):

		Relevant	PLA/ELA		
SN	Laboratory Practical Titles	COs Number(s)	Perfori PRA *(%)	nance PDA* *(%)	Viva - Voc e (%)
1.	Write a program to implement k-Nearest Neighbor algorithm toclassify the iris data set. Print both correct and wrong predictions. Python ML library classes can be used for this problem.	CO- 2	-	80	20
2.	(a) Implement SVM for Iris Dataset- download the dataset from(https://gist.github.com/netj/8836201) (b) Find confusion matrix and evaluation matrix for SVM	CO- 2	-	80	20
3.	a) Explore k-means algorithm for the small sample dataset. b) Explore k-means algorithm for Iris Dataset	CO- 2	20	70	10
4.	Apply EM algorithm to cluster a set of data stored in a .CSV file. Use the same data set for clustering using k-Means algorithm. Compare the results of these two algorithms and comment on the quality of clustering. You can add Python ML library classes/API in the program.	CO- 2	-	80	20
5.	Build an Artificial Neural Network by implementing the Backpropagation algorithm and test the same using appropriatedata sets.	CO- 4	10	70	20
6.	Implement the perceptron algorithm from scratch in python.	CO- 4	10	70	20
7.	Write a programme to implement two dimension and three-dimension Tensor.	CO- 5	-	80	20
8.	Write a programme to add and multiply two 4x4 matrix, you can Import "tens or flow" and "numpy".	CO- 5	-	80	20
9.	Solve a classification problem on the Tens or flow playground.	CO- 5	20	70	10
10.	Implement algorithm for linear regression in tens or flow	CO- 2, CO- 5	10	70	20

Legend:

PRA*: Process Assessment PDA**: Product Assessment

Note: This table can be used for both end semester as well as progressive assessment of practical. Rubrics need to be prepared by the course teacher for each experiment/practical to assess the student performance.

P) Suggested Instructional/Implementation Strategies: Different Instructional/ ImplementationStrategies may be appropriately selected, as per the requirement of the content/outcome. Some of them are Improved Lecture, Tutorial, Group Discussion, Portfolio Based Learning, Live Demonstrations in Classrooms, Lab, Information and Communications Technology (ICT) Based Teaching Learning, Blended or flipped mode, Brainstorming, Expert Sessions, Video Clippings, Use of Open Educational Resources (OER), MOOCs etc.

P) List of Major Laboratory Equipment, Tools and Software:

S. No.	Name of Equipment, Tools and Software	Broad Specifications	Relevant Experiment/Practical Number
1.	Computer Systems	Desktop Computers with i3 processor, 16 GB RAM, 512 GBHDD	S. No. 1 to 10
2.	Online Python IDE	https://www.online-python.com/	S. No. 1 to 10
3.	Jupyter Notebook	Download from https://jupyter.org/	S. No. 1 to 10
4.	Pip Python package manager	Download Pip 22.3 From https://pypi.org/project/pip/	S. No. 1 to 10
5.	Google colab	https://colab.research.google.com/github/tensorflow/docs/blob/master/site/en/tutorials/quickstart/beginner.ipynb#scrollTo=DUNzJc4jTj6G	S. No. 1 to 10
6.	Various modules, Libraries and Packages	Tens or flow, NumPy, Pandas, package	S. No. 1 to 10

R) Suggested Learning Resources:

(a) Books:

S.	Titles	Author(s)	Publisher and Edition with ISBN
No.			
1.	Machine Learning using Python	Manaranjan Pradhan, U Dinesh Kumar	Wiley, ISBN-10: 8126579900 ISBN-13: 978-8126579907
2.	Introduction to Machine Learning	Jeeva Jose	Khanna Book Publishing Co. (P) ltd, 2020. ISBN-10: 9389139066 ISBN-13: 978-9389139068
3.	Machine Learning for Dummies	John Paul Mueller and Luca Massaron, For Dummies,	For Dummies; 2nd edition, ISBN-10: 1119724015 ISBN-13: 978-1119724018
4.	Machine Learning	Rajeev Chopra	Khanna Book Publishing Co., 2021 ISBN-10: 9789386173423 ISBN-13: 978-9386173423
6.	Learn TensorFlow 2.0: Implement Machine Learning and Deep Learning Models with Python	Pramod Singh, Avinash manure	Apress, 978-1484255605 ISBN-10: 1484255607 ISBN-13: 978-1484255605
7	Artificial Intelligence: Concepts, Techniques and Applications	Alexis Keller	States Academic Press, 2022 ISBN - 9781649649245
8	Artificial Intelligence: An Introduction	Jacob Pearson	Willford Press 2022 ISBN 9781682860911
9	Fundamentals of Machine Learning	Mia Williams	Willford Press 2022 ISBN 9781682860920
10	Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach	Emilia Stones	Larsen and Keller Education 2022 ISBN 9781641728525

(b) Online Educational Resources:

- 1. NPTEL Course: Introduction to Machine Learning, Prof. Balaraman Ravindran, IIT Madras
- 2. https://www.tensorflow.org/resources/learn-ml
- 3. https://www.tutorialspoint.com/tensorflow/index.htm
- 4. https://www.javatpoint.com/tensorflow
- 5. https://developers.google.com/machine-learning/crash-course/exercises

Note:

Teachers are requested to check the creative commons license status/ financial implications of the suggested OER, before use by the students.

(c) Others:

Data Source:

- https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/machine-learning-databases/auto-mpg/
- https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/machine-learning-databases/iris/iris.data
- https://www.kaggle.com/arshid/iris-flower-dataset
- https://www.kaggle.com/rohankayan/years-of-experience-and-salary-dataset

S) Course Curriculum Development Team (NITTTR, Bhopal)

- Dr. Sanjay Agrawal (Coordinator)
- Dr. R. K. Kapoor (Co-coordinator)

A) Course Code : 2000605C/2000608C/2000611C

B) Course Title : Internet of Things (Advance)

C) Pre- requisite Course(s) : IoT (Basics), Computer Networks

D) Rationale :

The rise and rise of IoT technologies is redefining business opportunities and process. This has led to a growing need to learn advance skills to remain competitive in the market. Put together, these are a potent combination of technologies that will dictate how our future is written, which is a strong indicator of rewarding job opportunities in those domains. Introduction of the Advanced IoT follows a rigorous curriculum which blends the academic excellence and industry-relevant applications.

This course will be exposed to a breadth of skills which will help students to become multi-faceted software engineers with a deeper understanding of these modern technologies, their applications, and interdependence.

E) Course Outcomes (COs): After the completion of the course, teachers are expected to ensure the accomplishment of following course outcomes by the learners. For this, the learners are expected to perform various activities related to three learning domains (Cognitive, Psychomotor and Affective) in classroom/laboratory/workshop/field/industry.

After completion of the course, the students will be able to-

- **CO-1** Use basic Python features in Programming.
- **CO-2** Use advance Python features in Programming.
- **CO-3** Explain features of Cloud and IoT data storage on it.
- **CO-4** Explain IoT Networking and its application.
- **CO-5** Develop IoT App for the given problem

F) Suggested Course Articulation Matrix (CAM):

Course		Programme Specific Outcomes* (PSOs)							
Outcomes (COs)	PO-1 Basic and Discipline Specific Knowledge	PO-2 Problem Analysis	PO-3 Design/Deve lopment of Solutions	PO-4 Engineering Tools	PO-5 Engineering Practices for Society, Sustainability and Environment	PO-6 Project Management	PO-7 Life Long Learning	PSO-1	PSO-2
CO-1	3	3	2	2	-	2	-		
CO-2	3	3	2	2	-	2	-		
CO-3	1	-	3	2	2	2	2		
CO-4	1	-	2	3	-	2	2		
CO-5	3	3	3	2	2	3	3		

Legend: High (3), Medium (2), Low (1) and No mapping (-)

^{*} PSOs will be developed by respective programme coordinator at institute level. As per latest NBA guidelines, formulating PSOs is optional

G) Teaching & Learning Scheme:

	Course	Course	Scheme of Study (Hours/Week)						
Board of Study	Code	Title	Classroom Instruction (CI)		Lab Instruction (LI)	Notional Hours (TW+ SL)	Total Hours (CI+LI+TW+SL)	Total Credits (C)	
Study			L	Т					
	2000605 C/200060 8C/20006 11C	loT (Advance)	03	-	04	02	09	05	

Legend:

CI: Classroom Instruction (Includes different instructional/implementation strategies i.e. Lecture (L), Tutorial (T), Case method, Demonstrations, Video demonstration, Problem based learning etc. to deliver theoretical concepts)

LI: Laboratory Instruction (Includes experiments/practical performances/ problem-based experiences in laboratory, workshop, field or other locations using different instructional/Implementation strategies)

Notional Hours: Hours of engagement by learners, other than the contact hours for ensuring learning.

TW: Term work (includes assignments, seminars, micro projects, industrial visits, any other student activities etc.)

SL: Self Learning, MOOCS, spoken tutorials, Online educational resources etc.

C: Credits = $(1 \times Cl \text{ hours}) + (0.5 \times Ll \text{ hours}) + (0.5 \times Notional hours})$

Note: TW and SL have to be planned by the teacher and performed by the learner under the continuous guidance and feedback of teacher to ensure outcome of learning.

H) Assessment Scheme:

				Assessment Scheme (Marks)					
	o	0	Theory Assessment (TA)		Term Work & Self- Learning Assessment (TWA)		Lab Assessment (LA)		WA+LA)
Board of Study	of g Cours		Progressive Theory Assessment (PTA)	End Theory Assessment (ETA)	Internal	External	Progressive Lab Assessment (PLA)	End Laboratory Assessment (ELA)	Total Marks (TA+TWA+LA)
	2000605 C/20006 08C/200 0611C	IoT (Advance)	30	70	20	30	20	30	200

Legend:

PTA: Progressive Theory Assessment in class room (includes class test, mid-term test and quiz using online/offline modes)

PLA: Progressive Laboratory Assessment (includes process and product assessment using rating Scales and rubrics)

TWA: Term work & Self Learning Assessment (Includes assessment related to student performance in assignments,

seminars, micro projects, industrial visits, self-learning, any other student activities etc.

Note:

- Separate passing is must for progressive and end semester assessment for both theory and practical.
- ETA & ELA are to be carried out at the end of the term/ semester.
- Term Work is to be done by the students under the guidance of internal faculty but its assessment will be done internally (40%) as well as externally (60%). Assessment related to planning and execution of Term Work activities like assignment, micro project, seminar and self-learning is to be done by internal faculty (Internal Assessment) whereas assessment of output/product/ presentation related to these activities will be carried out by external faculty/expert (External Assessment). However, criteria of internal as well as external assessment may vary as per the requirement of respective course. For valid and reliable assessment, the internal faculty should prepare checklist & rubrics for these activities.
- Course Curriculum Detailing: This course curriculum detailing depicts learning outcomes at course level and session level and their attainment by the students through Classroom Instruction (CI), Laboratory Instruction (LI), Term Work (TW) and Self Learning (SL). Students are expected to demonstrate the attainment of Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs) leading to attainment of Course Outcomes (COs)

upon the completion of the course. While curriculum detailing, NEP 2020 related reforms like Green skills, Sustainability, Multidisciplinary aspects, Society connect, Indian Knowledge System (IKS) and others must be integrated appropriately.

J) Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Units:

Major Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevant COs
		Number(s)
TSO.1. a. Write the steps to install Python.	Unit-1.0 Python basics: -	CO-1 and CO-5
TSO.1. b. Explain given types of variables in python.	1.1 Installation of Python1.2 Variables, Print () function, Escape character	CO-5
TSO.1.c. Explain use and importance of Tuple,	sequence and run python Program	
Dictionary, operators in python	1.3 Python Tuple, Dictionary, operators	
TSO.1. d. Explain use of array in python.	1.4 Python arrays, create, reverse and append data	
TSO.1. e. Explain use of 2-Dimensional Array in python	into it.	
TSO.1. f Explain uses of given type of Conditional	1.5 Python 2 Dimensional arrays.	
statement in python.	1.6 Python Conditional statement.	
TSO.2. a. Explain uses of given type of do & while	Unit 2. Python Advance: -	CO-1 and
loops in python	2.1 Python Do & while loops	C05
TSO.2. b. Explain working of break, continue and pass	2.2 Python break, continue, pass statements	
statement in python	2.2 Python OOPs Class, Object, Inheritance and	
TSO.2.c. Write the benefits of using OOP methodology in python.	Constructor 2.4 Python Strings Replace, Join, Split, Reverse,	
TSO.2.d.Explain given type of string operation related	Uppercase, Lowercase, count, find, split and length 2.5 Python Functions, Built-in functions and user	
to python.	defined functions	
TSO.2.e.Explain given function in python	2.6 Lambda function and uses	
TSO.2.f Explain use of Lambda function in python.		
TSO.3.a. Differentiate between Cloud and IoT cloud.	Unit-3.0 Cloud features: -	CO-1, CO-2
TSO.3.b. Explain features of Cloud in IoT environment	3.1 Cloud computing and IoT cloud	and CO-5
TSO.3.c. List features of various types of Cloud	3.2 Benefits of cloud in IoT3.3 Types of Cloud public, private and hybrid	
TSO.3.d. List features of cloud services like SaaS, PaaS	3.4 Cloud services like SaaS, PaaS and IaaS	
and laaS	3.5 Cloud connectivity and Data storage on Cloud.	
TSO.3.f List advantages of cloud data storage.	3.6 Arduino: Architecture, Programming, and Applications	
TSO.3.g Explain Arduino architecture and its applications.	3.7 Raspberry Pi Architecture, Programming, and Application basic level for IoT applications	
TSO.3.h Explain Raspberry pi architecture and its applications.		
TSO.4.a. Explain wired network	Unit.4 IoT Networking and Application: -	CO-1 and
TSO.4.b.Explain short range wireless network	4.1 Wired and short-range wireless network	CO-4
TSO.4.c.Explain M2M communication	4.2 M2M – 2G, 3G, 4G & 5G networks 4.3 LPWAN – Low Power Wide Area Networks	
TSO.4.d.Explain various generation of wireless	4.3 LPWAN – LOW POWER WIDE AREA NETWORKS 4.4 SigFox & LoRaWAN.	
network	4.5 NB-IOT (Narrow Band IOT)	
TSO.4.e.Explain the importance of LWPAN in IoT	4.6 RFID and Bar code basics- Components of an RFID	
TSO.4.f Differentiate between SigFox & LoRaWAN	system-Data -Tags-Antennas- Connectors- Cables- Readers- encoder/ printers for smart	
TSO.4.g Explain use of NB-IOT (Narrow Band IOT)	labels- Controllers software	
TSO.4.h Create heterogenous network using RFID.	4.7 RFID advantages over Bar codes.	
TSO.5.a. Identify suitable framework for IoT app	Unit. 5 IoT App Development: -	CO-4 and
development	5.1 Framework selection for IoT app development	CO-5

Major Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevant COs Number(s)
TSO.5.b. Identify various stages of selected app	5.2 Identify stages of app to be developed.	
TSO.5.c. Develop the app.	5.3 Develop, Implement, and Deploy the App5.4 Testing and Integration	
TSO.5.d. Implement and deploy the app	5.5 Maintain and improve	
TSO.5.e Maintain and improve the app based on the feedback	•	

Note: One major TSO may require more than one Theory session/Period.

K) Suggested Laboratory (Practical) Session Outcomes (LSOs) and List of Practical (2000608C):

Practical/Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs)	S. No. Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles		Relevant COs Number(s)
LSOs 1.1 Python installation LSOs 1.2 Prepare and run python program on given problem LSOs 1.3 Prepare python program on Dictionary, Tuple and operators. LSOs 1.4 Prepare program on arrays LSOs 1.5 Prepare a program on 2-dimensional array LSOs 1.6 Create program on conditional statement	1.	 1.1 Install given version of Python on the computer system. 1.2 Prepare a python program using print() function and run it. 1.3 Access given value from the tuple 1.4 Print the given value of key from the dict. 1.5 Write a Python program to create an array of 5 integers and display the array items. Access individual element through indexes 1.6 Write a Python program which takes two digits m (row) and n (column) as input and generates a two-dimensional array. 1.7 Write a python program to check whether person is eligible for voting or not. (accept age from the user) 1.8 Write a python program to check whether the entered number is even or odd. 1.9 Write a python program to check whether entered number is divisible by another entered number. 1.10 Write a python program to display "Yes" is entered number is divisible by 5 otherwise display "No" 	CO-1
LSOs 2.1 Prepare python program on Do & while loops LSOs 2.2 Prepare python program on break and continue statement. LSOs 2.3 Prepare Python program using break and continue statements LSOs 2.4 prepare python program using OOP LSOs 2.5 Prepare Python program using functions	2.	 2.1 Prepare a python program which can print first 10 even and odd numbers using while statement 2.2 Write a python program which can print first 10 integers and its square using while/for loop. 2.3 Write a python program which can print sum of first 10 natural numbers using while/for loop. 2.4 Write a python program which can identify the prime number between the range given using while/for loop. 2.5 Consider a situation where you want to iterate over a string and want to print all the characters until a letter 'e' or 's' is encountered. It is specified 	CO-2

Practical/Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs)	S. No.	Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s)
		that you have to do this using loop and only one loop is allowed to use. 2.6 Consider the situation when you need to write a program which prints the number from 1 to 10 and but not 6. It is specified that you have to do this using loop and only one loop is allowed to use. 2.7 Create a Class with instance attributes 2.8 Create a Vehicle class without any variables and methods 2.9 Write a Python function to find the Max of three numbers. 2.10 Write a Python program to reverse a string.	
LSO 3.1 Signup for free cloud storage LSO 3.2 Store data into cloud and retrieve it.	3.	3.1 Create a free cloud account 3.2 Store data on cloud and retrieve it	CO-3
LSO 4.1 Design various types of network cables LSO 4.2 Connect computer in LAN. LSO 4.3 Connect devices using wireless network LSO 4.4 Connect machine with machine LSO 4.5 Connect devices using IEEE 802 LSO 4.6 Connect devices using LPWAN LSO 4.7 Connect devices using RFID	4	4.1 Study of different types of Network cables and Practically implement the crosswired cable and straight through cable using clamping tool. 4.2 Connect the computers in Local Area Network 4.3 Connect 2 or more devices using Bluetooth 4.4 Connect 2 or more devices using infrared 4.5 Connect 2 more machine using m2m 4.6 Connect 2 or more different devices using access point 4.7 Connect 2 devices using LPWAN (Smart Meter) 4.8 Connect 2 or more devices using RFID	CO-4
LSO 5.1 Develop a IoT app LSO 5.2 Develop IoT applications using smartphones.	5.	5.1 Identify a problem and develop an app 5.2 Building a temperature monitoring system using sensors and Smartphone	CO-5

- L) Suggested Term Work and Self Learning (2000611C): Some sample suggested assignments, micro project and other activities are mentioned here for reference.
 - **a. Assignments**: Questions/Problems/Numerical/Exercises to be provided by the course teacher in line with the targeted COs.

b. Micro Projects:

- 1. Prepare a report on Python programming language.
- 2. Develop a small software in python to solve a IoT data analysis.
- 3. Create a id on free cloud storage and share data on it for others.
- 4. Create a heterogenous network and connect different dives.
- 5. Create a an IoT app for the identified problem

c. Other Activities:

1. Seminar Topics: - "Future of wireless network."

- 2. "Smart electricity billing", "Cloud computing and IoT"
- 3. Visit to industry for IoT implementation in industrial process.
- 4. Reading RFID cards using 8051- RFID in the supply chain- Vehicles parking using RFID- library management system- electronic toll payment- smart shipping containers fleet monitoring and management.
- 5. Building IoT Applications like pressure, air quality, temperature and motion detector using Arduino and raspberry-pi Universal boards.
- 6. Surveys of market for availability of various types of network devices and its pricing.
- 7. Product Development: Development of projects for real life problem solution app.
- 8. Software Development: Using Python

d. Self-learning topics:

- 1. Deeper knowledge in Python features
- 2. Network devices and its capabilities
- 3. Advantages of IoT implementations
- M) Suggested Course Evaluation Matrix: The course teacher has to decide and use appropriate assessment strategy and its weightage in theory, laboratory and Term Work for ensuring CO attainment. The response/performance of each student in each of these designed activities is to be used to calculate CO attainment.

			Co	urse Evalua	tion Matrix			
	Theory Assessment (TA)**			Term Work Assessment (TWA)			Lab Assessment (LA)#	
Progressive End Theory Theory Assessment Assessment (ETA) COs (PTA)			Term \	erm Work & Self-Learning Assessment		Progressive Lab Assessment	End Laboratory Assessment	
	Class/Mid		Assignments	Micro	Other	(PLA)	(ELA)	
	Sem Test			Projects	Activities*			
CO-1	10%	10%	20%		33%	10%	20%	
CO-2	15%	10%	20%		33%	15%	20%	
CO-3	30%	30%	20%		34%	15%	20%	
CO-4	20%	30%	20%	50%		30%	20%	
CO-5	25%	20%	20%	50%		30%	20%	
Total	30	70	20	20	10	20	30	
Marks				50				

Legend:

- *: Other Activities include self-learning, seminar, visits, surveys, product development, software development etc.
- **: Mentioned under point- (N)
- #: Mentioned under point-(O)

Note:

- The percentage given are approximate
- In case of Micro Projects and End Laboratory Assessment (ELA), the achieved marks will be equally divided in all those COs mapped with total experiments.
- For CO attainment calculation indirect assessment tools like course exit survey need to be used which comprises of questions related to achievement of each COs.

N) Suggested Specification Table for End Semester Theory Assessment: Specification table represents the reflection of sample representation of assessment of cognitive domain of full course.

Unit Title and Number	Total Classroom	Relevant COs	Total Marks		ETA (Marks)	
	Instruction (CI) Hours	Number (s)		Remember (R)	Understanding (U)	Application & above (A)
Unit-1. Python basics	5	CO1	7	2	2	3
Unit-2. Python Advance	5	Co1, CO2	7	2	2	3
Unit-3. Cloud features	14	CO3	21	8	8	5
Unit-4. Networking and Application	14	CO4, CO3	21	5	7	9
Unit-5. IoT Applications	10	CO5, CO3 and CO4	14	3	6	5
Total Marks	48		70	20	25	25

Note: Similar table can also be used to design class/mid-term/ internal question paper for progressive assessment.

O) Suggested Assessment Table for Laboratory (Practical):

SN	Laboratory Practical Titles	Relevant COs	Perfor	mance	Viva-
SIN	Laboratory Practical Titles	Number(s)	PRA*	PDA**	Voce
			(%)	(%)	(%)
1.	Install given version of Python the computer system.	CO-1	70	20	10
2.	Prepare a python program using print() function and run it.	CO-1	60	30	10
3.	Access given value from the tuple	CO-1	60	30	10
4.	Print the given value of key from the dict.	CO-1	60	30	10
5.	Write a Python program to create an array of 5 integers and display the array items. Access individual element through indexes	CO-1	60	30	10
6.	Write a Python program which takes two digits m (row) and n (column) as input and generates a two-dimensional array.	CO-1	60	30	10
7.	Write a python program to check whether person is eligible for voting or not. (accept age from the user)	CO-1	60	30	10
8.	Write a python program to check whether the entered number is even or odd.	CO-1	60	30	10
9.	Write a python program to check whether entered number is divisible by another entered number.	CO-1	60	30	10
10.	Write a python program to display "Yes" is entered number is divisible by 5 otherwise display "No"	CO-1	60	30	10
11.	Prepare a python program which can print first 10 even and odd numbers using while statement	CO-2	60	30	10
12.	Write a python program which can print first 10 integers and its square using while/for loop.	CO-2	60	30	10

SN	Laboratory Practical Titles	Relevant COs	Perfor	Viva-	
314	Education y Fractical Fittes	Number(s)	PRA*	PDA**	Voce
			(%)	(%)	(%)
13.	Write a python program which can print sum of first 10 natural numbers using while/for loop.	CO-2	60	30	10
14.	Write a python program which can identify the prime number between the range given using while/for loop.	CO-2	60	30	10
15.	Consider a situation where you want to iterate over a string and want to print all the characters until a letter 'e' or 's' is encountered. It is specified that you have to do this using loop and only one loop is allowed to use.	CO-2	60	30	10
16.	Consider the situation when you need to write a program which prints the number from 1 to 10 and but not 6. It is specified that you have to do this using loop and only one loop is allowed to use.	CO-2	60	30	10
17.	Create a Class with instance attributes	CO-2	60	30	10
18.	Create a Vehicle class without any variables and methods	CO-2	60	30	10
19.	Write a Python function to find the Max of three numbers.	CO-2	60	30	10
20.	Write a Python program to reverse a string.	CO-2	60	30	10
21.	Create a free cloud account	CO-3	70	20	10
22.	Store data on cloud and retrieve it.	CO-3	60	30	10
23.	Study of different types of Network cables and Practically implement the cross-wired cable and straight through cable using clamping tool.	CO-4	70	20	10
24.	Connect the computers in Local Area Network	CO-4	70	20	10
25.	Connect 2 or more devices using Bluetooth	CO-4	70	20	10
26.	Connect 2 or more devices using infrared	CO-4	70	20	10
27.	Connect 2 more machine using m2m	CO-4	70	20	10
28.	Connect 2 or more different devices using access point	CO-4	70	20	10
29.	Connect 2 devices suing LPWAN (Smart Meter)	CO-4	70	20	10
30.	Connect 2 or more devices using RFID	CO-4	70	20	10
31.	Identify a problem and develop an app	CO-5	70	20	10

Legend:

PRA*: Process Assessment PDA**: Product Assessment

Note: This table can be used for both end semester as well as progressive assessment of practical. Rubrics need to be prepared by the course teacher for each experiment/practical to assess the student performance.

P) Suggested Instructional/ Implementation Strategies: Different Instructional/ Implementation Strategies may be appropriately selected, as per the requirement of the content/outcome. Some of them are Improved Lecture, Tutorial, Case Method, Group Discussion, Industrial visits, Industrial Training, Portfolio Based Learning, Role Play, Live Demonstrations in Classrooms, Lab, Field, Information and Communications Technology (ICT) Based Teaching Learning, Blended or flipped mode, Brainstorming, Expert Sessions, Video Clippings, Use of Open Educational Resources (OER), MOOCs etc.

Q) List of Major Laboratory Equipment, Tools and Software:

S. No.	Name of Equipment, Tools and Software	Broad Specifications	Relevant Experiment/Practical Number
1	Python software	Openly available as per instruction	As mentioned above list
2	Cables connecters and crimping tools	Cat 6e cable, RJ-45 connectors and Crimping Tool	
3	Bluetooth and infrared devices	Any mobile and wireless keyboard and mouse	
4	IoT free cloud	Free available	
5	Smart devices	Like meters, bulbs etc.	
6	Wireless access point	Wireless router or access point	
8	Arduino development board	Arduino Uno and Arduino Nano.	
6	Raspberry Pi	Raspberry Pi 4/ Raspberry Pi 3/ Raspberry Pi 2	

R) Suggested Learning Resources:

(a) Books:

S. No.	Titles	Author(s)	Publisher and Edition with ISBN
1	Let Us Python	Kanetkar Yashavant	BPB Publications ISBN: 9789388511568, 9789388511568
2	IOT (Internet of things) and Its Application	P K Pandey	T Balaji Publication (1 January 2020) ISBN-10: 8194136385 ISBN-13: 978-8194136385
3	Raspberry Pi Cookbook: Software and Hardware Problems and Solutions	Simon Monk	Shroff/O'Reilly; Third edition (4 October 2019) ISBN-10: 9352139267 ISBN-13: 978- 9352139262
4	Raspberry Pi Cookbook: Software and Hardware Problems and Solutions,	Simon Monk	Shroff/O'Reilly; Third edition (4 October 2019) ISBN-10: 9352139267 ISBN-13: 978- 9352139262
5	Cloud Computing: Concepts, Technology & Architecture	Erl	Pearson Education India; 1st edition (1 January 2014) ISBN-10: 9332535922 ISBN-13: 978-9332535923
6.	Fundamentals of Internet of Things	Eden Scott	States Academic Press 2023 ISBN 9781649649235

7	Internet of Things	Alaina Wilson	Murphy & Moore Publishing 2023 ISBN 9781649872731
8	Principles of Internet of Things	Hallie Parker	Larsen and Keller Education 2023 ISBN 9781641728312

(b) Online Educational Resources:

- 1. nptel.iitm.ac.in/courses/.../IIT.../lecture%2023%20and%2024.htm
- 2. en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Shear_and_moment_diagram
- 3. www.freestudy.co.uk/mech%20prin%20h2/stress.pdf
- 4. www.engineerstudent.co.uk/stress_and_strain.html
- 5. https://www.iit.edu/arc/workshops/pdfs/Moment_Inertia.pdf
- 6. https://www.veritis.com/blog/aws-vs-azure-vs-gcp-the-cloud-platform-of-your-choice/
- 7. https://wiki.python.org/moin/TimeComplexity
- 8. www.engineerstudent.co.uk/stress_and_strain.html
- 9. https://www.iit.edu/arc/workshops/pdfs/Moment_Inertia.pdf
 Amini, P. (2014). Sulley: Pure Python fully automated and unattended fuzzing frame- work.
 https://github.com/OpenRCE/sulley

Note:

Teachers are requested to check the creative commons license status/ financial implications of the suggested OER, before use by the students.

(c) Others:

- 1. Learning Packages
- 2. Users' Guide
- 3. Manufacturers' Manual
- 4. Lab Manuals

S) Course Curriculum Development Team (NITTTR, Bhopal)

Dr. M. A. Rizvi (Coordinator)

A) Course Code : 2000605D/2000608D/2000611D

B) Course Title : Drone Technology (Advanced)

C) Pre- requisite Course(s) : Drone Technology (Basics)

D) Rationale :

In previous semester, a course in drone technology broadly discussed about basic principles, functions and interface of different components and design simple drone structure. In order to understand the successive development of drones / UAVs in terms of their geometric structure, working methodology and navigation control etc., so it is important to study the advanced course on Drone Technology. This course includes the study of Static and dynamic force analysis on drone, advance flying features, navigation control, maintenance and advance applications of different types of drone.

E) Course Outcomes (COs): After the completion of the course, teachers are expected to ensure the accomplishment of following course outcomes by the learners. For this, the learners are expected to perform various activities related to three learning domains (Cognitive, Psychomotor and Affective) in classroom/laboratory/workshop/field/industry.

After completion of the course, the students will be able to-

- **CO-1** Apply the concept of engineering mechanics for stability of drone.
- **CO-2** Design the structure of drone using GPS module and thermal Image camera.
- **CO-3** Operate drone using advance flight controller board.
- **CO-4** Perform drone maintenance and assembly.
- **CO-5** Use drone in advance applications like precision agriculture, security, IoT, etc.

F) Suggested Course Articulation Matrix (CAM):

Course	Programme Outcomes (POs)							Programme Specific Outcomes* (PSOs)	
Outcomes	PO-1	PO-2	PO-3	PO-4	PO-5	PO-6	PO-7	PSO-1	PSO-2
(COs)	Basic and	Problem	Design/	Engineering	Engineering	Project	Life Long		
	Discipline	Analysis	Development	Tools	Practices for Society,	Management	Learning		
	Specific		of Solutions		Sustainability and				
	Knowledge				Environment				
CO-1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CO-2	2	2	-	3	3	-	-		
CO-3	2	2	3	3	-	-	-		
CO-4	3	-	-	3	-	-	-		
CO-5	-	2	2	-	-	3	2		

Legend: High (3), Medium (2), Low (1) and No mapping (-)

^{*} PSOs will be developed by respective programme coordinator at institute level. As per latest NBA guidelines, formulating PSOs is optional

G) Teaching & Learning Scheme:

				Scheme of Study (Hours/Week)				
Board of Study	Course Code	Course Title	Instru	room uction CI)	Lab Instruction (LI)	Notional Hours (TW+ SL)	Total Hours (CI+LI+TW+SL)	Total Credits (C)
			L	Т				
	20006 05D/2 00060 8D/20 00611 D	Drone Technology (Advance)	03	-	04	02	09	05

Legend:

CI: Classroom Instruction (Includes different instructional/implementation strategies i.e. Lecture (L), Tutorial (T), Case method, Demonstrations, Video demonstration, Problem based learning etc. to deliver theoretical concepts)

LI: Laboratory Instruction (Includes experiments/practical performances /problem-based experiences in laboratory, workshop, field or other locations using different instructional/Implementation strategies)

Notional Hours: Hours of engagement by learners, other than the contact hours for ensuring learning.

TW: Term Work (includes assignments, seminars, micro projects, industrial visits, any other student activities etc.)

SL: Self Learning, MOOCs, spoken tutorials, online educational resources etc.

C: Credits = (1 x CI hours) + (0.5 x LI hours) + (0.5 x Notional hours)

Note: TW and SL have to be planned by the teacher and performed by the learner under the continuous guidance and feedback of teacher to ensure outcome of learning.

H) Assessment Scheme:

					Assessment S	cheme (Marks)		
	a	Course Title	Theory Assessment (TA)		Term Work & Self- Learning Assessment (TWA)		Lab Assessment (LA)		WA+LA)
Board of Study	Course Cod		Progressive Theory Assessment (PTA)	End Theory Assessment (ETA)	Internal	External	Progressive Lab Assessment (PLA)	End Laboratory Assessment (ELA)	Total Marks (TA+TWA+LA)
	2000605 D/20006 08D/200 0611D	Drone Technology (Advance)	30	70	20	30	20	30	200

Legend:

PTA: Progressive Theory Assessment in class room (includes class test, mid-term test and quiz using online/offline modes)

PLA: Progressive Laboratory Assessment (includes process and product assessment using rating Scales and rubrics)

TWA: Term work & Self Learning Assessment (Includes assessment related to student performance in assignments, seminars, micro projects, industrial visits, self-learning, any other student activities etc.

Note:

- Separate passing is must for progressive and end semester assessment for both theory and practical.
- ETA & ELA are to be carried out at the end of the term/ semester.
- Term Work is to be done by the students under the guidance of internal faculty but its assessment will be done internally (40%) as well as externally (60%). Assessment related to planning and execution of Term Work activities like assignment, micro project, seminar and self-learning is to be done by internal faculty (Internal Assessment) whereas assessment of output/product/ presentation related to these activities will be carried out by external faculty/expert (External Assessment). However, criteria of internal as well as external assessment may vary as per the requirement of respective course. For valid and reliable assessment, the internal faculty should prepare checklist & rubrics for these activities.

Course Curriculum Detailing: This course curriculum detailing depicts learning outcomes at course level and session level and their attainment by the students through Classroom Instruction (CI), Laboratory Instruction (LI), Term Work (SW) and Self Learning (SL). Students are expected to demonstrate the attainment of Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs) leading to attainment of Course Outcomes (COs) upon the completion of the course. While curriculum detailing, NEP 2020 related reforms like Green skills, Sustainability, Multidisciplinary aspects, Society connect, Indian Knowledge System (IKS) and others must be integrated appropriately.

Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Units:

J)

Maj	or Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevant COs Number (s)
TSO 1a.	Draw free body diagram of quadcopter drone. Determine centroid of given drone	Unit-1.0 Engineering mechanics for Drone technology 1.1 Drone Mechanics	CO-1
130 10.	structure.	Free body diagram of drone	
TSO 1c.	Determine center of gravity of different drone structure.	Method of finding resultant of force systemEquilibrium of coplanar force system	
TSO 1d.	Analyze different types of force acting drone system.	1.2 Center of GravityCentroid of plane figure	
TSO 1e.	Differentiate between static and dynamic force analysis.	Center of gravity of solid bodies1.3 Force analysis in drone	
TSO 1f.	Explain how gyroscopic motion keeps drone balanced and hovering.	 Force analysis in drone Forces of flight Principle axes and rotation of aerial systems 1.4 Dynamics of machine Static and dynamic force analysis Gyroscopic motions 	
TSO 2a.	Describe properties and application of smart materials use in UAV frame.	Unit-2.0 Drone Frame and components 2.1 Drone frame design	CO-2
TSO 2b.	Calculate the diameter of the propeller for given drone frame size.	Calculation principle for drome frame sizesQuadcopter frame design	
TSO 2c.	Determine size of quadcopter frame and diameter of propeller of drone	Smart materials for UAV frameGreen material uses in drone	
TSO 2d.	Describe working of GPS and its hardware interfacing.	2.2 Advance Drones componentGPS, Interfacing of GPS hardware	
TSO 2e.	Write steps to interface GPS module for drone navigation.	Thermal and chemical sensorTilt and LiDAR sensor	
TSO 2f.	Describe different RF blocks and antennas used in RF transmitter and receiver.	 2.3 RF transmitter and receiver RF blocks RF antennas 2.4 Micro-electromechanical systems (MEMS) based sensor 2.5 HD and thermal Image camera 	
TSO 3a.	Identify features and specifications of FCB use in different application	Unit-3.0 Advance flight controller Board (FCB)	CO-3

Maj	or Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevant COs Number (s)
TSO 3b. TSO 3c. TSO 3d. TSO 3e. TSO 3f. TSO 4a. TSO 4b. TSO 4c. TSO 4d.	Explain ports of any given advance flight controller board. Write steps of software installation of flight controller board. Describe installation and calibration steps of radio telemetry with FCB. Write steps of calibration of accelerometer and ESC with FCB. Describe interfacing of GPS with FCB. Describe challenges comes in drone maintenance. Describe measuring devices and instrument use in drone maintenance. Describe measuring instrument used to measure electrical parameters in drone. Write sequence of steps use in assembling of drone.	 3.1 Specification and ports of FCB 3.2 Software for FCB Software installation 3.3 Radio Communication with FCB Installation of Radio Telemetry Radio Calibration with FCB 3.4 Calibration of accelerometer 3.5 Calibration of ESC 3.6 Interface of motor with FCB using ESC 3.7 GPS interface with FCB 3.8 Safety features of advance FCB Unit-4.0 Maintenance and assembling of Drone 4.1 Need and scope of drone maintenance 4.2 Types of maintenance 4.3 Routine drone maintenance and its checklist Recording basic details Structural inspection Battery check Software/firmware 4.4 Types of measuring instrument use in drone maintenance 4.5 Measurement of different electrical parameters related with drone hardware 4.6 Assembly of drones Concept of interchangeability Principle of gauging and their applicability in drone assembly Parameters and profile measurements of standard propellers Concepts of drone assembly using 3D modeling 	CO-4
TSO 5a.	Describe function of autonomous drone using AI.	Unit-5.0 Advance Drone Application 5.1 Application of Al in Drone Technology	CO-5
TSO 5b.	Describe IoT enable UAV for surveillance and data gathering. Explain drone applications based on cost saving, enhanced efficiency and profitability aspects.	 5.2 IoT and Computer vision integrated Drone 5.3 Drone interface with smart-phone 5.4 Drone Applications in Military Precision Agriculture 	

Note: One major TSO may require more than one theory session/period.

K) Suggested Laboratory (Practical) Session Outcomes (LSOs) and List of Practical (2000608D):

Practical/Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs)	S. No.	Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s)
LSO 1.1 Use the force of gravity to compute the centre of gravity for a given drone structure.	1.	Determine Centre of gravity of different done structure.	CO-1
LSO 2.1 Develop skills of observation and interpreting phenomenal changes on Drone model for stability and hovering.	2.	Demonstrate gyroscopic effect on a drone model	CO-1
LSO 3.1 Draw various frame to be required in designing drone structure. LSO 3.2 Use Measuring instrument in designing drone frame. LSO 3.3 Choose suitable materials for making drone frame	3.	Compare different types of airframe structure like quadcopter frame (plus shape, cross shape and H-shape), hexacopter frame (hexa + and hexa S).	CO-2, CO-4
LSO 4.1 Identify and measure the condition of sensors. LSO 4.2 Interface Tilt and LiDAR sensors in drone.	4.	Test Tilt and LiDAR sensors and their characteristics with Microcontroller based Flight controller board.	CO-2
LSO 5.1 Identify different component of GPS module LSO 5.2Measure and use signals from GPS module to determine latitude & longitude. LSO 5.3 Diagnose problems using appropriate instruments/tools related to GPS navigation.	5.	Demonstrate the interfacing of GPS module to drone navigation.	CO-2, CO-3
LSO 6.1 Measure characteristics of HD and thermal Image camera. LSO 6.2 Diagnose common problems related to HD and thermal Image camera.	6.	Test HD and thermal Image camera and their characteristics.	CO-2
LSO 7.1 Identify the characteristics of RF circuit blocks like amplifier, and filters. LSO 7.2 Identity different antennas used. LSO 7.3 Operate drone using RC transmitter and receiver.	7.	Identify, configure and operate 433MHz and 2.4 GHz RC transmitter and receiver.	CO-2
LSO 8.1 Test the different peripheral interconnections with FCB LSO 8.2 Troubleshoot advance Flight control board (FCB)	8.	Programming and configure of parameters in flight control board (FCB).	CO-3
LSO 9.1 Configure radio communication device to control drones. LSO 9.2 Operate drone using RC transmitter and receiver.	9.	Test and perform communication of advance Flight control board with RF transceiver.	CO-3, CO-2
LSO 10.1 Measure various parameters of GPS system LSO 10.2 Interface GPS system with flight controller board.	10.	Test and perform communication of Flight control board (FCB) with GPS	CO-3, CO-2
LSO 11.1 Configure HD and thermal image camera with drone. LSO 11.2 Demonstrate use of HD and thermal image camera with FCB	11.	Test and troubleshoot HD and thermal image camera with advance FCB in drone.	CO-3, CO-2
LSO 12.1 Measure voltage, current frequency using Digital Multimeter LSO 12.2 Measure peak to peak voltage, time period, and duty cycle using DSO and waveform generator.	12.	Measure various electric parameters in drone hardware	CO-4

Practical/Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs)	S. No.	Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s)
LSO 12.3 Measure unknown frequency and its level using spectrum analyzer.			
LSO 13.1 Inspect drone as per the given checklist LSO 13.2 Diagnose drone problems after flying of 50 and 100hrs	13.	Perform preventive maintenance of drone components	CO-4
LSO 14.1 Perform dismantle process of drone. LSO 14.2 perform services need for operation LSO 14.3 Check and Install different parts of the drone system. LSO 14.4 Assemble drone component.	14.	Dismantle and service of different parts of drone system	CO-4

- L) Suggested Term Work and Self Learning (2000611D): Some sample suggested assignments, micro project and other activities are mentioned here for reference.
 - **a. Assignments**: Questions/Problems/Numerical/Exercises to be provided by the course teacher in line with the targeted COs.

b. Micro Projects:

- 1. Prepare maintenance report for small UAV.
- 2. Survey nearby electronics shop and Prepare report on types of drone frames and drone sensors available and its specification.
- 3. Prepare report of surveying & mapping of our institute using drone with HD and thermal image camera.
- 4. Prepare report on land and crops quality of nearby agriculture field using drone.
- 5. Prepare report on Identify and select different application drones like agriculture, Surveillance, Inspections and gathering Information for disaster management.
- 6. Download 5 videos on advance FCB of drone design. Watch them and write report on it.
- 7. Market survey on different types of FCB, its specification and specific application and prepare report.
- 8. Develop mission completion drone with the help of GPS based Advance FCB.

c. Other Activities:

- 1. Seminar Topics-Drone stability using gyroscopic motion, Quadcopter frame, Green material use in drone design, GPS based drones, types of HD and thermal Image camera, Safety features in advance drone, Drone Assembling, Military drone.
- 2. Visits: Visit nearby small industry, Drone institute facilities. Prepare report of visit with special comments of advance drone technology used, material used, cost of printed component.
- 3. Surveys: Survey nearby electronics shop and Prepare report of list of advance drone components and its specification.
- 4. Product Development
- 5. Software Development

d. Self-learning topics:

- 1. Different types Drones frame
- 2. Overview of GPS technology
- 3. Different types of HD and thermal Image camera
- 4. Safety features in Drone
- 5. Advance drone application

M) Suggested Course Evaluation Matrix: The course teacher has to decide and use appropriate assessment strategy and its weightage in theory, laboratory and Term Work for ensuring CO attainment. The response/performance of each student in each of these designed activities is to be used to calculate CO attainment.

	annent.							
			Co	Course Evaluation Matrix				
	Theory Asses	sment (TA)**	Term W	ork Assessr	nent (TWA)	Lab Assessment (LA)#		
COs	Progressive Theory Assessment (PTA)	End Theory Assessment (ETA)	Term Work & Self-Learning Assessment			Progressive Lab Assessment	End Laboratory Assessment	
Class/Mid			Assignments	Micro	Other Activities*	(PLA)	(ELA)	
	Sem Test			Projects		, ,	, ,	
	Sem rest			.,				
CO-1	15%	15%	20%	20%	20%	25%	25%	
CO-2	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	25%	25%	
CO-3	25%	25%	20%	20%	20%	25%	25%	
CO-4	25%	25%	20%	20%	20%	25%	25%	
CO-5	15%	15%	20%	20%	20%	-	-	
Total	30	70	20 20 10			20	30	
Marks				50	•			

Legend:

- *: Other Activities include self- learning, seminar, visits, surveys, product development, software development etc.
- **: Mentioned under point- (N) #: Mentioned under point-(O)

Note:

- The percentage given are approximate
- In case of Micro Projects and End Laboratory Assessment (ELA), the achieved marks will be equally divided in all those COs mapped with total experiments.
- For CO attainment calculation indirect assessment tools like course exit survey need to be used which comprises of questions related to achievement of each COs.

N) Suggested Specification Table for End Semester Theory Assessment: Specification table represents the reflection of sample representation of assessment of cognitive domain of full course.

Unit Title and Number	Total	Relevant	Total	ETA (Marks)		
	Classroom Instruction (CI) Hours	COs Number (s)	Marks	Remember (R)	Understanding (U)	Application & above (A)
Unit 1.0 Engineering mechanics for Drone Technology	8	CO-1	12	04	04	04
Unit 2.0 Drone frame and components	10	CO-2	14	04	04	06
Unit 3.0 Advance Flight Controller Board	12	CO-3	16	04	06	06
Unit 4.0 Maintenance and assembling of drone	10	CO-4	16	04	06	06
Unit 5.0 Advance Drone Application	8	CO-5	12	04	04	04
Total Marks	48		70	20	24	26

Note: Similar table can also be used to design class/mid-term/ internal question paper for progressive assessment.

O) Suggested Assessment Table for Laboratory (Practical):

S.		Relevant		PLA /ELA	
No.	Laboratory Practical Titles	COs	Perfor	mance	Viva-
	Laboratory Fractical Fittes	Number(s)	PRA*	PDA**	Voce
		Nulliber(s)	(%)	(%)	(%)
1.	Determine Centre of gravity of different done structure.	CO-1	50	40	10
2.	Demonstrate gyroscopic effect on a drone model	CO-1	40	50	10
3.	Compare different types of airframe structure like quadcopter frame (plus shape, cross shape and H-shape), hexacopter frame (hexa + and hexa S).	CO-2	50	40	10
4.	Test Tilt and LiDAR sensors and their characteristics with Microcontroller based Flight controller board.	CO-2	50	40	10
5.	Demonstrate the interfacing of GPS module to drone navigation.	CO-2, CO-3	50	40	10
6.	Test HD and thermal Image camera and their characteristics.	CO-2	50	40	10
7.	Identify, configure and operate 433MHz and 2.4 GHz RC transmitter and receiver.	CO-2	60	30	10
8.	Programming and configuration of parameters in flight control board (FCB).	CO-3	60	30	10
9.	Test and perform communication of advance Flight control board with RF transceiver.	CO-3, CO-2	60	30	10
10.	Test and perform communication of Flight control board (FCB) with GPS	CO-3, CO-2	60	30	10
11.	Test and troubleshoot HD and thermal image camera with advance FCB in drone.	CO-3, CO-2	60	30	10
12.	Measure various electric parameters in drone hardware	CO-4	40	50	10
13.	Perform preventive maintenance of drone components	CO-4	60	30	10
14.	Dismantle and service of different parts of drone system	CO-4	60	30	10

Legend:

PRA*: Process Assessment PDA**: Product Assessment

Note: This table can be used for both end semester as well as progressive assessment of practical. Rubrics need to be prepared by the course teacher for each experiment/practical to assess the student performance.

P) Suggested Instructional/Implementation Strategies: Different Instructional/ Implementation Strategies may be appropriately selected, as per the requirement of the content/outcome. Some of them are Improved Lecture, Tutorial, Case Method, Group Discussion, Industrial visits, Industrial Training, Portfolio Based Learning, Role Play, Live Demonstrations in Classrooms, Lab, Field, Information and Communications Technology (ICT) Based Teaching Learning, Blended or flipped mode, Brainstorming, Expert Sessions, Video Clippings, Use of Open Educational Resources (OER), MOOCs etc.

Q) List of Major Laboratory Equipment, Tools and Software:

S. No.	Name of Equipment, Tools and Software	Broad Specifications	Relevant Experiment/Practical Number
1.	Drone Frame	Tricopter/Quadcopter/Hexacopter	1-15
2.	Propellers	15 X 5.5 CW/Others	1-15
3.	GPS module	M8N Series	1-15
4.	Drone Camera	15-20 Megapixel	1-15
5.	Camera Gimble	3 Axis feature, 360 Degree movement	1-15
6.	Tilt Sensor	8-30 volt	1-15
7.	LiDER sensor	Range 75m to 200m	1-15
8.	Battery	Lithium Polymer Battery,8000 to 10000 mAh	1-15
9.	Motor	BLDC, 370kv	1-15
10.	Electronic speed Controller (ESC)	40 Amp	1-15
11.	Flight Controller Board	CC3D/Pixhawk/Others	1-15
12.	Transmitter and Receiver for radio signal	10 Channels and more, 2.4 GHz & 5.8 GHz	1-15
13.	Embedded system for AI application on UAV	Open Source Jetson Baseboard /Others	1-15

R) Suggested Learning Resources:

(a) Books:

S.	Title	Author (s)	Publisher and Edition with ISBN
No.	s		
1.	Make: DIY Drone and Quadcopter Projects: A Collection of Drone-Based Essays, Tutorials, and Projects	Editors of Make	Shroff/Maker Media, First edition 2016,ISBN-978-9352133994
2.	Make: Getting Started with Drones: Build andCustomize Your Own Quadcopter	Terry Kilby & BelindaKilby	Shroff/Maker Media, First edition 2016,ISBN-978-9352133147
3.	Agricultural Drones: A Peaceful Pursuit	K R Krishna	Apple Academic Press,1st edition 2018,ISBN-978-1771885959
4.	Building Multicopter Video Drones: Build and fly multicopter drones to gather breathtaking video footage	Ty Audronis	Packt Publishing Limited; Illustrated edition,2014, ISBN-978-1782175438
5.	The Complete Guide to Drones	Adam Juniper	Ilex Press, Extended 2nd Edition,2018ISBN-9781781575383
6.	Unmanned Aircraft Systems - UAVS Design, Development and Deployment (Aerospace Series)	R Austin	John Wiley & Sons Inc, 1st edition, 2010,ISBN-978-0470058190
7	Drone Technology	Miranda Hall	NY Research Press 2023 ISBN 9781632389574

8	Introduction to UAV Systems	Rupert Baker	Willford Press 2023 ISBN 9781682860890
9	Theory, Design, and Applications of Unmanned Aerial Vehicles	Tyler Wood	Larsen and Keller Education 2023 ISBN 9781641728338

(b) Online Educational Resources:

- 1. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/101/104/101104083/
- 2. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc21 ae14/preview
- 3. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Unmanned_aerial_vehicle
- 4. https://fusion.engineering/
- 5. https://robocraze.com/blogs/post/best-flight-controller-for-drone
- 6. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=lrkFG7GilPQ
- 7. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KjG6FKCNCbM
- 8. https://ardupilot.org/
- 9. https://px4.io/

Note:

Teachers are requested to check the creative commons license status/ financial implications of the suggested, online educational recourses before use by the students.

(c) Others:

- 1. Development of an Autonomous IoT-Based Drone for Campus Security, Abdelrahman Mahmoud Gaber, Rozeha A. Rashid, Nazri Nasir, Ruzairi Abdul Rahim, M. Adib Sarijari, A. Shahidan Abdullah, Omar A. Aziz, Siti Zaleha A. Hamid, Samura Ali,2021
- 2. IoT based UAV platform for emergency services; S. K. Datta, J. L. Dugelay, & C. Bonnet, 2018
- 3. Development of an Autonomous Drone for Surveillance Application; M. A. Dinesh, S. Santhosh Kumar, J. Sanath, K. N. Akarsh & K. M. Manoj Gowda, 2018
- 4. Autonomous cloud-based drone system for disaster response and mitigation; C. Alex & A. Vijaychandra, 2016
- 5. https://www.geeetech.com/Documents/CC3D%20flight%20control%20board.pdf
- 6. https://www.bhphotovideo.com/lit_files/201146.pdf
- 7. http://tricopter.hu/docs/cc3d manual.pdf

S) Course Curriculum Development Team (NITTTR, Bhopal)

- Dr. K. K. Jain (Coordinator)
- Dr. Sanjeet Kumar (Co-coordinator)

A) Course Code : 2000605E/2000608E/2000611E

B) Course Title : 3D Printing and Design (Advance)

C) Pre- requisite Course(s) : 3D Printing and Design (Basic)

D) Rationale :

This advanced course on 3D Printing tries to develop understanding of the process of making real complex objects from digital models in the students using various 3D printing processes and materials (Plastics, Ceramics and Metals). It also covers the post processing required and details about various printing process and parameters to make a quality 3D printed component. This course can only be taken up after completing 3D Printing and Design (Basic) course offered in previous semester.

E) Course Outcomes (COs): After the completion of the course, teachers are expected to ensure the accomplishment of following course outcomes by the learners. For this, the learners are expected to perform various activities related to three learning domains (Cognitive, Psychomotor and Affective) in classroom/laboratory/workshop/field/industry.

After completion of the course, the students will be able to-

- **CO-1** Select newer 3D Printing material for various applications.
- **CO-2** Use solid based 3D Printing processes to develop products.
- **CO-3** Use liquid-based 3D Printing processes to develop products.
- **CO-4** Use powder-based 3D Printing processes to develop products.
- **CO-5** Apply post processing techniques and quality checks on 3D printed components.

F) Suggested Course Articulation Matrix (CAM):

Course			Pı	rogramme C (POs				Programme Specific Outcomes* (PSOs)	
Outcomes (COs)	PO-1 Basic and Discipline Specific Knowledge	PO-2 Problem Analysis	PO-3 Design/ Development of Solutions	PO-4 Engineering Tools	PO-5 Engineering Practices for Society, Sustainability and Environment	PO-6 Project Management	PO-7 Life Long Learning	PSO-1	PSO-2
CO-1	3	-	-	-	2	-	2		
CO-2	3	-	2	2	-	-	2		
CO-3	3	-	2	2	-	-	2		
CO-4	3	-	2	2	-	-	2		
CO-5	3	2	-	3	2	-	2		

Legend: High (3), Medium (2), Low (1) and No mapping (-)

G) Teaching & Learning Scheme:

Board								
of Study	Course Code	Course Title	Classroom Instruction (CI)		Lab Instruction (LI)	Notional Hours (TW+ SL)	Total Hours (CI+LI+TW+SL)	Total Credits (C)
			L	T				
	2000605E /2000608E /2000611E	3D Printing and Design (Advanced)	03	-	04	02	09	05

^{*} PSOs will be developed by respective programme coordinator at institute level. As per latest NBA guidelines, formulating PSOs is optional

Legend:

CI: Classroom Instruction (Includes different instructional/implementation strategies i.e. Lecture (L), Tutorial (T), Case method, Demonstrations, Video demonstration, Problem based learning etc. to deliver theoretical concepts)

LI: Laboratory Instruction (Includes experiments/practical performances/problem-based experiences in laboratory, workshop, field or other locations using different instructional/Implementation strategies)

Notional Hours: Hours of engagement by learners, other than the contact hours for ensuring learning.

TW: Term Work (includes assignments, seminars, micro projects, industrial visits, any other student activities etc.)

SL: Self Learning, MOOCs, spoken tutorials, online educational resources etc.

C: Credits = (1 x Cl hours) + (0.5 x Ll hours) + (0.5 x Notional hours)

Note: TW and SL have to be planned by the teacher and performed by the learner under the continuous guidance and feedback of teacher to ensure outcome of learning.

H) Assessment Scheme:

				Α	ssessment S	cheme (Mar	ks)		
Board			Theory Assessment (TA)		Term Work & Self-Learning Assessment (TWA)		Lab Assessment (LA)		4+TWA+LA)
of Study	Course Code	Course Title	Progressive Theory Assessment (PTA)	End Theory Assessment (ETA)	Internal	External	Progressive Lab Assessment (PLA)	End Laboratory Assessment (ELA)	Total Marks (TA+TWA+LA)
	2000605E /2000608E /2000611E	3D Printing and Design (Advanced)	30	70	20	30	20	30	200

Legend:

PTA: Progressive Theory Assessment in class room (includes class test, mid-term test and quiz using online/offline modes)

PLA: Progressive Laboratory Assessment (includes process and product assessment using rating Scales and rubrics)

TWA: Term work & Self Learning Assessment (Includes assessment related to student performance in assignments, seminars, micro projects, industrial visits, self-learning, any other student activities etc.

Note:

- Separate passing is must for progressive and end semester assessment for both theory and practical.
- ETA & ELA are to be carried out at the end of the term/ semester.
- Term Work is to be done by the students under the guidance of internal faculty but its assessment will be done internally (40%) as well as externally (60%). Assessment related to planning and execution of Term Work activities like assignment, micro project, seminar and self-learning is to be done by internal faculty (Internal Assessment) whereas assessment of output/product/ presentation related to these activities will be carried out by external faculty/expert (External Assessment). However, criteria of internal as well as external assessment may vary as per the requirement of respective course. For valid and reliable assessment, the internal faculty should prepare checklist & rubrics for these activities.

Course Curriculum Detailing: This course curriculum detailing depicts learning outcomes at course level and session level and their attainment by the students through Classroom Instruction (CI), Laboratory Instruction (LI), Term Work (TW) and Self-Learning (SL). Students are expected to demonstrate the attainment of Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs) leading to attainment of Course Outcomes (COs) upon the completion of the course. While curriculum detailing, NEP 2020 related reforms like Green skills, Sustainability, Multidisciplinary aspects, Society connect, Indian Knowledge System (IKS) and others must be integrated appropriately.

J) Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Units:

Major Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevant COs Number(s)
 TSO 1a. Explain various forms of 3D printing raw material. TSO 1b. Select material for the given popular 3D printing processes with justification. TSO 1c. Select various Polymer based 3D printing raw materials with justification. TSO 1d. Explain procedure of Powder preparation for the given 3D printing material. TSO 1e. Explain properties of the given Metal/Ceramics 3D printing material. TSO 1f. Choose suitable 3D printing material on the basis of Performance Requirements and Material Properties. 	 Unit-1.0 3D Printing Materials 1.1 Various forms of 3D printing raw material-Liquid, Solid, Wire, Powder. 1.2 Popular FDM, SLA, SLS, Binder Jetting, Material Jetting and Direct Energy deposition 3D printing materials. 1.3 Polymers, Metals, Non-Metals, Ceramics. 1.4 Polymers and their properties. 1.5 Powder Preparation and their desired properties. 1.6 Choosing the Right 3D Printing Material on the basis of Performance Requirements and Material Properties. 	CO1
 TSO 2a. Explain working of a typical FDM based 3D Printer. TSO 2b. Justify use of FDM based 3D printing process and material for the given component. TSO 2c. Explain the Laminated Object Manufacturing process. TSO 2d. Estimate the cost and time of the given FDM based 3D printed component. 	 Unit-2.0 Solid based 3D Printing Processes 2.1 Basic principle and working of fused deposition modeling (FDM) process. 2.2 Liquefaction, solidification and bonding. 2.3 Laminated Object Manufacturing process. 2.4 Cost estimation of FDM 3D printed component. 	CO1, CO2
TSO 3a. Explain the phenomenon of Photo Polymerization. TSO 3b. Explain the working of a typical Stereo Lithography based 3D Printer. TSO 3c. Explain procedure of 3D Scanning of the given component. TSO 3d. Justify use of SLA based 3D printing process and material for the given component. TSO 3e. Estimate the cost and time of the given SLA based 3D printed component. TSO 3f. Apply Curing process to SLA based 3D printed component.	 Unit-3.0 Liquid based 3D Printing Processes 3.1 Photo polymerization. 3.2 Principle and working of stereo lithography apparatus. 3.3 SLA based 3D printing processes. 3.4 SLA based 3D printing process materials. 3.5 Scanning techniques. 3.6 Curing processes. 3.7 Cost estimation of SLA 3D printed component. 	CO1, CO3

Major Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevant COs Number(s)
TSO 4a. Explain powder fusion mechanism.	Unit-4.0 Powder based 3D Printing Processes	CO1, CO4
TSO 4b. Explain working of a typical SLA based 3D Printer.	4.1 Powder fusion mechanism.	
TSO 4c. Justify use of SLA based 3D printing process and material for the given component.	4.2 Principle and working of Selective Laser Sintering (SLS) process.	
TSO 4d. Explain Net shape process.	4.3 SLS based 3D printers.	
TSO 4e. Explain Binder Jet 3D printing process.	4.4 Laser Engineering Net Shaping process.	
TSO 4f. Justify use of Binder Jet 3D printing process	4.5 Electron Beam Melting.	
and material for the given component. TSO 4g. Estimate the cost and time of the given SLS	4.6 Binder Jet 3D Printing.	
based 3D printed component.	4.7 Materials and Process parameters for SLS based 3D printing processes.	
	4.8 Cost estimation of SLS based 3D printed component.	
TSO 5a. Justify the need of post processing in the	Unit-5.0 Post Processing and Quality	CO1, CO2,
given 3D printed component. TSO 5b. List the various post processing techniques.	5.1 Need of post processing: Functional and Aesthetic reasons.	CO3, CO4, CO5
TSO 5c. List the steps to perform post processing.		
TSO 5d. Explain the given Cleaning related post	5.2 Steps of Post Processing: Cleaning/Support removal, Fixing, Curing or hardening, Surface	
processing approach for 3D printed	finishing, Colouring.	
component.	5.3 Cleaning: Support Removal (FDM and Material	
TSO 5e. Explain the given Surface finishing related post processing approach for 3D printed component.	Jetting); Powder Removal (SLS and Powder Bed Fusion); Washing (SLA and Photo polymerisation).	
TSO 5f. Apply simple inspection and testing techniques on the given 3D printed component.	 5.4 Fixing: Filling, Gluing, Welding. 5.5 Surface finishing: Sanding, Polishing, Tumbling, Hydro dipping, Epoxy coating, Electro Plating, Vapour smoothing-Acetone treatment. 	
TSO 5g. Identify the type of defect(s) in the given 3D printed component.	 5.6 Colouring, Coating, Priming and Painting. 5.7 Inspection and testing: Digital, Visual, Physical. 5.8 Defects and their causes. 	

Note: One major TSO may require more than one Theory session/Period.

K) Suggested Laboratory (Practical) Session Outcomes (LSOs) and List of Practical (2000608E):

Prac	tical/Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs)	S. No.	Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s)
LSO 1.1.	Use the available 3D printing software.	1.	Develop the assigned digital single complex	CO1, CO2
LSO 1.2.	Select printing process parameters based on the type/make of Printer and raw material		component using FDM based 3D Printer and available material.	
LSO 1.3.	Set printing process parameters.			
LSO 1.4.	Produce a complex component using available FDM Printer.			
LSO 2.1.	Use the available 3D printing software.	2.	Develop the assigned digital single complex	CO1, CO3
LSO 2.2.	Select printing process parameters based on the type/make of Printer and raw material		component using SLA based 3D Printer and available material.	
LSO 2.3.	Set printing process parameters.			
LSO 2.4.	Produce a complex component using			

Practical/Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs)	S. No.	Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s)
available SLA Printer.			
LSO 2.5. Perform curing of the SLA based 3D printed component.			
LSO 3.1. Use the available 3D printing software.	3.	Develop the assigned digital single complex	CO1, CO4
LSO 3.2. Select printing process parameters based on the type/make of Printer and raw material		component using SLS based 3D Printer and available material.	
LSO 3.3. Set printing process parameters.			
LSO 3.4. Produce a complex component using available SLS Printer.			
LSO 4.1. Use the available 3D printing software.	4.	Develop same digital single complex	CO1, CO2,
LSO 4.2. Select printing process parameters based on the type/make of Printer and raw material		component using FDM, SLA and SLS based 3D Printers and compare the printed components on the basis of Cost, Time, Surface finish, Strength.	CO3, CO4
LSO 4.3. Set printing process parameters.		Strength.	
LSO 4.4. Produce a complex component using available FDM, SLA and SLS Printer.			
LSO 4.5. Perform Cost, Time, Surface finish and Strength estimations related to 3D printed components.			
LSO 5.1. Use the available 3D printing software.	5.	Print one digital assembly on SLA/SLS based 3D	CO2/CO3/
LSO 5.2. Select printing process parameters based on the type/make of Printer and raw material		Printer.	CO4
LSO 5.3. Select appropriate tolerance, fit and printing process parameters.			
LSO 5.4. Produce an assembly using available SLA/SLS Printer.			
LSO 6.1. Use of available 3D scanner.	6.	Scan the given real complex component and	CO2, CO3,
LSO 6.2. Develop 3D digital model using scanning approach.		print it using FDM/SLA/SLS based 3D Printer.	CO4
LSO 6.3. Use the available 3D printing software.			
LSO 6.4. Produce a complex component using available SLA Printer.			
LSO 7.1. Identify tools/devices/chemicals for post processing	7.	Apply post processing techniques on the 3D printed component of experiment number 1	CO5
LSO 7.2. Perform post processing operations on printed component.		and/or 2 and/or 3.	
LSO 8.1. Identify tools/devices/techniques for inspection and testing.	8.	Check the soundness of the 3D printed component of experiment number 1 and/or 2	CO5
LSO 8.2. Identify the defects in 3D printed components		and/or 3 using available devices/techniques.	
LSO 8.3. Apply remedial measures to bring soundness in the defective 3D printed component.			

L) Suggested Term Work and Self Learning (2000611E): Some sample suggested assignments, micro project and other activities are mentioned here for reference

a. Assignments: Questions/Problems/Numerical/Exercises to be provided by the course teacher in line with the targeted COs.

b. Micro Projects:

- 1. Prepare a list of solid, liquid and powder form 3D printing raw materials stating their cost, colour opacity, flexibility and weight per unit volume.
- 2. Download 5 videos of 3D printing of different components using FDM, SLA and SLS each. Watch them and write a report to detail out the steps involved, 3D Printer used, 3D Printing software used, material used, complexity involved, printing time, post processing steps used.
- 3. Prepare a report on post processing steps and techniques used for 3D printed components using FDM, SLA, SLS.
- 4. Prepare a report to compare FDM, SLA, SLS based 3D printing process on the basis of cost, surface finish, printer setting time, printing time and post processing time and cost involved.
- 5. Download 5 videos of 3D printing processes **other than** FDM, SLA and SLS. Watch them and write a report to detail out the steps involved, 3D Printer used, 3D Printing software used, material used, complexity involved, printing time, post processing steps used.
- 6. Download 1 video related to inspection and testing of 3D printed components using different techniques like Visual inspection, Scanning Electron Microscopy (SEM), CT system, X-ray, Penetration testing, Infrared thermography, Leak or pressure testing for complex structures, Eddy current, Mechanical property inspection to measure tensile, yield, shear, fatigue, hardness, density, impact strength, Metallography (Microstructure testing). Watch them and write a report to detail out the steps involved and equipment used.

c. Other Activities:

- 1. Seminar Topics:
 - Newer 3D printing raw materials
 - Direct energy 3D printing process
 - Material jetting 3D printing process
 - Micro 3D printing process
 - Metal and Ceramic 3D printing
 - 3D printing of Jewelry
 - 3D printing of Bio implants
 - Printing of flexible plastic components
- 2. Visits: Visit nearby tool room/industry with 3D Printing facilities. Prepare report of visit with special comments of 3D printing technique used, material used, single component/batch production/mass production and cost of printed component.
- 3. Self-learning topics:
 - 3D printing of transparent, soft and flexible plastic components
 - 3D printing of metal components
 - 3D printing of ceramic components
 - 3D scanning process.
 - Chemical post processing techniques
- M) Suggested Course Evaluation Matrix: The course teacher has to decide and use appropriate assessment strategy and its weightage in theory, laboratory and Term Work for ensuring CO attainment. The response/performance of each student in each of these designed activities is to be used to calculate CO attainment.

	Course Evaluation Matrix	
Theory Assessment (TA)**	Term Work Assessment (TWA)	Lab Assessment (LA)#

COs	Progressive Theory Assessment (PTA)	End Theory Assessment (ETA)	Term Work & Self Learning Assessment		Assessment		Progressive Lab Assessment	End Laboratory Assessment
	Class/Mid		Assignments	Micro	Other Activities*	(PLA)	(ELA)	
	Sem Test			Projects				
CO-1	15%	15%	15%	-	-	10%	20%	
CO-2	20%	20%	20%	25%	25%	25%	20%	
CO-3	20%	20%	20%	25%	25%	25%	20%	
CO-4	20%	20%	20%	25%	25%	25%	20%	
CO-5	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	15%	20%	
Total	30	70	20	20	10	20	30	
Marks				50				

Legend:

*: Other Activities include self- learning, seminar, visits, surveys, product development, software development etc.

**: Mentioned under point- (N)
#: Mentioned under point-(O)

Note:

- The percentage given are approximate
- In case of Micro Projects and End Laboratory Assessment (ELA), the achieved marks will be equally divided in all those COs mapped with total experiments.
- For CO attainment calculation indirect assessment tools like course exit survey need to be used which comprises of questions related to achievement of each COs.

N) Suggested Specification Table for End Semester Theory Assessment: Specification table represents the reflection of sample representation of assessment of cognitive domain of full course.

Unit Title and Number	Total	Relevant	Total		ETA (Marks)	
	Classroom Instruction (CI) Hours	COs Number(s)	Marks	Remember (R)	Understanding (U)	Application & above (A)
Unit-1.0 3D Printing Materials	6	CO1	10	3	2	5
Unit-2.0 Solid based 3D Printing Processes	10	CO1, CO2	14	4	5	5
Unit-3.0 Liquid based 3D Printing Processes	10	CO1, CO3	14	4	5	5
Unit-4.0 Powder based 3D Printing Processes	10	CO1, CO4	14	4	5	5
Unit-5.0 Post Processing and Quality	12	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4, CO5	18	5	5	8
Total	48	-	70	20	22	28

Note: Similar table can also be used to design class/mid-term/ internal question paper for progressive assessment.

O) Suggested Assessment Table for Laboratory (Practical):

		Relevant	PLA/ELA			
SN	Laboratory Brastical Titles	COs	Perfori	Viva-		
314	Laboratory Practical Titles	Number(s)	PRA* (%)	1. 2 -	Voce (%)	
1.	Develop the assigned digital single complex component using FDM based 3D Printer and available material.	CO1, CO2	30	60	10	
2.	Develop the assigned digital single complex component using SLA based 3D Printer and available material.	CO1, CO3	30	60	10	
3.	Develop the assigned digital single complex component using SLS based 3D Printer and available material.	CO1, CO4	30	60	10	
4.	Develop same digital single complex component using FDM, SLA	CO1, CO2,	30	60	10	

		Dalamant	F	PLA/ELA	
SN	Laboratow, Brastical Titles	Relevant	Perfori	Viva-	
314	Laboratory Practical Titles	COs Number(s)	PRA* (%)	PDA** (%)	Voce (%)
	and SLS based 3D Printers and compare the printed components on the basis of Cost, Time, Surface finish, Strength.	CO3, CO4			
5.	Print one assembly on SLA/SLS based 3D Printer.	CO2/CO3/ CO4	30	60	10
6.	Scan the given real complex component and print it using FDM/SLA/SLS based 3D Printer.	CO2, CO3, CO4	40	50	10
7.	Apply post processing techniques on the 3D printed component of experiment number 1 and/or 2 and/or 3.	CO5	40	50	10
8.	Check the soundness of the 3D printed component of experiment number 1 and/or 2 and/or 3 using available devices/techniques.	CO5	40	50	10

Legend:

PRA*: Process Assessment PDA**: Product Assessment

Note: This table can be used for both end semester as well as progressive assessment of practical. Rubrics need to be prepared by the course teacher for each experiment/practical to assess the student performance.

P) Suggested Instructional/Implementation Strategies: Different Instructional/ Implementation Strategies may be appropriately selected, as per the requirement of the content/outcome. Some of them are Improved Lecture, Tutorial, Case Method, Group Discussion, Industrial visits, Industrial Training, Field Trips, Portfolio Based, Learning, Role Play, Live Demonstrations in Classrooms, Lab, Field Information and Communications Technology (ICT)Based Teaching Learning, Blended or flipped mode, Brainstorming, Expert Session, Video Clippings, Use of Open Educational Resources (OER), MOOCs etc.

Q) List of Major Laboratory Equipment, Tools and Software:

S. No.	Name of Equipment, Tools and Software	Broad Specifications	Relevant Experiment/Practical Number
1.	High end computers	Processor Intel Core i7 with Open GL Graphics Card, RAM 32 GB, DDR3/DDR4, HDD 500 GB, Graphics Card NVIDIA OpenGL 4 GB, OS Windows 10	All
2.	Parametric Computer Aided Design software	CATIA/Solid works/NX/Creo OR Available with CoE	1 to 5
3.	FDM based 3D printer	Fused Deposition Modelling system with complete accessories; Build Volume-300 x 300 x 300mm or Higher; Layer Thickness-0.1 – 0.4 OR Available with CoE	1,4,5,6
4.	SLA based 3D printer	Printing Technology: SLA, 145 x 145 x 175mm build volume, Common layer thickness 25–100 μ m, Dimensional Accuracy \pm 0.5% (lower limit: \pm 0.10 mm), cure time of only 1-3s per layer, Material type: UV-sensitive liquid resin, Curing unit.	2,4,5,6
5.	SLS based 3D printer	Printing Technology: SLS., Build Volume: 130 x 130 x 180 mm, Recommended min. wall thickness: 0.8 mm, Powder Diameter: 60 Microns, Material Type: Nylon, TPU, Light Source: Laser Diode	3,4,5,6
6.	3D Printing Material	ABS/PLA, Resin based Photosensitive material, Polymer/metal/ceramic powder OR Available with CoE	1,2,3,4,5,6
7.	3D Printing software	Latest version of software like: Cura/PrusaSlicer/ideaMaker/Meshmixer/MeshLab OR Available with CoE	1 to 6
8.	3D Scanner and Processing software	Handheld 3D scanner, Accuracy up to 0.1 mm, Resolution up to 0.2 mm, Real time onscreen 3D model projection and processing, Wireless technology with an inbuilt touch screen and battery, Extended field of view for capturing both large and small objects, Processing Software OR Available with CoE	6

S. No.	Name of Equipment, Tools and Software	Broad Specifications	Relevant Experiment/Practical Number
9.	Post processing equipments and tools	Deburring tools (tool handle & deburring blades), Electronic Digital Caliper, Cleaning Needles, Art knife set, Long nose pliers, Flush cutters, Wire brush, Nozzle cleaning kit, Tube cutter, Print removal spatula, Needle file, Cutting mat, Glue stick, Wire stripper, Chemicals, Etching agents etc.	7
10.	Inspection and Testing devices	 Visual inspection, Devices related to: Scanning electron microscopy (SEM), CT system, X-ray, Penetration testing, Infrared thermography, Leak or pressure testing for complex structures, Eddy current, Mechanical property inspection to measure tensile, yield, shear, fatigue, hardness, density, impact strenght Metallography (Microstructure testing) 	8

R) Suggested Learning Resources:

(a) Books:

S. No.	Titles	Author(s)	Publisher and Edition with ISBN
1.	Additive Manufacturing Technologies: Rapid Prototyping to Direct Digital Manufacturing	Lan Gibson, David W. Rosen, Brent Stucker	Springer, 2010 ISBN: 9781493921133
2.	Understanding Additive Manufacturing: Rapid Prototyping, Rapid Tooling, Rapid Manufacturing	Andreas Gebhardt,	Hanser Publisher, 2011 ISBN: 156990507X, 9781569905074
3.	3D Printing and Design	Sabrie Soloman	Khanna Publishing House, Delhi ISBN: 9789386173768
4.	3D Printing and Rapid Prototyping- Principles and Applications	C.K. Chua, Kah Fai Leong	World Scientific, 2017 ISBN: 9789813146754
5.	Getting Started with 3D Printing: A Hands-on Guide to the Hardware, Software, and Services Behind the New Manufacturing Revolution	Liza Wallach Kloski, Nick Kloski	Make Community, LLC; 2nd edition, 2021 ISBN: 9781680450200
6.	Laser-Induced Materials and Processes for Rapid Prototyping	L. Lu, J. Fuh, Y.S. Wong	Kulwer Academic Press, 2001 ISBN: 9781461514695
7.	3D Printing: A Practical Guide	Clay Martin	Larsen and Keller Education 2023 ISBN 9781641728323
8.	Fundamentals of 3D Printing Elizah Brooks		Clanrye International 2023 ISBN 9781647290943
9.	Principles of 3D Printing	Brady Hunter	NY Research Press 2023 ISBN 9781632389549

(b) Online Educational Resources:

- 1. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc21_me115/preview
- 2. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/112/104/112104265/
- 3. https://bigrep.com/post-processing/
- 4. https://www.mdpi.com/2227-7080/9/3/61
- 5. https://all3dp.com/2/best-3d-printing-books/
- 6. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TQY2IF-sFal
- 7. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Oz0PoS5LPxg
- 8. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6ejjh0GdyDc

Note:

Teachers are requested to check the creative commons license status/ financial implications of the suggested, online educational recourses before use by the students.

(c) Others:

- 1. 3D Printing Projects DK Children; Illustrated edition, 2017
- 2. The 3D Printing Handbook: Technologies, design and applications Ben Redwood, Filemon Schöffer, Brian Garret, 3D Hubs; 1st edition, 2017
- 3. https://www.improprecision.com/inspection-method-for-3d-printed-parts/
- 4. 3D Printer Users' Guide
- 5. 3D Printer Material Handbook
- 6. Lab Manuals

S) Course Curriculum Development Team (NITTTR, Bhopal)

- Dr. Sharad Pradhan (Coordinator)
- Dr. A. K. Sarathe (Co-coordinator)

A) Course Code : 2000605F/2000608F/2000611F
B) Course Title : Industrial Automation (Advance)
C) Pre- requisite Course(s) : Industrial automation (Basic)

D) Rationale

This course on Advanced industrial automation offers students a hands-on approach to implement industrial control using modern controllers like Programmable Logic Controller (PLC), Distributed Control System (DCS)Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA). Students will learn to identify and connect field inputs and outputs; communicate with, and program microprocessor-based controllers. Students will also connect, communicate with, and develop displays for computer-based operator interfaces. Process manufacturers typically employ Distributed Control System (DCS) Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA) technologies to monitor and control the operations in their facilities. DCS and SCADA systems are now doing much more than simply monitoring and controlling. The course will enable the students to use of basic instructions and addressing, advanced PLC instructions in Ladder Logic and to identify and troubleshoot the faults in PLC system and do PLC maintenance. This course also introduces the students to industrial automation communications, PLC maintenance and troubleshooting also to become a successful automation engineer.

Course Outcomes (COs): After the completion of the course, teachers are expected to ensure the accomplishment of following course outcomes by the learners. For this, the learners are expected to perform various activities related to three learning domains (Cognitive, Psychomotor and Affective) in classroom/laboratory/workshop/field/industry.

After completion of the course, the students will be able to-

- **CO-1.** Apply the principles of communication for industrial automation.
- **CO-2.** Test the output of the PLC ladder logic programs for the given application
- **CO-3.** Maintain PLC systems
- **CO-4.** Use SCADA for supervisory control and for acquiring data from the field.
- **CO-5.** Develop simple automation systems

F) Suggested Course Articulation Matrix (CAM):

Course		Programme Specific Outcomes* (PSOs)							
Outcomes	PO-1	PO-2	PO-3	PO-4	PO-5	PO-6	PO-7	PSO-1	PSO-2
(COs)	Basic and	Problem	Design/	Engineeri	Engineering	Project	Life Long		
	Discipline	Analysis	Developmen	ngTools	Practices for Society,	Managem	Learning		
	Specific		tof Solutions		Sustainability and	ent			
	Knowledge				Environment				
CO-1	3	2	2	2	2	-	2		
CO-2	3	3	3	3	-	-	2		
CO-3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2		
CO-4	3	2	2	2	2	2	2		
CO-5	3	2	2	3	2	2	2		

Legend: High (3), Medium (2), Low (1) and No mapping (-)

^{*} PSOs will be developed by respective programme coordinator at institute level. As per latest NBA guidelines, formulating PSOs is optional

G) Teaching & Learning Scheme:

			Scheme of Study (Hours/Week)						
Board of	Course Code	Course Title	Classroom Instruction (CI)		Lab Instruction (LI)	Notional Hours (TW+	Total Hours (CI+LI+TW+SL)	Total Credits (C)	
Study			L	Т		SL)			
	2000605F/	Industrial							
	2000608F/ 2000611F	Automation (Advance)	03	-	04	02	09	05	

Legend:

CI: Classroom Instruction (Includes different instructional/implementation strategies i.e. Lecture (L), Tutorial (T), Case method, Demonstrations, Video demonstration, Problem based learning etc. to deliver theoretical concepts)

LI: Laboratory Instruction (Includes experiments/practical performances/ problem-based experiences in laboratory, workshop, field or other locations using different instructional/Implementation strategies)

Notional Hours: Hours of engagement by learners, other than the contact hours for ensuring learning.

TW: Term work (includes assignments, seminars, micro projects, industrial visits, any other student activities etc.)

SL: Self Learning, MOOCs, spoken tutorials, Online educational resources etc.

C: Credits = $(1 \times Cl \text{ hours}) + (0.5 \times Ll \text{ hours}) + (0.5 \times Notional hours})$

Note: TW and SL have to be planned by the teacher and performed by the learner under the continuous guidance and feedback of teacher to ensure outcome of learning.

H) Assessment Scheme:

				Assessment Scheme (Marks)						
	a	Course Title	Theory Assessment (TA)		Term Work & Self- Learning Assessment (TWA)		Lab Assessment (LA)		WA+LA)	
Board of Study	Course Cod		Progressive Theory Assessment (PTA)	End Theory Assessment (ETA)	Internal	External	Progressive Lab Assessment (PLA)	End Laboratory Assessment (ELA)	Total Marks (TA+TWA+LA)	
	200060 5F/200 0608F/ 200061 1F	Industrial Automation (Advance)	30	70	20	30	20	30	200	

Legend:

PTA: Progressive Theory Assessment in class room (includes class test, mid-term test and quiz using online/offline modes)

PLA: Progressive Laboratory Assessment (includes process and product assessment using rating Scales and rubrics)

TWA: Term work & Self Learning Assessment (Includes assessment related to student performance in assignments, seminars, micro projects, industrial visits, self-learning, any other student activities etc.

Note:

- Separate passing is must for progressive and end semester assessment for both theory and practical.
- ETA & ELA are to be carried out at the end of the term/ semester.
- Term Work is to be done by the students under the guidance of internal faculty but its assessment will be done internally (40%) as
 well as externally (60%). Assessment related to planning and execution of Term Work activities like assignment, micro project,
 seminar and self-learning is to be done by internal faculty (Internal Assessment) whereas assessment of output/product/
 presentation related to these activities will be carried out by external faculty/expert (External Assessment). However, criteria of
 internal as well as external assessment may vary as per the requirement of respective course. For valid and reliable assessment,
 the internal faculty should prepare checklist & rubrics for these activities.
- I) Course Curriculum Detailing: This course curriculum detailing depicts learning outcomes at course level and session level and their attainment by the students through Classroom Instruction (CI), Laboratory Instruction

(LI), Term Work (TW) and Self Learning (SL). Students are expected to demonstrate the attainment of Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs) leading to attainment of Course Outcomes (COs) upon the completion of the course. While curriculum detailing, NEP 2020 related reforms like Green skills, Sustainability, Multidisciplinary aspects, Society connect, Indian Knowledge System (IKS) and others must be integrated appropriately.

J) Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Units:

Major Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevant
		COs Number(s)
TSO.1a Describe how does a PLC communicate? TSO.1b Differentiate between parallel and series communication TSO.1c Describe the data transfer mechanism for the given communication protocols. TSO.1d Describe the given communication protocol used in PLC communication. TSO.1e Summarize PLC to PLC communication procedure TSO.1f Describe the common procedureto interface the PLC with other given hardware.	Unit-1.0 Industrial automation communication and Interfacing 1.1 Analog and Digital Communications on Plant Floors 1.2 Introduction to Industrial Networking 1.3 RS232-422-485 standards for data communication 1.4 Industrial Ethernet 1.5 Concept of Fieldbus 1.6 MODBUS protocol 1.7 Highway Addressable Remote Transducer (HART) Protocol 1.8 Interfacing of Programmable Logic Controller with other hardware	CO-1
TSO.2a Specify the proper I/O addressing format of the given PLC. TSO.2b Explain the use of different relay type instructions for the given operation. TSO.2c Describe how a program is executed with the help of Program Scan cycle TSO.2d Develop ladder logic program using arithmetic functions to perform the given operation. TSO.2e Develop ladder logic programs using logical and comparison instructions to perform the given operation TSO.2f Develop ladder logic programs using on delay, off delay and reset/retentive timer in a given PLC to create a delay in operation. TSO.2g Develop ladder logic programs using Up, Down and UP-down counter in a given PLC to count the number of products	 Unit-2.0 PLC Programming 2.1 PLC I/O addressing in ladder logic 2.2 PLC programming instructions using ladder logic and relay type instructions 2.3 Program Scan cycle 2.4 PLC arithmetic functions - Addition, subtraction, multiplication, division instructions, increment decrement, trigonometric 2.5 PLC logical functions - AND, OR, XOR, NOT functions, PLC compare and convert functions. 2.6 Programming Timer –Addressing a timer block, status bits, On delay, Off Delay and reset/retentive timer 2.7 Programming Counter- Addressing a counter block, status bits, Up and Down counter, up-down counter, counter examples, register basics 2.8 Develop ladder logic for various simple applications 	CO-2
TSO.3a Describe Requirements for PLC enclosure. TSO.3b Describe Proper grounding techniques. TSO.3c Describe noise reduction Techniques. TSO.3d Explain preventive maintenance	Unit-3.0 Installation and maintenance of PLC systems 3.1 PLC enclosure, grounding requirements, noise generating inductive devices, leaky inputs and outputs, techniques to reduce electrical noise and leakage. 3.2 Introduction to PLC Trouble shooting and maintenance, trouble shooting of hardware and software. 3.3 Diagnostic LED Indicators in PLCs 3.4 Common problems	CO-3

Major Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevant COs
system to reduce environmental impact TSO.3e Identify faults in the given PLC system TSO.3f Explain the procedure for Troubleshooting PLC system TSO.3g Prepare preventive maintenance plan for the PLC system TSO.3h Use safety equipment's. TSO.3i Follow safe practices	 Internal problems – Check for PLC Power Supply, Emergency Push Button, Power Supply Failure, Battery Failure, Electrical Noise Interference, Verify the PLC Program with the Master Program, Corrupted PLC Memory External problems - Power failure, faulty grounding and electrical noise interference (RFI or EMI), Status of the Output Modules and their associated Circuitry, Status of the Input Modules and their associated Circuitry, Field Input and Output Devices, Communication Issues. Environmental Conditions. Check for humidity, temperature, vibration, and noise-level limits specified by its manufacturer Troubleshooting of Specific Components of the PLC System Power Supply Troubleshooting I/O Modules Troubleshooting Troubleshooting PLC Program Errors Troubleshooting the Working Environment of a PLC Replacement of CPU PLC trouble shooting flowchart PLC maintenance – PLC maintenance checklist, preventive maintenance procedure, maintenance plan for the PLC system. Safety procedure and safety equipment's. 	Number(s)
TSO.4.a Describe the function of given element of a SCADA system. TSO.4.b Interface the given PLC with SCADA system using the given Open Platform Communications (OPC). TSO.4.c Describe the steps to develop a simple SCADA screen for the given industrial application. TSO.4.d Describe the procedure to maintain the SCADA based PLC system for the given application.	 Unit-4.0 SCADA and DCS 4.1 Introduction, need, benefits and typical applications of SCADA and DCS 4.2 SCADA Architecture - Remote Terminal Units (RTUs), Master Terminal Units, Various SCADA editors, Communication protocols for SCADA 4.3 Comparison of SCADA with DCS 4.4 Interfacing SCADA system with PLC- Typical connection diagram, Object Linking and Embedding for Process Control (OPC) architecture 4.5 Creating SCADA Screen HMI for simple object, Steps for linking SCADA object (defining Tags and items, creating trends etc.,) with PLC ladder program using OPC, configuring simple applications using SCADA: Traffic light control, water distribution, pipeline control, Power generation, transmission and distribution etc. 4.6 Procedure to maintain the SCADA based PLC system. 	CO-3
TSO.5a Identify different components used for automation in the given system TSO.5b Select automation components for a given situation TSO.5c In the given manufacturing or service industry Identify the areas where automation is possible. TSO.5d Prepare plan for sustainable automation as per the requirement.	Unit-5.0 Applications of Industrial Automation 5.1 Manufacturing- Industrial Robots- welding robots, pick and place robots, Cabot's, Machine monitoring system, supply chain, Automated assembly system, Flexible Automation and programmable Automation. 5.2 Health Care- microscopic robots for medical diagnosis, automated medication dispensing devices, AESOP, ZEUS, RP_7(remote presence 7th generation), DaVinci 5.3 Defense- guided rockets and missiles, counter measures, UAV drones, launcher, radar antenna, engagement control system	CO-5

Major Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevant COs Number(s)
5	Automobile —Break monitoring system, Vehicle tracking system, Rear-view alarm to detect obstacles behind, Four-wheel drive, Traction control system, Dynamic steering response, Anti-lock braking system (ABS) Adaptive cruise control, Adaptive headlamps, Intelligent Parking Assist System, Driverless/Autonomous Cars	
5	6.5 Agriculture- harvesters, irrigation systems, plowing machines, self-driving tractors, grain yield sensor	
5	6.6 Mining- Mine planning system, mine picture compilation, mine control system, seismic imagining, laser imaging, Rig control system, automated drilling, automated exploration, automated truck	

Note: One major TSO may require more than one Theory session/Period.

K) Suggested Laboratory (Practical) Session Outcomes (LSOs) and List of Practical (2000608F):

Practical/Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs)	S. No.	Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s)
LSOs 1.1 Data communication from PLC to PC and vice versa	1.	Transfer the control data from PLC to PC and vice versa	CO1
LSOs 1.2 Establish Communication channels between PLC s.	2.	Transfer the control data from PLC to PLC	CO1
LSOs 1.3 Transfer data from sensors to PLC and from PLC to PC.	3.	Transfer the sensor data from sensor to PLC to PLC and PC	CO1
LSOs 1.4 Interface the given PLC with a PC or a Laptop	4.	Interface the given PLC with a PC or a Laptop	CO1
LSOs 2.1 Identify Different parts and front panel indicators of a PLC	5.	Identify the various parts and front panel status indicators of the given PLC.	CO2
LSOs 2.2 Develop Ladder logic program for different arithmetic operations	6.	Develop/Execute ladder logic program for different arithmetic operations such as Addition, subtraction, multiplication, division increment, decrement, trigonometric in a given PLC	CO2
LSOs 2.3 Develop Ladder logic program for different logical operations	7.	Develop/Execute ladder logic program for logical operations such as AND, OR, NOT, NAND, NOR, X-OR, X-NOR gate along with truth table	CO2
LSOs 2.4 Program Latch and Unlatch circuit in a PLC for motor operation	8.	Program the given PLC to start run and stop the given motor using latch circuit	CO2
LSOs 2.5 Create delay in operation using on delay, off delay and retentive timer function in a given PLC.	9.	Test the functionality of on delay, off delay and retentive timer for its correct operation in a given PLC.	CO2
LSOs 2.6 Count the number of objects/events using Up counter, Down counter and UP/Down counter in a PLC	10.	Test the functionality of Up, Down and Updown counter for its correct operation in a given PLC.	CO2
LSOs 2.7 Program PLC using ladder logic to control a LED/Lamp	11.	Develop/Execute a ladder logic program to put LED/lamp in the blinking mode	CO2
LSOs 2.8 Program PLC using ladder logic to control a simple traffic light system	12.	Develop/Execute a ladder logic program to control a simple traffic light control system using PLC	CO2

Practical/Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs)	S. No.	Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s)
LSOs 3.1 Use hygrometer to measure the humidity inside the panel LSOs 3.2 Use thermometer to measure ambient temperature inside the panel LSOs 3.3 Use tester to determine the voltage fluctuation at the power supply terminals is within specifications LSOs 3.4 Test the ground connections of the given PLC. LSOs 3.5 A given PLC is not working as per the logic instructions investigate the PLC to identify the cause of failure to show the desired output LSOs 3.6 Investigate the cause of Noise in the given PLC LSOs 3.7 PLC goes on blackout out by losing its operating power. Troubleshoot the cause of failure. LSOs 3.8 Troubleshoot the corrupted PLC memory. LSOs 3.9 Replace CPU and power supply fuses in a given PLC system.	13.	Troubleshooting of PLC system	CO3
LSOs 4.1 Download any open source SCADA software and install the same. LSOs 4.2 Interpret the available components in symbol factory of SCADA software LSOs 4.3 Create simple SCADA HMI applications and apply dynamic properties. (Select any Three from the given list) i. Turn on and off a tube light using a Switch ii. Apply filling and object size properties to a rectangle, square and round object iii. Move the object, fill the object using slider and meter reading. iv. Apply orientation property to a fan and control its direction using a slider. v. Move a square object horizontally first, then vertically and again horizontally by applying visibility property. LSOs 4.4 Create historical and real time trends for the given automation	14.	Develop simple SCADA HMI applications using any one open source SCADA software and apply dynamic properties	CO4
LSOs 5.1 Develop a smart irrigation device to detect the change in moisture level in the soil and controls the flow of water accordingly with a DC pump. LSOs 5.2 Build an electronic device that can remotely control home appliances with your Bluetooth-enabled smartphone and a special Android application	15.	Develop simple automation systems for the given requirement (Select any Three from the given list)	CO5

Practical/Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs)	S. No.	Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s)
LSOs 5.3 Develop a PLC program to control the robot in such a way that the robot can automatically pick and place components and works in sync with the conveyor belt system. LSOs 5.4 Develop a Automation system to Open and close the door in the shop LSOs 5.5 Develop a line following robot with RFID sensor for supplying materials and automating workflow. LSOs 5.6 Develop smart street light controlling mechanism which will Switch on/off the lights automatically depending on the intensity of the sunlight at that particular time of the day. LSOs 5.7 Develop smart automated railway crossing system to detect train arrival and departure and send appropriate signals to the microcontroller.			

- L) Suggested Term Work and Self Learning (2000611F): Some sample suggested assignments, micro project and other activities are mentioned here for reference.
 - **a. Assignments**: Questions/Problems/Numerical/Exercises to be provided by the course teacher in line with the targeted COs.
 - i. State three advantages of using programmed PLC timer over mechanical timing relay.
 - ii. It is required to have a pilot light glow, meeting all of the circuit requirements given below:
 - All four circuit pressure Switches must be closed.
 - At least two out of three circuit limit Switches must be closed.
 - The reset Switch must not be closed.
 - iii. Using AND, OR, and NOT gates, design a logic circuit that will solve this hypothetical problem
 - iv. Prepare a comparison chart of different types of PLC
 - v. Prepare a maintenance plan for a given PLC system.

b. Micro Projects:

- 1. Troubleshoot the faulty equipment/kit available in automation laboratory
- 2. Select one industry and analyze the process and propose the automation strategies' that can be used for automation.
- 3. Develop a working model of a given application using given actuators and valves.
- 4. Develop a smart irrigation device to detect the change in moisture level in the soil and controls the flow of water accordingly with a DC pump.
- 5. Build an electronic device that can remotely control home appliances with your Bluetooth-enabled smartphone and a special Android application
- 6. Develop a PLC program to control the robot in such a way that the robot can automatically pick and place components and works in sync with the conveyor belt system.

c. Other Activities:

1. Seminar Topics- PLC instructions, Timers and Counters used in a given PLC

- 2. Seminar Topics- Industrial Applications of PLC and SCADA, AGV, Application of automation in different area, trouble shooting of different types of PLC
- 3. Visits Visit any industry with full or semi automation and prepare a report on industrial automation used by the industry in the given section, components used, power requirement, output achieved and maintenance activities required.
- 4. Surveys- Carry out a market/internet survey of PLC and prepare the comparative technical specifications of any one type of PLC (Micro or Mini) of different manufacturer.
- 5. Product Development- Develop a prototype automatic railway crossing system
- a. Software Development- Download any open source software for PLC and install on your laptop/PC and carry out basic PLC programming
- 6. Also download any open source software for SCADA and install on your laptop/PC and carry out basic SCADA HMI programming
- 7. Surveys Carry out a internet based survey to compare SCADA and DCS

d. Self-learning topics:

- Basic concepts of working of robot
- Automated material handling.
- Instrumentation systems for inspection and testing for quality of the product
- Use of robots in different applications
- Intelligent Transportation Systems
- Communication standards and protocols used in PLC
- Use of PLC for different industrial applications
- Use of SCADA for different industrial applications
- Interfacing of PLC
- M) Suggested Course Evaluation Matrix: The course teacher has to decide and use appropriate assessment strategy and its weightage in theory, laboratory and Term Work for ensuring CO attainment. The response/performance of each student in each of these designed activities is to be used to calculate CO attainment

	Tillient.						
			Co	urse Evalua	tion Matrix		
	Theory Asses	sment (TA)**	Lab Assessment (LA)#				
	Progressive End Theory Term Work & Self-Learning Assessment Assessment (ETA)						End Laboratory Assessment
COs	(PTA)		Assignments	Micro	Other	Assessment	
	Class/Mid			Projects	Activities*	(PLA)	(ELA)
	Sem Test			-			
CO-1	10%	20%	20%		33%	10%	20%
CO-2	15%	25%	20%		33%	15%	20%
CO-3	15%	20%	20%		34%	15%	20%
CO-4	30%	20%	20%	50%		30%	20%
CO-5	30%	15%	20%	50%		30%	20%
Total	30	70	20	20	10	20	30
Marks				50			

Legend:

*: Other Activities include self-learning, seminar, visits, surveys, product development, software development etc.

**: Mentioned under point- (N)

#: Mentioned under point- (O)

Note:

- The percentage given are approximate
- In case of Micro Projects and End Laboratory Assessment (ELA), the achieved marks will be equally divided in all those COs mapped with total experiments.
- For CO attainment calculation indirect assessment tools like course exit survey need to be used which comprises of questions related to achievement of each COs.
- **N)** Suggested Specification Table for End Semester Theory Assessment: Specification table represents the reflection of sample representation of assessment of cognitive domain of full course.

Unit Title and Number	Total	Relevant	Total		ETA (Marks)	
	Classroom Instruction (CI) Hours	COs Number (s)	Marks	Remember (R)	Understanding (U)	Application & above (A)
Unit1.0 Industrial automation Communication and Interfacing	9	CO1	14	5	4	5
Unit2.0 PLC Programming	12	CO2	17	5	6	6
Unit3.0 Installation and maintenance of PLC systems	10	CO3	14	4	5	5
Unit4.0 SCADA and DCS	9	CO4	14	4	5	5
Unit5.0 Applications of Industrial Automation	8	CO5	11	2	4	5
Total Marks	48		70	20	24	26

Note: Similar table can also be used to design class/mid-term/ internal question paper for progressive assessment.

O) Suggested Assessment Table for Laboratory (Practical):

		Dalassant		PLA/ELA	
S.	Laboratory, Dractical Titles	Relevant COs	Perfo	rmance	Viva-
No.	Laboratory Practical Titles	Number(s)	PRA*	PDA**	Voce
		Number(s)	(%)	(%)	(%)
1.	Transfer the control data from PLC to PC and vice versa	CO1	50	40	10
2.	Transfer the control data from PLC to PLC	CO1	50	40	10
3.	Transfer the sensor data from sensor to PLC to PLC and PC	CO1	50	40	10
4.	Interface the given PLC with a PC or a Laptop	CO1	50	40	10
5.	Identify Different parts and front panel indicators of a PLC	CO2	50	40	10
6.	Develop Ladder logic program for different arithmetic operations	CO2	50	40	10
7.	Develop Ladder logic program for different logical operations	CO2	50	40	10
8.	Program Latch and Unlatch circuit in a PLC for motor operation	CO2	50	40	10
9.	Create delay in operation using on delay, off delay and retentive timer function in a given PLC	CO2	50	40	10
10.	Count the number of objects/events using Up counter, Down counter and UP/Down counter in a PLC	CO2	50	40	10
11.	Program PLC using ladder logic to control a LED/Lamp	CO2	50	40	10
12.	Program PLC using ladder logic to control a simple traffic light system	CO2	50	40	10

		D.1		PLA/ELA	
S.	Loh ovetew. Dvestical Titles	Relevant	Perfo	rmance	Viva-
No.	Laboratory Practical Titles	COs Number(s)	PRA* (%)	PDA** (%)	Voce (%)
13.	Use hygrometer to measure the humidity inside the panel	CO3	50	40	10
14.	Use thermometer to measure ambient temperature inside the panel	CO3	50	40	10
15.	Use tester to determine the voltage fluctuation at the power supply terminals is within specifications	CO3	50	40	10
16.	A given PLC is not working as per the logic instructions investigate the PLC to identify the cause of failure to show the desired output	CO3	50	40	10
17.	Investigate the cause of Noise in the given PLC	CO3	50	40	10
18.	PLC goes on blackout out by losing its operating power. Troubleshoot the cause of failure.	CO3	50	40	10
19.	Troubleshoot the corrupted PLC memory.	CO3	50	40	10
20.	Replace CPU and power supply fuses in a given PLC system	CO3	50	40	10
21.	Download any open source SCADA software and install the same.	CO4	50	40	10
22.	Interpret the available components in symbol factory in SCADA software	CO4	50	40	10
23.	Create simple SCADA HMI applications and apply dynamic properties (Any Three). i. Turn on and off a tube light using a Switch ii. Apply filling and object size properties to a rectangle, square and round object iii. Move the object, fill the object using slider and meter reading. iv. Apply orientation property to a fan and control its direction using a slider. v. Move a square object horizontally first, then vertically and again horizontally by applying visibility property.	CO4	50	40	10
24.	Create historical and real time trends for the given automation	CO4	50	40	10
24	 i. Develop a smart irrigation device to detect the change in moisture level in the soil and controls the flow of water accordingly with a DC pump. ii. Build an electronic device that can remotely control home appliances with your Bluetooth-enabled smartphone and a special Android application iii. Develop a PLC program to control the robot in such a way that the robot can automatically pick and place components and works in sync with the conveyor belt system. iv. Develop a Automation system to Open and close the door in the shop v. Develop a line following robot with RFID sensor for supplying materials and automating workflow. 	CO5	60	30	10
	vi. Develop smart street light controlling mechanism which will Switch on/off the lights automatically depending on				

		Relevant	PLA/ELA			
S.	Laboratory Practical Titles	COs	Perfo	Viva-		
No.	Laboratory Practical Titles	Number(s)	PRA* (%)	PDA** (%)	Voce (%)	
	the intensity of the sunlight at that particular time of the day. vii. Develop smart automated railway crossing system to detect train arrival and departure and send appropriate signals to the microcontroller.					

Legend:

PRA*: Process Assessment PDA**: Product Assessment

Note:

This table can be used for both end semester as well as progressive assessment of practical. Rubrics need to be prepared by the course teacher for each experiment/practical to assess the student performance.

P) Suggested Instructional/Implementation Strategies: Different Instructional/ Implementation Strategies may be appropriately selected, as per the requirement of the content/outcome. Some of them are Improved Lecture, Tutorial, Case Method, Group Discussion, Industrial visits, Industrial Training, Portfolio Based Learning, Role Play, Live Demonstrations in Classrooms, Lab, Field, Information and Communications Technology (ICT) Based Teaching Learning, Blended or flipped mode, Brainstorming, Expert Sessions, Video Clippings, Use of Open Educational Resources (OER), MOOCs etc.

Q) List of Major Laboratory Equipment, Tools and Software:

S. No.	Name of Equipment, Tools and Software	Broad Specifications	Relevant Experiment/Practical Number
1.	SCADA software (reputed make like Allen Bradley, Siemens etc.,)	Ready-to-use symbol library, React and respond in real-time, Real time monitoring, Friendly, manageable, secure, extensible, Easy-to-use, easy to implement, Easy configuration, simplified maintenance, Communication with PLC, easy and flexible alarm definition, data collection and analysis for new and existing systems, easy-to-use for report generation, open access to historical data, different packages available with input/output structure. Open source software SCADA software: like Ellipse/FTVSE/Wonderware/ open SCADA can also be used	14
2.	Universal PLC Training System with HMI (Of reputed make such as Allen bradely, Siemens, etc.,) Compatible with SCADA software	Human Machine Interface (HMI) display, PLC with 16 digital inputs, 16 digital outputs with RS232 communication facility. Open platform to explore wide PLC and HMI applications. Industrial look & feel. Toggle Switches, push to ON Switch, proximity sensor, visual indicator, audio indicator, and DC motor. Experiments configurable through patch board.Powerful instruction sets. Several sample ladder and HMI programs. PC based ladder and HMI programming. Extremely easy and student friendly software to develop different programs. Easy downloading of programs. Practice troubleshooting skills. Compact tabletop ergonomic design. Robust construction. PLC gateway for cloud connectivity. Open source software like Ladder logic simulator, Pico soft Simulator, Logixpro simulator, Simple EDA tools can also be used	1 to 12
3.	Safety gears	Gloves, Safety goggles, Ear protection, Dust masks and respirators.	13
4.	Power tools	Power drills, Orbital sanders, Circular saws, Impact wrenches.	13
5.	Hand tools	Screwdrivers, Hammers, Hand saws, Hex Key Allen Wrench Set Inch and Metric, relay puller, Multi-Tool Wire Stripper/Crimper/Cutter	13

S. No.	Name of Equipment, Tools and Software	Broad Specifications	Relevant Experiment/Practical Number
6.	Electrical tools	Wire and cable strippers, Multimeters- Volts, Ohms, and Amps, Crimpers- Side Cutter Crimping, Wire Crimp Connector Kit, Digital Multimeter Clamp Meter with Amp, Volt, and Ohm, Non-Contact Voltage Tester	13
7.	Spare parts	PLC Programming Cables, SD Card Reader Compact flash, Wire Nut Set, Fuses- Class J 30, 35, 60, and 100 -amp fuses, Class CC 2, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20, and 30 -amp fuses, 5mm x 20mm 0.032 (for 4-20mA circuits), 0.5, 1, 2, 5, 10, and 15 amps, Cube Relays, Resistor Kit, batteries, LED Indicators PLC Processor (CPU), Input/output module	13
8.	Thermo-hygrometer	Measuring range Temp.: -30 60°C / -22 140°F Measuring range rel. Humidity: 0 100% rh, Measurement protocol as PDF, Data export possible as CSV, Readable without software, data sets of measured values can be stored.	13
9.	Digital Hygrometer	maximum humidity measurement- 100%RH, temperature measurement resolution -0.1egree centigrade, humidity measurement resolution -0.1%RH, minimum operating temperature10 to -20-degree centigrade, Maximum operating temperature +45 to +50 degree centigrade	13

R) Suggested Learning Resources:

(a) Books:

S. No.	Titles	Author(s)	Publisher and Edition with ISBN
1.	Introduction to Programmable Logic Controllers	Dunning, G.	Thomson /Delmar learning, New Delhi, 2005, ISBN 13: 9781401884260
2.	Programmable Logic Controllers	Petruzella, F.D.	McGraw Hill India, New Delhi, 2010, ISBN: 9780071067386
3.	Programmable Logic Controllers	Hackworth, John; Hackworth, Federic	PHI Learning, New Delhi, 2003, ISBN: 9780130607188
4.	Industrial automation and Process control	Stenerson Jon	PHI Learning, New Delhi, 2003, ISBN: 9780130618900
5.	Programmable Logic Controller	Jadhav, V. R.	Khanna publishers, New Delhi, 2017, ISBN: 9788174092281
6.	Programmable Logic Controllers and Industrial Automation - An introduction,	Mitra, Madhuchandra; Sengupta, Samarjit,	Penram International Publication, 2015, ISBN: 9788187972174
7.	Control System	Nagrath & Gopal	New Age International Pvt Ltd, ISBN: 9789386070111, 9789386070111
8.	Linear Control Systems with MATLAB Applications, Publisher:	Manke, B. S.	Khanna Publishers, ISBN: 9788174093103
9.	Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition	Boyar, S. A.	ISA Publication, USA, ISBN: 978- 1936007097
10.	Practical SCADA for industry,	Bailey David; Wright Edwin	Newnes (an imprint of Elsevier), UK 2003, ISBN:0750658053
11	Industrial Automation: Systems and Engineering	Geoffrey Williamson	States Academic Press , 2022 ISBN 9781649649270
12	Industrial Automation Technologies	Jane Taylor	States Academic Press 2023 ISBN 9781649649255
13	Introduction to Industrial Automation	Kian Pearson	Willford Press 2023, ISBN 9781682860864

(b) Online Educational Resources:

1. Software: - <u>www.fossee.com</u>

- 2. Software: www.logixpro.com
- 3. Software: <u>www.plctutor.com</u>
- 4. Software; www.ellipse.com
- 5. PLC lecture: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=pPiXEfBO2qo
- 6. PLC tutorial: http://users.isr.ist.utl.pt/~jag/aulas/apil3/docs/API I C3 3 ST.pdf
- 7. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=277wwYWolpw-PLC system troubleshooting and repair. Industrial control panel. PLC system repair.
- 8. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=5Jmtvrch5Jg
- 9. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=peyV9bwEaLY
- 10. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QdJhRmtKpxk&list=RDCMUCke36Liq-w5fboMHkq1APZw&index=3
- 11. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ygrrRwaJz3M

Note:

Teachers are requested to check the creative commons license status/ financial implications of the suggested OER, before use by the students.

(c) Others:

- 1. Learning Packages
- 2. Users' Guide
- 3. Manufacturers' Manual
- 4. Lab Manuals

S) Course Curriculum Development Team (NITTTR, Bhopal)

- Dr. Vandana Somkuwar (Coordinator)
- Dr. C.S.Rajeshwari (Co-coordinator)

A) Course Code : 2000605G/2000608G/2000611G

B) Course Title : Electric Vehicle (Advanced)
C) Prerequisite Course(s) : Electric Vehicle (Basics)

D) Rationale :

The automobile manufacturing sector in India is rapidly switching over to electric vehicles used for the public as well as private transport. The Govt. of India has launched the FAME-II Scheme (Faster Adoption and Manufacturing of Hybrid & Plug-in Electric Vehicles) to encourage the progressive induction of reliable, affordable and efficient electric and hybrid vehicles and to create demand for Electric Vehicles in the country. The technology is being evolved to enhance the vehicle's efficiency and running mileage by controlling the manufacturing, maintenance and recurring costs of such vehicles. Due to the rapid increase in EV demand, industries will also require skilled manpower in this area. This advanced course on electric vehicles is included as an open elective for all the diploma programmes to provide a sound knowledge of EVs to engineering diploma students and develop skills related to testing and maintenance of various electrical, electronic and mechanical systems in EVs.

E) Course Outcomes (COs): After the completion of the course, teachers are expected to ensure the learners' accomplishment of the following course outcomes. For this, the learners are expected to perform various activities related to three learning domains (Cognitive, Psychomotor and Affective) in classroom/ laboratory/ workshop/ field/ industry.

After completion of the course, the student will be able to-

- **CO-1** Compute various parameters affecting Vehicle movement.
- **CO-2** Test the operation of the different elements of the Automobile System.
- **CO-3** Test the battery and motor used for Power Transmission in EVs.
- **CO-4** Test electronic control unit system of EVs.
- **CO-5** Interpret the impact of Grid to Vehicle (G2V) and Vehicle to Grid (V2G) during the charging cycle.

F) Suggested Course Articulation Matrix (CAM):

Course		Programme Specific Outcomes* (PSOs)							
Outcomes	PO-1	PO-2	PO-3	PO-4	PO-5	PO-6	PO-7	PSO-1	PSO-2
(COs)	Basic and	Problem	Design/	Engineering		Project	Life Long		
	Discipline	Analysis	Development	Tools	Practices for Society,	Management	Learning		
	Specific of Solutions Sustainability and								
	Knowledge				Environment				
CO-1	3	-	1	2	-	-	1		
CO-2	3	2	2	3	1	1	-		
CO-3	2	2	2	3	3	1	3		
CO-4	2 3 - 2 2 - 2								
CO-5	3	2	-	2	3	1	2		

Legend: High (3), Medium (2), Low (1) and No mapping (-)

^{*} PSOs will be developed by respective programme coordinator at institute level. As per latest NBA guidelines, formulating PSOs is optional

G) Teaching & Learning Scheme:

			Scheme of Study (Hours/Week)						
Board of Study	Course Code	Course Title	Classroom Instruction (CI)		Lab Instruction (LI)	Notional Hours (TW+ SL)	Total Hours (CI+LI+TW+SL)	Total Credits (C)	
			L	Т					
	2000605G/	Electric Vehicle							
	2000608G/ 2000611G	(Advanced)	03	-	04	02	09	05	

Legend:

CI: Classroom Instruction (Includes different instructional/implementation strategies i.e. Lecture (L), Tutorial (T), Case method, Demonstrations, Video demonstration, Problem based learning etc. to deliver theoretical concepts)

LI: Laboratory Instruction (Includes experiments/practical performances /problem-based experiences in laboratory, workshop, field or other locations using different instructional/Implementation strategies)

Notional Hours: Hours of engagement by learners, other than the contact hours for ensuring learning.

TW: Term Work (includes assignments, seminars, micro projects, industrial visits, any other student activities etc.)

SL: Self Learning, MOOCs, spoken tutorials, online educational resources etc.

C: Credits = (1 x Cl hours) + (0.5 x Ll hours) + (0.5 x Notional hours)

Note: TW and SL have to be planned by the teacher and performed by the learner under the continuous guidance and feedback of teacher to ensure outcome of learning.

H) Assessment Scheme:

				Assessment Scheme (Marks)					
	a	au l	Theory Assessment (TA)		Term Work & Self- Learning Assessment (TWA)		Lab Assessment (LA)		WA+LA)
Board of Study	Course Code	Course Title	Progressive Theory Assessment (PTA)	End Theory Assessment (ETA)	Internal	External	Progressive Lab Assessment (PLA)	End Laboratory Assessment (ELA)	Total Marks (TA+TWA+LA)
	2000605 G/20006 08G/200 0611G	Electric Vehicle (Advanced)	30	70	20	30	20	30	200

Legend:

PTA: Progressive Theory Assessment in class room (includes class test, mid-term test and guiz using online/offline modes)

PLA: Progressive Laboratory Assessment (includes process and product assessment using rating Scales and rubrics)

TWA: Term work & Self Learning Assessment (Includes assessment related to student performance in assignments, seminars, micro projects, industrial visits, self-learning, any other student activities etc.

Note:

- Separate passing is must for progressive and end semester assessment for both theory and practical.
- ETA & ELA are to be carried out at the end of the term/ semester.
- Term Work is to be done by the students under the guidance of internal faculty but its assessment will be done internally (40%) as well as externally (60%). Assessment related to planning and execution of Term Work activities like assignment, micro project, seminar and self-learning is to be done by internal faculty (Internal Assessment) whereas assessment of output/product/ presentation related to these activities will be carried out by external faculty/expert (External Assessment). However, criteria of internal as well as external assessment may vary as per the requirement of respective course. For valid and reliable assessment, the internal faculty should prepare checklist & rubrics for these activities.
- Course Curriculum Detailing: This course curriculum detailing depicts learning outcomes at the course level and session level and their attainment by the students through Classroom Instruction (CI), Laboratory Instruction (LI), Term Work (SW) and Self Learning (SL). Students are expected to demonstrate the attainment of Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs) leading to the attainment of Course Outcomes (COs) upon the completion of the course. While curriculum detailing, NEP 2020-related reforms like

Green skills, Sustainability, Multidisciplinary aspects, Society connect, Indian Knowledge System (IKS) and others must be integrated appropriately.

J) Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Units:

Major Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevant COs
TSO 1a. Explain the vehicle movement process TSO 1b. Derive various equations for the movement of Vehicles TSO 1c. Compute different resistances affecting Vehicle movement. TSO 1d. Explain the dynamics of the given type of EV system.	Unit-1.0 Vehicle Dynamics 1.1 Vehicle Movement 1.2 Rolling Resistance: Equation, Coefficient, factor affecting rolling resistance, typical values of rolling resistance 1.3 Grading resistance 1.4 Road resistance 1.5 Acceleration resistance 1.6 Total driving resistance 1.7 Aerodynamic drag: Equation, typical values of the drag coefficient. 1.8 Vehicle dynamics • Hybrid and Electric Vehicles • DC Motor Dynamics and Control • AC Motor Dynamics and Control	CO1
 TSO 2 a. Identify the given elements of Automobile Systems. TSO 2 b. Describe the functions of the given elements of Automobile Systems. TSO 2 c. Explain the dynamic characteristics of the Disc Braking System for the given braking steps. TSO 2 d. Describe the Procedure for testing the given AC/DC motors. TSO 2 e. Describe the Procedure of Installation and Testing of the given EV Charging Stations. TSO 2 f. Describe the Procedure for Commissioning EV Charging Stations. TSO 2 g. Explain the functions of the EV Control Unit. 	Unit-2.0 Elements of Automobile 2.1 Suspension and Damping systems 2.2 Brake system: Half-step braking, Full step Braking 2.3 Transaxle 2.4 Elements of Noise Vibration and Harshness Control 2.5 Body balancing 2.6 Tyre Technology 2.7 AC/DC motor 2.8 Air-conditioning and Heating System 2.9 Lighting System 2.10 Automotive wiring system 2.11 Earthing and Insulation 2.12 Charging stations – Installation and Commissioning 2.13 Vehicle control unit	CO2
TSO 3a. Compare different power transmission systems in EVs. TSO 3b. List the main Components of the EV Power Train. TSO 3c. Explain the functions of the given EV Power Train component. TSO 3d. Describe the testing procedure of the given EV Power Train component. TSO 3e. Explain the regenerative braking operation in the given EV motor. TSO 3f. Describe the speed control mechanism of the given motor. TSO 3g. Explain various parameters of the given battery. TSO 3h. Select the suitable battery for the given EV application. TSO 3i. Describe the assembling and dismantling procedure of the given battery.	 Unit-3.0 EV Power Transmission System 3.1 Transmission System: Single and Multitransmission system 3.2 EV Power Train 3.3 EV Power Train Components: Battery Pack, DC-AC Converter, Electric Motor, On-Board Charger. 3.4 Battery Parameters: Voltage, Current, Charging rate, efficiency, energy density, power density, State of Charge (SoC), Depth of Discharge (DoD), State of Health (SoH), Operating Temperature, specific energy, specific power, life cycle and cost. 3.5 Battery Assembly and Dismantling. 3.6 Gear and Differential Assembly 3.7 Safe disposal of used battery 	CO3

Major Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)		Units	Relevant COs Number(s)
TSO 3j.	Describe the Mechanism of Gear and Differential Assembly.		
TSO 4a. TSO 4b. TSO 4c. TSO 4d. TSO 4e.	Describe the Vehicle Control Unit (VCU). Describe the functions of the given component of the Electronic Control Unit. Describe the connections of the given control unit with the EV sub-system. Explain the Interaction of Controller Area Network Communication with VCU. Describe the Troubleshooting and Assessment procedure of VCU.	 Unit- 4.0 Vehicle Control Unit (VCU) 4.1 Electronic Control Unit: Battery Management System, DC-DC Converter, Thermal Management System and Body Control Module. 4.2 Predefined functions 4.3 Connections with EV subsystem 4.4 Controller Area Network (CAN) communication 4.5 Interaction of CAN Communication with VCU. 4.6 Troubleshooting and Assessment 4.7 Dynamometers: Introduction 4.8 Environmental Chambers 	CO4
TSO 5a. Explain the Classification of Charging Technologies. TSO 5b. Explain the impact of the Grid on Vehicle Charging and Vehicle Charging on the Grid. TSO 5c. Describe the testing procedure of the given Bidirectional charging systems. TSO 5d. Explain the Energy Management Strategies in the EV. TSO 5e. Explain the Wireless Power Transfer (WPT) technique for EV Charging.		 Unit- 5.0 EV Charging Technologies 5.1 Charging Technology: Classification 5.2 Grid-to-Vehicle (G2V) 5.3 Vehicle to Grid (V2G) or Vehicle to Buildings (V2B) or Vehicle to Home(V2H). 5.4 Bi-directional EV Charging Systems. 5.5 Energy Management Strategies. 5.6 Wireless Power Transfer (WPT) technique for EV Charging. 	CO5

Note: One major TSO may require more than one theory session/Period.

K) Suggested Laboratory (Practical) Session Outcomes (LSOs) and List of Practical (2000608G):

Practical/Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs)		S. No.	Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s)
LSO 2.1	Test the operation of the Control Disc Braking system and control the regenerative braking system using a test rig.	1.	Testing of Control Disc Braking system and Control Regenerative Braking system.	CO2
LSO 2.2	Test the performance (Speed v/s Braking Torque) of the Disc Braking System in Half step and Full step braking modes.			
LSO 2.3	Test the performance of different types of propulsion motors.	2.	Testing of Motors	
LSO 2.4	Test the continuity of the automotive wiring system in the EV	3.	Testing of the automotive wiring system.	
LSO 3.1	Test the performance of a new set of batteries and aged batteries.	4.	Testing of Batteries used in EVs	CO2, CO3
LSO 3.2	Compare the performance of the battery and find the Fuel Gauge after discharging the battery. a. 0% - 100% b. 30% - 100% c. 50% - 100%			
LSO 3.3	Evaluate the following parameters of the given EV battery. a. Specific power			
	b. Specific energy			

Practical/Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs)	S. No.	Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s)
c. Life span and			
d. Cost parameters			
LSO 3.4 Evaluate the State of Health (SoH) of the given EV Battery after several charge/discharge cycles.			
LSO 3.5 Test the dynamic performance of the given motor;	5.	Speed control of Electrical Motors	
a) Speed and torque spectrum.b) Speed and torque oscillation			
c) Friction torque friction spectrum.			
LSO 3.6 Test the following speed-controlled performance characteristics of the given motor; a. Motor voltage over time			
b. Motor current over time.			
c. Speed and torque over time.			
d. Torque over speed.			
e. Current over speed.			
f. Electrical input power and the mechanical input power over speed			
LSO 4.1 Connect the components of the EC Units with EV subsystems.	6.	Connection of Electronic Control Unit components	CO4
LSO 4.2 Troubleshoot basic faults in the electronic control unit of EV.		Troubleshooting of electronic control unit	
LSO 5.1 Evaluate the impact of the Grid on Vehicle Charging and Vehicle Charging on the Grid.	7.	Impacts of G2V and V2G	CO 5
LSO 5.2 Prepare a layout of a charging station	8.	Demonstration of Charging stations	

- L) Suggested Term Work and Self-Learning (2000611G): Some sample suggested assignments, micro projects and other activities are mentioned here for reference.
 - **a. Assignments**: Questions/ Problems/ Numerical/ Exercises to be provided by the course teacher in line with the targeted COs.

b. Micro Projects:

- 1. Design and build a physical model of an EV motor and powertrain components from scratch.
- 2. Build and simulate communication systems of EVs using some software tools.
- 3. Prepare a report on "the way carbon credit works and companies utilize it to reduce their emission values".
- 4. Develop an EV prototype power train using locally procured hardware components.

c. Other Activities:

1. Seminar Topics:

- Safe disposal process of Used Batteries.
- Charging Technologies used for charging the EV.
- EV power transmission systems.
- 2. Surveys Visit an electric vehicle manufacturing plant and prepare report on HVAC system used in EV.

3. Self-learning topics:

- Impact of fleet charging of EVs on Power Systems.
- Energy Management in EV.
- Fuel Cell powered bus.
- EV Battery disposal and recycling.
- Mobility and connectors.

M) Suggested Course Evaluation Matrix: The course teacher has to decide and use the appropriate assessment strategy and its weightage, in theory, laboratory and Term Work for ensuring CO attainment. The response/performance of the student in each of these designed activities is to be used to calculate CO attainment.

	Course Evaluation Matrix							
	Theory Asses	sment (TA)**	Term Wo	Term Work Assessment (TWA)			ment (LA)#	
COs	Progressive Theory Assessment (PTA)	End Theory Assessment (ETA)	Term Work & Self-Learning Assessment			Progressive Lab Assessment	End Laboratory Assessment	
	Class/Mid Sem Test		Assignments	Micro Projects	Other Activities*	(PLA)	(ELA)	
CO-1	20%	15%	20%					
CO-2	20%	20%	20%			35%	25%	
CO-3	20%	30%	20%	70%	40%	40%	25%	
CO-4	20%	25%	20%	30%	20%	10%	25%	
CO-5	20%	10%	20% 40%		15%	25%		
Total	30	70	20 20 10			20	30	
Marks			50					

Legend:

*: Other Activities include self- learning, seminar, visits, surveys, product development, software development etc.

**: Mentioned under point- (N) #: Mentioned under point- (O)

Note:

- The percentage given are approximate
- In case of Micro Projects and End Laboratory Assessment (ELA), the achieved marks will be equally divided in all those COs mapped with total experiments.
- For CO attainment calculation indirect assessment tools like course exit survey need to be used which comprises of questions related to achievement of each COs.

N) Suggested Specification Table for End Semester Theory Assessment: Specification table represents the reflection of sample representation of assessment of the cognitive domain of the full course.

Unit Title and Number	Total	Relevant	Total	ETA (Marks)			
	Classroom Instruction (CI) Hours	COs Number (s)	Marks	Remember (R)	Understanding (U)	Application & above (A)	
Unit-1.0 Vehicle Dynamics	8	CO1	12	4	5	3	
Unit-2.0 Elements of Automobile.	10	CO2	15	5	6	4	
Unit-3.0 EV Power Transmission System.	14	CO3	20	4	10	6	
Unit-4.0 Vehicle Control Unit (VCU)	10	CO4	15	4	6	5	
Unit-5.0 Charging Technologies	6	CO5	8	3	3	2	
Total Marks	48		70	20	30	20	

Note: Similar table can also be used to design class/mid-term/ internal question papers for progressive assessment.

O) Suggested Assessment Table for Laboratory (Practical):

		Dalassant		PLA /ELA		
S.	Labourtous Direction Little	Relevant COs		Performance		
N.	Laboratory Practical Titles	Number(s)	PRA* (%)	PDA** (%)	Voce (%)	
1	Testing of Control Disc Braking system and Control Regenerative Braking system.					
2	Testing of Motors.	CO2	60	30	10	
3.	Testing of automotive wiring system.					
4.	Testing of Batteries used in EVs	CO2, CO3	60	30	10	
5.	Speed control of Electrical Motors		60	30	10	
6.	Connection of Electronic Control Unit components	CO4	60	30	10	
7.	Troubleshooting of electronic control unit					
7	Impacts of G2V and V2G	CO 5	30	60	10	
8	Demonstration of Charging stations		70	20	10	

Legend:

PRA*: Process Assessment PDA**: Product Assessment

Note: This table can be used for both the end semester as well as progressive assessment of practicals. Rubrics need to be prepared by the course teacher for each experiment/practical to assess the student's performance.

P) Suggested Instructional/Implementation Strategies: Different Instructional/ Implementation Strategies may be appropriately selected, as per the requirement of the content/outcome. Some of them are Improved Lecture, Tutorial, Case Method, Group Discussion, Industrial visits, Industrial Training, Portfolio Based Learning, Role Play, Live Demonstrations in Classrooms, Lab, Field, Information and Communications Technology (ICT) Based Teaching Learning, Blended or flipped mode, Brainstorming, Expert Sessions, Video Clippings, Use of Open Educational Resources (OER), MOOCs etc.

Q) List of Major Laboratory Equipment, Tools and Software:

S. No.	Name of Equipment, Tools and Software	Broad Specifications	Relevant Experiment/Practical Number
1.	Disc Braking and Regenerative braking system test rig	Test rig equipment for Demonstration of Disc Braking and Regenerative Braking system operation.	1
2.	Disc Braking System	Test rig / Software for testing the performance of the disc braking system in Half step and Full step braking mode.	1
3.	Induction motor	Induction motor For EV applications with testing kit	2,5
4.	Switched reluctance motor	Switched reluctance motor for EV applications with testing kit	2,5
5.	Permanent magnet (PM) DC motors	Permanent magnet (PM) DC motors for EV applications with testing kit	2,5
6.	Automotive wiring system	Testing facility of automotive wiring system using software /actual EV systems	3

S. No.	Name of Equipment, Tools and Software	Broad Specifications	Relevant Experiment/Practical Number
7.	Lithium Ion and Lead-acid Batteries	12V, 7Ah with testing setup.	4
8.	Nickel-based batteries (metal hydride and cadmium battery).	12V, 7Ah with testing setup.	4
9.	Battery tester	For testing battery parameters	4
10.	Battery charger	Battery charger for EV	4
11.	Battery Management System	Training kit or simulation for BMS	4
12.	DC-DC Converter	48V to 12V bidirectional DC-DC Converter	4
13.	Power Analyser	To observe the impacts of G2V and V2G	5
14.	BMS setup	For Demonstration & training	4
15.	DC power supply	0-32V	5
16.	Charging Station Simulator	For Demonstration & training purposes.	5
17.	EC Unit with EV subsystems	Electronic Control Unit Hardware parts/ software for demonstrating the Connection of Electronic Control Unit components with EV subsystems.	6,7
18.	Facility to demonstrate the impact of the Grid on Vehicle Charging and Vehicle Charging on the Grid.	-	7

R) Suggested Learning Resources:

(a) Books:

S. No.	Titles	Author(s)	Publisher and Edition with ISBN
1.	Electric Vehicles: And the End of the ICE age	Anupam Singh	Kindle Edition ASIN: B07R3WFR28
2.	Wireless Power Transfer Technologies for Electric Vehicles (Key Technologies on New Energy Vehicles)	Xi Zhang, Chong Zhu, Haitao Song	Springer Verlag, Singapore; 1st ed. 2022 edition (23 January 2022) ISBN-13: 978-9811683473
3.	Modern Electric, Hybrid Electric, and Fuel Cell Vehicles	EHSANI	CRC Press; Third edition (1 January 2019) ISBN-13: 978-0367137465
4.	Electric Powertrain: Energy Systems, Power Electronics and Drives for Hybrid, Electric and Fuel Cell Vehicles	John G. Hayes, G. Abas Goodarzi	Wiley; 1st edition (26 January 2018) ISBN-13: 978-1119063643
5.	New Perspectives on Electric Vehicles	Marian Găiceanu (Editor)	IntechOpen (30 March 2022) ISBN-13: 978-1839696145
6.	Electric and Hybrid Vehicles,	Tom Denton, Taylor & Francis	2nd Edition (2020) ISBN- 9780429296109
7.	Hybrid Electric Vehicles: Energy Management Strategies	S. Onori, L. Serrao and G. Rizzoni	Springer (2016) ISBN: 978-1-4471-6781-5
8.	Electric & Hybrid Vehicles	A.K. Babu	Khanna Publishing House, New Delhi, 1st Edition (2018) ISBN: 9789386173713, 9386173719

S. No.	Titles	Author(s)	Publisher and Edition with ISBN
9.	Power Electronics: Circuits, Devices and Applications,	Rashid, M. H.	Pearson, 3rd edition, (2013) ASIN: B07HB3BM1W
10	Electric Vehicle Engineering	Liana Walker	Clanrye International 2023, ISBN-978164729097
11	Electric Vehicles: Current Progress & Technologies	variessa sories	Murphy & Moore Publishing 2023, ISBN 9781649872746
12	20 Electric and Hybrid Vehicles: Principles, Design and Technology	ivially ivial priy	Larsen and Keller Education 2023 ISBN 9781641728520

(b) Online Educational Resources:

- 1. https://www.energy.gov/eere/fuelcells/fuel-cell-systems
- 2. https://powermin.gov.in/en/content/electric-vehicle
- 3. https://www.iea.org/reports/electric-vehicles
- 4. https://www.oercommons.org/search?f.search=Electric+Vehicles
- 5. https://fame2.heavyindustries.gov.in/Index.aspx

Note: Teachers are requested to check the creative commons license status/ financial implications of the suggested, online educational recourses before use by the students.

(c) Others:

- 1. Learning Packages on EV
- 2. EV Users' Guide
- 3. EV Manufacturers' Manual
- 4. EV Lab Manuals

S) Course Curriculum Development Team (NITTTR, Bhopal)

- Dr. A. S. Walkey (Coordinator)
- Dr. S. S. Kedar (Co-coordinator)

A) Course Code : 2000605H/2000608H/2000611H

B) Course Title : Robotics (Advance)
C) Pre- requisite Course(s) : Robotics (Basic)

D) Rationale :

Efficiency and quality are the demands of industry 4.0. Robotics is a constituent of Industry 4.0 which not only provides the former two but also is beneficial for hazardous and similar challenging situations. The use of robotic technology is developing at a very fast rate in all types of industries whether manufacturing, service or tertiary. Engineers should be competent to use the robotic technology for industry and society advantage. This course aims for the diploma engineers to have advanced skills in robotic applications and use in digital manufacturing.

E) Course Outcomes (COs): After the completion of the course, teachers are expected to ensure the accomplishment of following course outcomes by the learners. For this, the learners are expected to perform various activities related to three learning domains (Cognitive, Psychomotor and Affective) in classroom/laboratory/workshop/field/industry.

After completion of the course, the students will be able to-

- **CO-1** Plan the use of robots in engineering applications.
- **CO-2** Elucidate the conceptual place of the robotic components for engineering processes.
- **CO-3** Use robots for small automatic robotic applications.
- **CO-4** Compute the economics associated with use of robots in industries.
- **CO-5** Select appropriate robot for industrial requirements and other applications.

F) Suggested Course Articulation Matrix (CAM):

Course	Programme Outcomes (POs) Course								
Outcomes	PO-1	PO-2	PO-3	PO-4	PO-5	PO-6	PO-7	PSO-1	PSO-2
(COs)	Basic and	Problem	Design/Developme	Engineering	Engineering	Project	Life		
	Discipline	Analysis	nt of Solutions	Tools	Practices for	Managem	Long		
	Specific				Society,	ent	Learnin		
	Knowledge				Sustainability and Environment		g		
CO-1	-	-	3	-	2	-	2		
CO-2	-	2	3	2	-	-	-		
CO-3	3	2	3	-	-	-	2		
CO-4	3	-	-	2	-	-	-		
CO-5	3	2	-	-	2	-	-		

Legend: High (3), Medium (2), Low (1) and No mapping (-)

G) Teaching & Learning Scheme:

			Scheme of Study (Hours/Week)						
Board of Study	Course Code	Cours e Title	Instru	room uction CI)	Lab Instruction (LI)	Notional Hours (TW+ SL)	Total Hours (CI+LI+TW+SL)	Total Credits (C)	
			L	Т					
		Robotics (Advance)	03	-	04	02	09	05	

^{*} PSOs will be developed by respective programme coordinator at institute level. As per latest NBA guidelines, formulating PSOs is optional

Legend:

CI: Classroom Instruction (Includes different instructional/implementation strategies i.e. Lecture (L), Tutorial (T), Case method, Demonstrations, Video demonstration, Problem based learning etc. to deliver theoretical concepts)

LI: Laboratory Instruction (Includes experiments/practical performances/ problem-based experiences in laboratory, workshop, field or other locations using different instructional/Implementation strategies)

Notional Hours: Hours of engagement by learners, other than the contact hours for ensuring learning.

TW: Term work (includes assignments, seminars, micro projects, industrial visits, any other student activities etc.)

SL: Self Learning, MOOCs, spoken tutorials, online educational resources etc

C: Credits = $(1 \times Cl \text{ hours}) + (0.5 \times Ll \text{ hours}) + (0.5 \times Notional hours})$

Note: TW and SL have to be planned by the teacher and performed by the learner under the continuous guidance and feedback of teacher to ensure outcome of learning.

H) Assessment Scheme:

				As	sessment Sch	eme (Marl	cs)		•	1
Board	Code		Theory Ass (TA		Term Wo Learning A (TW		Lab Asse (L/		+TWA+L	
of Study	Se	Course Title	Progressive Theory Assessment (PTA)	End Theory Assessment (ETA)	Internal	External	Progressive Lab Assessment (PLA)	End Laboratory Assessment (ELA)	Total Marks (TA+TWA+LA)	
	2000605H /2000608H /2000611H		30	70	20	30	20	30	200	

Legend:

PTA: Progressive Theory Assessment in class room (includes class test, mid-term test and quiz using online/offline modes)

PLA: Progressive Laboratory Assessment (includes process and product assessment using rating Scales and rubrics)

TWA: Term work & Self Learning Assessment (Includes assessment related to student performance in assignments, seminars, micro

projects, industrial visits, self-learning, any other student activities etc.

Note:

- · Separate passing is must for progressive and end semester assessment for both theory and practical.
- ETA & ELA are to be carried out at the end of the term/ semester.
- Term Work is to be done by the students under the guidance of internal faculty but its assessment will be done internally (40%) as well as externally (60%). Assessment related to planning and execution of Term Work activities like assignment, micro project, seminar and self-learning is to be done by internal faculty (Internal Assessment) whereas assessment of output/product/ presentation related to these activities will be carried out by external faculty/expert (External Assessment). However, criteria of internal as well as external assessment may vary as per the requirement of respective course. For valid and reliable assessment, the internal faculty should prepare checklist & rubrics for these activities.
- Course Curriculum Detailing: This course curriculum detailing depicts learning outcomes at course level and session level and their attainment by the students through Classroom Instruction (CI), Laboratory Instruction (LI), Term Work (TW) and Self Learning (SL). Students are expected to demonstrate the attainment of Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs) leading to attainment of Course Outcomes (COs) upon the completion of the course. While curriculum detailing, NEP 2020 related reforms like Green skills, Sustainability, Multidisciplinary aspects, Society connect, Indian Knowledge System (IKS) and others must be integrated appropriately.

J) Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Units:

Major Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevant COs Number(s)
TSO 1a. Define the need and scope of industrial robots. TSO 1b. Describe the concept of robot dynamics with regards to methods for orientation and location of objects. TSO 1c. Analyse robot direct kinematics for the given 2 DOF planar manipulator. TSO 1d. List types of robots TSO 1e. List safety steps while handling the given robot. TSO 1f. Interface robots with the given welding machine. TSO 1g. Interface robots with the given painting machine. TSO 1h. Interface robots with the given assembly machine.	Unit-1.0 Robot Kinematics, Dynamics and Industrial Applications 1.1 Definition need and scope of Industrial robots 1.2 Robot dynamics – Methods for orientation and location of objects 1.3 Planar Robot Kinematics – Direct and inverse kinematics for 2 Degrees of Freedom. 1.4 Safety while operating and handling robot 1.5 Robot Industrial applications: • Welding Robots-Welding Guns, Welding Electrodes, Welding Power Sources, shielding gases, Robot interfacing • Spray painting Robots, assembly operation, cleaning.	CO2, CO3
TSO 2a. Explain the techniques to control robot motion. TSO 2b. Describe the given robot drive system. TSO 2c. Describe the types of grippers. TSO 2d. Design grippers for specific application. TSO 2e. Test the designed gripper for the application. TSO 2f. Use Bar code technology for robotic applications. TSO 2g. Integrate radio frequency identification technology in robotic applications. TSO 2h. Assemble an automated guided vehicle for the given situation using standard components. TSO 2i. Assemble a simple automated storage and retrieval systems (ASRS) for the given situation using standard components.	Unit- 2.0 Robot Drives, Control and Material Handling 2.1 Controlling the Robot motion. 2.2 Position and velocity sensing devices. 2.3 Drive systems – Hydraulic and Pneumatic drives 2.4 Linear and rotary actuators and control valves 2.5 Electro hydraulic servo valves, electric drives, motors 2.6 End effectors – Vacuum, magnetic and air operated grippers 2.7 Material Handling; automated guided vehicle systems, automated storage and retrieval systems (ASRS) 2.8 Bar code technology 2.9 Radio frequency identification technology.	CO2, CO3
TSO 3a. Differentiate between various work cell layouts. TSO 3b. Select work cell for specific robot with justification. TSO 3c. Analyse robot cycle time. TSO 3d. Explain industrial applications of robotic cell. TSO 3e. Follow safety procedures in robotic cell. TSO 4a. List different programming languages for the robots TSO 4b. Describe artificial intelligence TSO 4c. Write a programme in the required language to operate a robot for the given task. TSO 4d. Optimise robot programming parameters.	Unit- 3.0 Robot Cell Design and Application 3.1 Robot work cell design, control and safety 3.2 Robot cell layouts 3.3 Multiple Robots and machine interference 3.4 Robot cycle time analysis 3.5 Industrial application of robotic cells Unit- 4.0 Robot Programming and Economics of Robotization 4.1 Characteristics of task level languages through programming methods 4.2 Motion interpolation 4.3 Artificial intelligence: Goals of artificial intelligence, Al techniques, problem	CO3 CO1, CO4, CO5

Major Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevant COs Number(s)
TSO 4e. Select a robot on the basis of cycle time analysis. TSO 4f. Conduct an economic analysis for use of robots. TSO 4g. Follow testing methods and acceptance rules for industrial robots.	representation in AI 4.4 Problem reduction and solution techniques. 4.5 Application of AI and KBES in Robots 4.6 Selection of Robots; Factors influencing the choice of a robot, selection of robot components, robot performance testing, work cycle time analysis 4.7 Economics analysis for robotics, cost data required for the analysis 4.8 Methods of economic analysis; Pay back method, equivalent uniform annual cost method, return on investment method. 4.9 Testing methods and acceptance rules for industrial robots	
TSO 5a. Describe applications of robots in healthcare and medicine. TSO 5b. Describe applications of robots in Construction industry. TSO 5c. Describe applications of robots in Underground coal mining. TSO 5d. Describe applications of robots in untilities, military & firefighting operations. TSO 5e. Describe applications of robots in undersea and space TSO 5f. Describe applications of robots in brief in logistics, retail and hospitality, and smart cities. TSO 5g. Describe applications of robots in farming and agriculture in brief explain in brief the use of microrobots, nano robots, soft robots, humanoid robots	Environments 5.1 Applications of Robots in Healthcare and medicine Construction industry Underground coal mines Utilities, military & firefighting operations Undersea Space Logistics, Retail and Hospitality Smart Cities Farming and Agriculture Overview of Microrobots, nano robots, soft robots, humanoid robots	COS

Note: One major TSO may require more than one Theory session/Period.

K) Suggested Laboratory (Practical) Session Outcomes (LSOs) and List of Practical (2000608H):

Practical/Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs)	S. No.	Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s)
LSOs 1.1 Identify Wireless Sensor Network. LSOs 2.1 LSOs 1.2 Use wireless sensor Network for different robotic applications	1.	Identify different wireless sensor network in robotics viz. ZigBee, LoRa.	CO1, CO3
LSOs 2.2 Identify different Radio Frequency (RF) Controlled Wireless LSOs 2.2 Use Radio Frequency (RF) Controlled Wireless for different robotic applications.	2.	Use different Radio Frequency (RF) Controlled Wireless Robots.	CO1, CO2
LSOs 3.1 Identify the different Voice operated robot with speaker identification technology	3.	Examine different voice operated robot with speaker identification technology.	CO1, CO3

Practical/Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs)	S. No.	Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s)
LSOs 3.2 Use different Voice operated robot with speaker identification technology for different robotic applications.			
LSOs 5.1 Identify the components required for a computer-controlled pick and place robot (wireless). LSOs 5.2 Integrate the components for the required application.	4.	Design a computer-controlled pick and place robot (wireless)	CO1
LSOs 6.1 Identify the components required for a Zigbee controlled Boat with wireless video and voice transmission. LSOs 6.2 Integrate the components for the required application.	5.	Design a Zigbee controlled Boat with wireless video and voice transmission.	CO2, CO3
LSOs 8.1 Identify the components required for a PC controlled wireless Multipurpose robot for engineering applications. LSOs 8.2 Integrate the components for the required application.	6.	Design a PC controlled wireless Multipurpose robot for simple engineering applications.	CO2, CO4, CO5
LSOs 9.1 Identify the components required for an unmanned arial photography LSOs 9.2 Integrate the components for the required application.	7.	Design an unmanned arial photography system.	CO3, CO5
LSOs 10.1 Develop a program LSOs 10.2 Simulate palletizing and depalletizing operations through robots.	8.	Develop program for real time (online TPP) Palletizing and Depalletizing operations through robots.	CO5
LSOs 11.1 Develop a program LSOs 11.2 Simulate direction control and step control logic for robotization	9.	Develop TPP / Offline program for vision-based inspection for robots.	CO4, CO5
LSOs 12.1 Develop a program LSOs 12.2 Simulate robotising an inspection and part assembly.	10.	Program and simulate coordinated identification, inspection and part assembly for robots.	CO1, CO5
LSOs 13.1 Develop a program. LSOs 13.2 Simulate obstacle avoidance of robots.	11.	Develop obstacle avoidance robot Programming	CO1, CO5
LSOs 14.1 PLC programming. LSOs 14.2 Simulate robotising of welding operation.	12.	Program and simulate welding operation using robot simulation software.	CO1, CO5
LSOs 15.1 Simulate robotising of drilling operation.	13.	TPP / Offline program for drilling operation.	CO1, CO5
LSOs 16.1Develop a program for an industrial application. LSOs 16.2Execute the robot programme.	14.	Program to execute an industrial robot application using a given configuration.	CO1, CO5
LSOs 17.1 Use robot simulation software for Direct Kinematic analysis upto 4-axis robots LSOs 17.2 Correlate the simulated results with respective mathematical calculations.	15.	Analyse Direct Kinematics of 4-axis robot using available software.	CO2

- **L)** Suggested Term Work and Self Learning (2000611H): Some sample suggested assignments, micro project and other activities are mentioned here for reference.
 - **a. Assignments**: Questions/Problems/Numerical/Exercises to be provided by the course teacher in line with the targeted COs.
 - **b. Micro Projects:** A suggestive list of micro-projects is given here. Similar micro-projects that match the COs could be added by the concerned course teacher. The student should strive to identify eco-friendly or recycled material prior to selection for robotic applications.

- 1. Develop coin separating robot.
- 2. Develop robot using radio frequency sensors for material handling.
- 3. Develop robot for land mine detection.
- 4. Develop a robot for car washing.

c. Other Activities:

- 1. Seminar Topics: Recent developments in the industrial applications of robotics
- 2. Visits: Visit a robotic exhibition.
- 3. Case Study: Identify a robotic application in automobiles and present a case study
- 4. Download videos related to simple robotic applications in domestic and industrial purposes.
- 5. Self-learning topics:
 - Robotic component manufacturers
- M) Suggested Course Evaluation Matrix: The course teacher has to decide and use appropriate assessment strategy and its weightage in theory, laboratory and Term Work for ensuring CO attainment. The response/performance of each student in each of these designed activities is to be used to calculate CO attainment.

	Course Evaluation Matrix									
	Theory Asses	sment (TA)**	Term W	ork Assessm	ent (TWA)	Lab Assessment (LA)#				
COs	Progressive Theory Assessment (PTA)	End Theory Assessment (ETA)	Term V	Vork & Self- Assessmen	•	Progressive Lab Assessment	End Laboratory Assessment			
	Class/Mid		Assignments	nments Micro Other		(PLA)	(ELA)			
	Sem Test			Projects	Activities*					
CO-1	25%	23%	20%	10%	25%	10%	20%			
CO-2	20 %	23%	20%	10%	25%	20%	20%			
CO-3	15%	17%	20%	25%	25%	20%	20%			
CO-4	20%	20%	20%	15%	25%	20%	20%			
CO-5	20%	17%	20%	40%		30%	20%			
Total	30	70	20	20	10	20	30			
Marks			1	50		1				

Legend:

*: Other Activities include self-learning, seminar, visits, surveys, product development, software development etc.

**: Mentioned under point- (N)

#: Mentioned under point-(O)

Note:

- The percentage given are approximate
- In case of Micro Projects and End Laboratory Assessment (ELA), the achieved marks will be equally divided in all those COs mapped with total experiments.
- For CO attainment calculation indirect assessment tools like course exit survey need to be used which comprises of questions related to achievement of each COs.
- **N)** Suggested Specification Table for End Semester Theory Assessment: Specification table represents the reflection of sample representation of assessment of cognitive domain of full course.

Unit Number and Title	Total	Relevant	Total		ETA (Marks)		
	Classroom Instruction (CI) Hours	COs Number (s)	Marks	Remember (R)	Understanding (U)	Application & above (A)	
Unit-1.0 Robot Kinematics, Dynamics and Industrial Applications	12	CO2, CO3	16	6	5	5	
Unit– 2.0 Robot Drives, Control and Material Handling	10	CO2, CO3	16	4	8	4	

Total M	larks	48		70	20	25	25
Environmer							
Unit- 5.0 Applicati Non-manuf		8	CO5	12	4	4	4
Unit– 4.0 Robot Pr and Econon Robotizatio	nics of	10	CO1, CO4, CO5	14	4	4	6
Unit-3.0 Robot Co and Applica	_	8	CO3	12	2	4	6

Note: Similar table can also be used to design class/mid-term/ internal question paper for progressive assessment.

O) Suggested Assessment Table for Laboratory (Practical):

			PLA/ELA			
S. No.	Laboratory Practical Titles	Relevant COs	Performance		Viva-	
	Laboratory Practical Titles	Number(s)	PRA*	PDA**	Voce	
		(s)	(%)	(%)	(%)	
1.	Identify different wireless sensor network in robotics viz. ZigBee, LoRa.	CO1, CO3	40	40	20	
2.	Use different Radio Frequency (RF) Controlled Wireless Robots.	CO1, CO2	40	40	20	
3.	Examine different voice operated robot with speaker identification technology.	CO1, CO3	40	40	20	
4.	Design a computer-controlled pick and place robot (wireless)	CO1, CO4	40	40	20	
5.	Design a Zigbee controlled Boat with wireless video and voice transmission.	CO2, CO3	40	40	20	
6.	Design a PC controlled wireless Multipurpose robot for simple engineering applications.	CO3, CO4	40	40	20	
7.	Design an unmanned arial photography system.	CO3, CO5	40	40	20	
8.	Develop program for real time (online TPP) Palletizing and Depalletizing operations through robots.	CO5	40	40	20	
9.	Develop TPP / Offline program for vision-based inspection for robots.	CO4, CO5	40	40	20	
10.	Program and simulate coordinated identification, inspection and part assembly for robots.	CO1, CO5	40	40	20	
11.	Develop Obstacle avoidance robot Programming	CO1, CO5	40	40	20	
12.	Program and simulate welding operation using robot simulation software.	CO1, CO5	40	40	20	
13.	TPP / Offline program for drilling operation.	CO1, CO5	40	40	20	
14.	Program to execute an industrial robot application using a given configuration.	CO1, CO5	40	40	20	
15.	Analyse Direct Kinematics of 4-axis robot using available software.	CO2, CO3	40	40	20	

Legend:

PRA*: Process Assessment PDA**: Product Assessment

Note: This table can be used for both end semester as well as progressive assessment of practical. Rubrics need to be prepared by the course teacher for each experiment/practical to assess the student performance.

P) Suggested Instructional/Implementation Strategies: Different Instructional/Implementation Strategies may be appropriately selected, as per the requirement of the content/outcome. Some of them are Improved Lecture, Tutorial, Case Method, Group Discussion, Industrial visits, Industrial Training, Portfolio Based Learning, Role Play, Live Demonstrations in Classrooms, Lab, Field, Information and Communications Technology (ICT) Based Teaching Learning, Blended or flipped mode, Brainstorming, Expert Sessions, Video Clippings, Use of Open Educational Resources(OER), MOOCs etc.

Q) List of Major Laboratory Equipment, Tools and Software:

S.No.	Name of Equipment, Tools and Software	Broad Specifications	Relevant Experiment/ Practical Number
1.	6 Axis Articulated Robot (Material Handling)- 1 No	 Articulated Type Controlled axis: 6-axes (J1, J2, J3, J4, J5, J6) Reach: 717 mm Installation Floor, Upside-down (Angle mount) Motion range (Maximum Speed) J1 Axis Rotation7.85 rad/s J2 Axis Rotation 6.63 rad/s J3 Axis Rotation 9.08 rad/s J4 Axis Rotation 9.60 rad/s J5 Axis Rotation 9.51 rad/s J6 Axis Rotation 17.45ras/s Max. load capacity Wrist: 4Kg Allowable Load moment 16.6 N-m at wrist J4 Axis, J5 Axis, J6 Axis Allowable Load inertia).47 kg-m² at wrist J4 Axis J5 Axis, J6 Axis Repeatability: +/- 0.05mm Mass: 21 Kg Minimum Installation environment: Ambient temperature: 0 – 45°C Ambient humidity: Normally 75%RH or less. No dew, nor frost allowed. Vibration Acceleration: 4.9 m/s2 (0.5G or less) 	1, 2, 3, 12
2.	6 Axis Articulated Robot (General Purpose- Welding, Assembly, Drilling) - 1 No	Link 1: 300 mm Link 2: 300 mm Joint actuator: DC Stepper Motor Transmission: Timing Belt Drive Position feedback: Proximity Switch Gripper actuator: Pneumatic Weight of robot: 50 Kg. Accuracy: ±0.3 Repeatability: ±0.2Tip Velocity range: 500 mm / minPay load capacity: 2 kg (including griper) J1 - Waist: ±140°J2 - Shoulder: -100 - 60°J3 - Elbow: -70 + 10°J4 - Wrist rotate: ±70°J5 - Wrist pitch: ±35°J6 - Wrist roll: ±180°External I/O8 Programmable digital inputs8 Programmable digitaloutputs	8, 9, 14
3.	A mounted vision system with software (Free open source Robot simulation software)	Integrity Serial Bus System, CAN to Build Intelligent Device Network, Open Hardware Platform, Arduino, to control Robot sub-Systems of motor-sensor, movable Omni Wheel of Omni-Directional, Actuator operation control by DC Encoder Motor, DC-Motor control and operation by Accelerometer, Gyro, Ultrasonic and PSD sensor, Androx Studio; brushless ILM 70×10 Robo Drive DC motor; sensor-actuator units of ARMAR-4; SD-25-160-2A-GR-BB	3, 4, 5, 11

S.No.	Name of Equipment,	Broad	Relevant
	Tools and Software	Specifications	Experiment/
			Practical
		Harmonic Drive reduction gear unit high gear ratio of 160: 1; structural parts (white) are made out of high-strength aluminum, Hollow shaft with strain gauges for torque sensing, motor's magnetic incremental encoder (AMS5306), digital buses (SPI or 12C); Motor interfacePCB includes a 13-Bit temperature-to-digital converter with a temperature range from -40°C to 125°C (Analog Devices ADT7302)	Number
4.	6-axis Robotics Trainer	Programmable robotic arm with an interactive frontpanel. Software to demonstrates functioning of the trainer as well as allows a user to develop their own programs. NV330; 8 bit microcontroller to ARM processors; Record and Play capability; Optional interfacing with PLC; Touch operated ON/OFF Switch; Auto set to home position; Applications can be developed; Data acquisition using USB	3, 4, 5, 13
5.	E-Yantra Firebird kit	Fire Bird V 2560 Robot	1, 3, 5, 6, 7, 10
	_ Tanta i ii con a nic	Spark V Robot	_, _, _, _, _, _,
		Fire Bird V P89V51RD2 adapter card	
		Fire Bird V LPC2148 adapter card	
		LSM303 3 axis digital accelerometer and 3 axes	
		magnetometers	
		L3G4200 3 axis digital gyroscope	
		 Gyroscope, accelerometer and GPS interfacing module for the robot 	
		GPS receiver	
		Zigbee Modules 100m range	
		Zigbee Modules Adapter	
		Metal-gear Servo Motors	
		Servo Motor Based Gripper kit for the Fire Bird V robot	
		Sharp infrared range sensor (10cm to 500cm)	
		Arduino Uno/Nano	
		Hexapod	
		 16 Programming Software (AVR studio, Keil, AVR Boot loader, Flash Magic) 	
6.	Robot simulator for Robotics	Educational networking licensed Robotic system with simulation software	2, 8, 10
7.	Assorted sensors	Optical encoders, Acoustic sensors ,IR, Potentiometer, RTD, Thermistor, strain gauge, piezoelectric, etc.	4
8.	Vision equipment	Camera, Imaging Components: Point, Line, Planar and Volume Sensors	1, 4, 10
9.	Raspberry Pi kit	1.2GHz quad-core Broadcom BCM2837 CPU with 1GB DDR2 RAM with in-built Wi-Fi & Bluetooth Video Core IV 3D graphics core 40 pin extended pins - with 27 GPIO pins Micro SD slot Multiple ports: Four USB ports, full sized HDMI, four pole stereo output and composite video port, CSI camera port and DSI display port 10/100 BaseT Ethernet Micro-USB, power source 5V, 2A	7, 9

R) Suggested Learning Resources:

(a) Books:

S. No.	Titles	Author(s)	Publisher and Edition with ISBN
1.	Introduction to Robotics Mechanics and Control	John Craig	Pearson Education 978-9356062191
2.	Robotics and controls	Mittal R.K., Nagrath I.J.	Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd.; 2017; 978 -0070482937
3.	Robotics and Image Processing: An Introduction	Janaki Raman. P. A	Tata McGraw Hill Publishing company Ltd., 1998; 978-0074621677
4.	Industrial Robotics -Technology, Programming and Applications	Nicholas Odrey, Mitchell Weiss, Mikell Groover Roger Nagel, Ashish Dutta	McGraw Hill Education; 2nd Edition; 978 -1259006210
5.	Robotic Engineering: an integrated approach	Richard D. Klafter, Thomas A. Thomas A. Chmielewski, Michael Negin	Prentice Hall of India, N. Delhi, 2009; 978-8120308428
6.	Industrial Robotics Technology, Programming and Applications	Mikell P. Groover, Mitchell Weiss, Roger N. Nagel, Nicholas G. Odrey	McGraw-Hill Education, Second Edition, 978-1259006210
7.	Robotics	Appuu Kuttan K. K.	Dreamtech Press, First Edition, 2020, 978-9389583281
8.	Introduction to Robotics: Analysis, Control, Applications	Saeed B. Niku	Wiley; Second Edition, 978-8126533121
9.	Essentials of Robotics Process Automation	S. Mukherjee	Khanna Publication, First Edition, 978- 9386173751
10.	Robotics	R R Ghorpade, M M Bhoomkar	Nirali Prakashan 978-9388897020
11.	Mechatronics: Engineering Fundamentals	Allie Weaver	Murphy & Moore Publishing 2022 ISBN 9781649872758
12.	Elements of Robotics	Greg Scott	States Academic Press 2022 ISBN 9781649649261
13.	Robotics: Design, Construction and Applications	Allie Weaver	Willford Press 2022 ISBN 9781682860944
14.	Modern Robotics: Mechanics, Systems and Control	Julian Evans	Larsen and Keller Education 2022 ISBN 9781641728515
15.	Introduction to Mechatronics	Randy Dodd	Larsen and Keller Education 2022 ISBN 9781641728493
16.	Introduction to Robotics	Julian Evans	Larsen and Keller Education 2022 ISBN 9781641728503

(b) Online Educational Resources:

- 1. https://web.iitd.ac.in/~saha/ethiopia/appln.pdf
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112105249
- **3.** https://www.robotsscience.com/industrial/industrial-robots-types-applications-benefits-and-future/
- **4.** https://www.marian.ac.in/public/images/uploads/pdf/online-class/MODULE-6%20ROBOTICS%20INDL_APPLNS-converted.pdf
- **5.** https://forcedesign.biz/blog/5-common-industrial-robot-applications
- **6.** https://www.hitechnectar.com/blogs/top-industrial-robotics-applications-role-of-robots-in-manufacturing/
- 7. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Industrial_robot

- 8. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fH4VwTgfyrQ
- 9. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=aW BM S0z4k
- **10.** https://www.automate.org/industry-insights/smarter-robot-grasping-with-sensors-software-the-cloud
- **11.** https://robots.ieee.org/robots/?t=all
- 12. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fc_Cynqr6jM

Note:

Teachers are requested to check the creative commons license status/ financial implications of the suggested OER, before use by the students.

(c) Others:

1. Learning Packages:

- https://www.edx.org/learn/robotics
- https://www.coursera.org/courses?query=robotics
- https://www.udemy.com/topic/robotics/
- https://library.e.abb.com/public/9a0dacfdec8aa03dc12578ca003bfd2a/Learn%20with%20ABB.
 %20Robotic%20package%20for%20education.pdf

2. Users' Guide:

- https://roboindia.com/store/DIY-do-it-your-self-educational-kits-robotics-embedded-systemelectronics
- https://www.robomart.com/diy-robotic-kits
- https://www.scientechworld.com/robotics

3. Lab Manuals:

- http://www-cvr.ai.uiuc.edu/Teaching/ece470/docs/ROS_LabManual.pdf
- https://www.jnec.org/labmanuals/mech/be/sem1/Final%20Year%20B.Tech-ROBOTICS%20LAB%20%20MANUAL.pdf

S) Course Curriculum Development Team (NITTTR, Bhopal)

- Dr. Nishith Dubey (Coordinator)
- Prof. (Mrs.) Susan S. Mathew (Co-Coordinator)
- Dr. Sharad Pradhan

BUILDING ELECTRIFICATION LABORATORY

(ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING GROUP)

Subject Code		PRACTICAL		Credits			
2020608A	No. of Periods Per Week			Full Marks	:	50	02
2020008A	L	Т	P/S	Internal (PA)	:	20	
	_	_	04	External (ESE)	:	30	

Course objectives:

The aim of this course is to help the student to attain the following industry identified competency through various teaching learning experiences:

• Design electrical installation systems in building complexes

CONTENTS: PRACTICAL

Practical's:

- 1. Prepare series testing board.
- 2. Select the electric wire using measuring and testing instruments for particular applications.
- 3. Identify cables of different current ratings.
- 4. Prepare wiring installation on a board showing control of one lamp, one fan and one socket from one switch board in PVC surface conduit wiring system.
- 5. Prepare wiring installation on aboard.
- 6. Control one lamp from two different places using PVC surface conduit wiring system.
- 7. Prepare wiring installation on a board. Control one lamp from three different places using PVC surface conduit wiring system.
- 8. Prepare wiring installation on aboard.
- 9. Perform go-down wiring for three blocks using PVC casing capping.
- 10. Design 2 BHK residential installation scheme and estimate the material required. And draw the details required for installation on A4 size sheet.
- 11. Test wiring installation using megger.

Course outcomes:

The theory, practical experiences and relevant soft skills associated with this course are to be taught and implemented, so that the student demonstrates the following industry-oriented COs associated with the above-mentioned competency:

- CO 1: Select accessories, wires, cables and wiring systems for electrification.
- CO 2: Design electrical wiring installation system for residential unit.
- CO 3: Design proper illumination scheme for residential unit.
- CO 4: Prepare wiring layouts on wiring board.
- CO 5: Locate and diagnose faults in electrical wiring installation.
- CO 6: Do proper earthing for building electrification.

TERM WORK SEMINAR

Subject Code	TERM WORK					Credits	
2020609	No. of Periods Per Week		ek	Full Marks	:	50	02
	L	T	P/S	Internal (PA)	:	15	
Ī	_	_	4	External (ESE)	:	35	
	_	_	_				

Course objectives:

A seminar is a form of academic instruction, either at an academic institution or offered by a commercial or professional organization. It has the function of bringing together small groups for recurring meetings, focusing each time on some particular subject, in which everyone present is requested to participate. This is often accomplished through an ongoing Socratic dialogue with a seminar leader or instructor, or through a more formal presentation of research. It is essentially a place where assigned readings are discussed, questions can be raised and debates can be conducted.

The term *seminar* is also used to describe a research talk, often given by a visiting researcher and primarily attended by academics, research staff, and postgraduate students. Seminars often occur in regular series, but each seminar is typically given by a different speaker, on a topic of that speaker's choosing. Such seminars are not usually a part of a course of study and are therefore not usually associated with any assessment or credit. The term *colloquium* is often used interchangeably with seminar in this sense.

TERM WORK (ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING GROUP) MAJOR PROJECT

Subject Code	TERM WORK						Credits
2020610	No. of Periods Per Week		Full Marks : 1		100	03	
	L	T	P/S	Internal (PA)	:	30	
1		_	6	External (ESE)	:	70	•
	_	_	_				•

Course objectives:

The projects if done right can help enthusiastic electrical engineering students to develop the skills/profile needed for an exciting career in core technologies. Since practical skills are very important to work on core industries, experts tend to analyse candidate's performance based on their project experience during the interviews.

These projects provide an excellent opportunity to learn and showcase your practical skills to your future interviewers easily. If spent qualitatively you can build a very innovative electrical project and get a great learning experience. By doing so, you will not only develop an innovative project but also develop valuable skills needed for a successful career in core technologies related to electrical engineering. The best way to master a subject is by doing projects. Through a project you not only get a deeper understanding of the subject but also gain hands-on practical experience. If you are looking to do internships in college, the best way to catch the companies' attention is through projects.

Projects are generally done as a combined team effort. Two or more students work under a guide or a staff to get a certain result. By doing a project, you will

- Understand your subject better
- Get practical experience
- Chance to showcase your skills
- Learn about team work, communication skills and responsibilities

When companies look for interns, they prefer students who have good understanding of the subject with at least some hands on experience. The best to achieve both is by doing projects.

There is no fixed time to do a project. You can do it right from your first year in college. If you are looking to do a technical project, then the best time to start would be mid second year. It's not mandatory that you do many projects but make sure that you at least do one project. A lot of students tend to do few small projects from their second year and do a big project in their final year. By showcasing your projects, you can even look for internships while in college.

You can do any kind of projects based on your interests or subjects. The best way to go about this is to figure out what you are interested in. So the first step is to find your interest and then do projects in your area of interest.

Find your area of interest and then do a project in that field.

You can start by exploring different areas and then pick the field in which you are interested in. You can learn more about it and start working on small problems.

Few examples:

1.HomeAutomationusingIoT

2.BatteryManagement SystemusingArduino

3. Smart Energy Meter using GSM	4. Implementation of a Web of Things Based Smart Grid to Remotely Monitor and			
	Control Panayable Energy Sources			
5. Home Automation System	Renewable Energy Sources 6. Enerbee - Example of an Advanced			
5. Home Automation System	Metering			
	Infrastructure based on Zigbee			
7. Solar & Smart Energy Systems	8. Power Factor Metering System using			
	Arduino			
9. Automatic Solar Tracker	10.UsingArduinoDevelopment Platform in			
	the			
	Diagnosis of AC Electrical Machines			
11.ArduinoProjects	12.DesignandImplementationof Real Time			
	Transformer Health Monitoring System using			
10 C . F . D	Gsm Technology			
13.Smart EnergyProjects	14.DesignandImplementationofanAdvanced			
	Security System - Invisible Eye (Power			
15 DCD Manufacturing	Saving System)			
15.PCB Manufacturing	16.FootStepbasedPower			
	GenerationandMulti- Purpose			
17.MATLABfor Engineers	Optimization 18.Universal Electrical Power			
17.MATLABIOI Eligilieers	Generation and Multipurpose			
	Optimization–Solar, Windand			
	Rain			
19.Digital Signal Processing	20. Electrical SubstationScrutinizingand			
using	Controlling Device from Remote Area			
MATLAB	5			
21.SimscapeElectrical usingMATLAB	22. Wireless Power Transmission			
23.ImageProcessingusingMATLAB	24. Transformer Industrial Parameters Management			
	Control System andIntimation toElectricity			
	Board			
25.Advanced Image Processing	26.OnlineSpeedControl ofDCMotorwithHigh			
using MATLAB	Speed Network			
27.Digital Signal Processing	28.EnergyScrutinySystemwith AutoLoad			
using				
Python 20 Circuit Designwith Protous	20 Tollring Energy Motor			
29.Circuit DesignwithProteus 31.PCB Design and Simulation with	30.Talking Energy Meter 32.MicroControllerbasedIntelligent Multi Timer			
KiCAD	System for Industrial Automation			
33. Lab VIEW for Engineers	34. Auto Digital-Speed Indicator with Speed			
25. Euc VIE W for Engineers	Control			
35. PLC Programming for Engineers	36. GSM and PIR Sensor based Light Controller			
	and			
	Networked Safety System			
37. Smart Traffic Lighting System	38. Electric Field and Ultrasonic Sensor			
20. 4	based Security System			
39. Automation using PLC	40.Mobile Controlled DC Motor Speed			
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TERM WORK Course Under MOOCS/ NPTEL/OTHERS

Subject Code	TERM WORK						Credits
2020611	No. of Periods Per Week		Full Marks : 50		50	01	
	L	Т	P/S	Internal (PA)	:	20	
	_	_	2	External (ESE)	:	30	
	_	_	_				